ANADROMOUS FISH SURVEYS WITHIN THE BROOKS EAST CORRIDOR SURVEY AREA, ALASKA

Prepared for

DOWL HKM

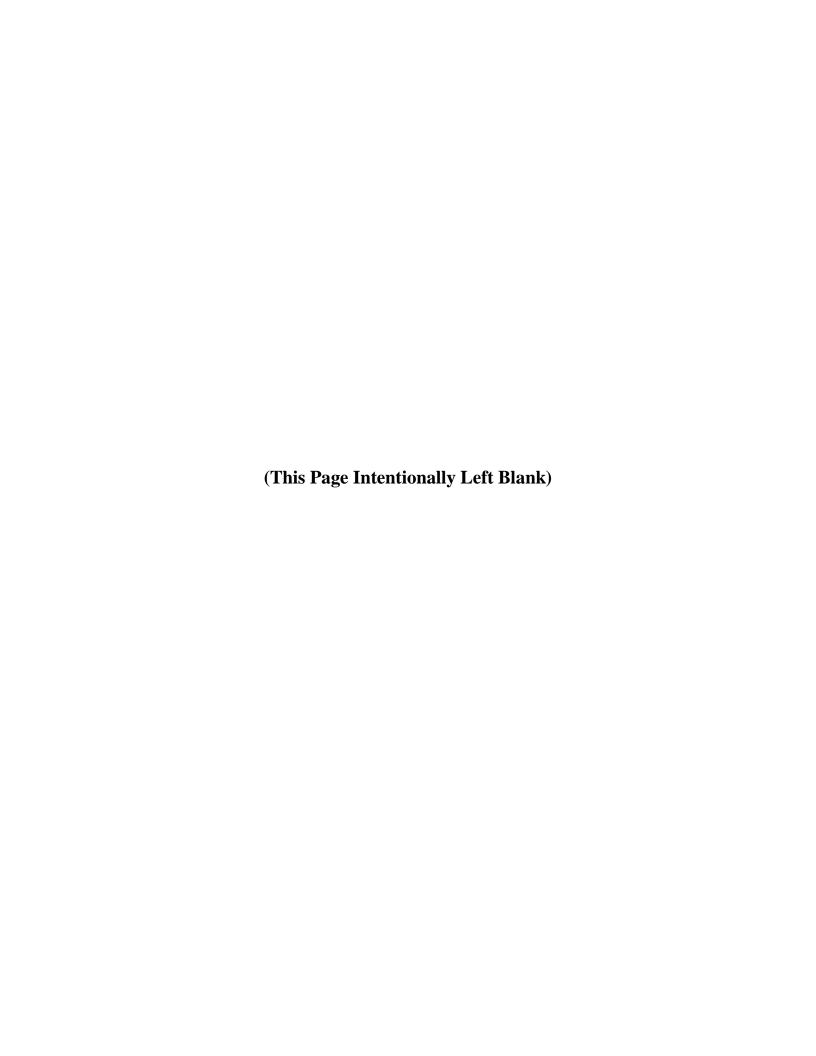
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- With the Ambler Mining District Access project, the State of Alaska proposes to identify, design, and construct an access and transportation corridor to the Ambler mineral belt.
- The Brooks East corridor, which extends east from the Ambler mineral belt through
 Bettles to the Dalton Highway, is being evaluated as a potential corridor. Empirical data
 documenting the distribution of anadromous fish species within the Brooks East Corridor
 survey area are limited.
- The objectives of the current survey were to: 1) document the distribution of anadromous fish species within Brooks East Corridor survey area; and 2) provide updated, spatially-explicit fish distribution data.
- Surveys to determine the presence of anadromous fish species within water bodies of the Brooks East Corridor survey area were conducted in July and September 2012. Field sampling was conducted 13–26 July 2012. Additional field sampling was conducted within Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve 4–9 September 2012.
- Along the proposed corridor route, 40 major stream or river crossings were identified. Another 3 crossings occurred along the northern option (through the Mauneluk River Valley) and 7 along the southern option (through the Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve) for a total of 50 potential major stream crossings. In some cases, the same water body crossed the proposed routes more than once. In July and September 2012, fish sampling or observations were recorded at 65 survey reaches associated with these major stream crossings.
- Anadromous adult or juvenile Pacific Salmon (Chinook, Coho, and Chum Salmon) were
 observed or sampled at 15 survey reaches associated with at least 9 majorstream
 crossings. Over all survey reaches, 178 km of anadromous stream will be nominated for
 inclusion in the AWC records for Pacific Salmon in the Brooks East Corridor project
 area.
- Dolly Varden were sampled at 15 survey reaches associated with at least8 major stream crossings. Over all survey reaches, 268 km of stream will be nominated for inclusion in the AFFI for Dolly Varden in the Brooks East Corridor project area.

•	Spawning areas for Chum Salmon were documented in the Upper Kobuk River subbasin
	the Alatna River subbasinand in the Koyukuk Flats subbasin. Spawning Chinook salmon
	were observed in an unnamed tributary to the Alatna River in the Alatna River watershed.

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

DOWL HKM Environmental Specialist Jessica Christianson accompanied the ABR survey crew during the reconnaissance survey and field sampling trips. Her assistance with trip and survey logistics, permitting, and field sampling was greatly appreciated and contributed to the success of this survey. Pilot Karl Terry of the Bristow Group Inc. provided safe transport to and from the survey reaches for the majority of the field sampling. His knowledge of the survey area and assistance with survey logistics was also greatly appreciated and contributed to the success of this survey. Jay and Judy Jespersen of Brooks Range Aviation provided storage for field sampling gear while the crew was stationed in Bettles, Alaska. Accommodations were provided by the Bettles Lodge and the NOVAGOLD Dahl Creek Camp. ABR Biological Technicians Liz Miner and Matthew Apling assisted with the reconnaissance survey and field sampling.

INTRODUCTION

With the Ambler Mining District Access project, the State of Alaska proposes to identify, design, and construct an access and transportation corridor to the Ambler mineral belt. Of the 8 preliminary corridors that are being evaluated, one has been selected for field work in preparation for the future NEPA process. This corridor, referred to as Brooks East, extends east from the Ambler mineral belt through Bettles to the Dalton Highway.

Anadromous fish have been documented in portions of the Brooks East Corridor project area in the Anadromous Waters Catalog (AWC) maintained by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADFG 2012a). A number of tributaries to these larger rivers are assumed to support anadromous fish species based on a GIS analysis of locations and stream gradients. However, limited data are available on the distribution of anadromous fish at proposed river crossings for the Brooks East Corridor.

DOWL HKM contracted ABR, Inc.—Environmental Research & Services (ABR) to conduct surveys to assess use of the Brooks East Corridor survey area by anadromous fish. The focus of this effort was to sample for the presence or absence of anadromous fish species in those streams that would be crossed by the proposed corridor. Field surveys were timed to coincide with the period when multiple species of Pacific Salmon were likely to be found on the spawning grounds and during which other facultatively anadromous species such as Dolly Varden Char (Salvelinus malma) were likely to be present in streams in the Brooks East Corridor survey area.

BACKGROUND

Salmon and other anadromous fish migrate from natal fresh waters to salt water and return to fresh waters to spawn. Anadromous fish import marine-derived nutrients and energy into fresh waters, frequently playing an important role in enriching otherwise unproductive aquatic and adjacent terrestrial ecosystems (Cederholm et al. 1999). The maintenance of properly functioning and connected aquatic habitats, along with proper management of harvests, is critical to preserving sustained yields of anadromous fish, as required by the Alaska Constitution.

Consequently, in Alaska, habitats that are used by migrating, spawning, or rearing anadromous fish are protected under multiple administrative jurisdictions (Buckwalter 2010).

Alaska Statute (AS) 16.05.877 (the Anadromous Fish Act) affords special protection to waterbodies used by anadromous fish for migration, spawning, and/or rearing. The Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADFG) records anadromous fish data in "The Catalog of Waters Important for the Spawning, Rearing or Migration of Anadromous Fishes," known as the Anadromous Waters Catalog (AWC) (ADFG 2012b).

The Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act is federal legislation designed to protect Essential Fish Habitat (EFH) for federally managed species, including freshwater habitats used by anadromous salmon. The responsible agency is the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries), which relies on the AWC to designate waterbodies in Alaska to be managed as EFH. It is critical that water bodies used by anadromous fish are listed in the AWC, as only these listed water bodies are afforded state and federal protected status with consequent permit requirements and related liabilities. The following survey was conducted with the notion that the state and federal permits necessary to proceed with the Ambler Mining District Access Project will require knowledge of potential impacts on any fish bearing waterbodies that may be traversed by the project corridor.

OBJECTIVES

Objective 1: Document the distribution of anadromous fish within Brooks East Corridor survey area

Objective 2: Provide updated, spatially-explicit fish distribution data

STUDY AREA

The Brooks East Corridor crosses 7 subbasins (subbasins are based on the 8th level Hydrological Unit Code (HUC) boundaries; USGS, NRCS, and EPA[http://nhd.usgs.gov/]): the Middle Kobuk River, Upper Kobuk River, Alatna River, Allakaket, Upper Koyukuk River, Koyukuk Flats and South Fork Koyukuk River subbasins (Table 1, Figure 1). The proposed corridor crosses 19 watersheds (watersheds are based on the 10th level HUC boundaries) (Table 1, Figure 1). Within the project corridor there are 2 proposed alternative routes: the Northern Road Alternative which passes entirely within the "Outlet Mauneluk River" watershed and the Southern Road Alternative which traverses the Beaver Creek, Reed River, Kobuk Canyon—

Kobuk River, Headwaters Hogatza River, Chebanika Creek–Alatna River and Helpmejack Creek–Alatna River watersheds (Figure 1).

METHODS

RECONNAISSANCE AND DESIGNATION OF SURVEY REACHES

A 5-day reconnaissance survey was conducted 8–12 June 2012. The primary goal of the reconnaissance survey was to identify stream and river crossing locations for sampling in July and September. ABR biologists were assisted by Environmental Specialist Jessica Christianson (DOWL HKM) and local Subsistence Advisor Allen A. Tickett. Helicopter support was provided by Bristow Group, Inc., through an arrangement with the State of Alaska. A Bell 407 helicopter was used for the majority of the survey. Potential stream and river crossing locations were systematically evaluated and fish survey reaches were established during the 5-day survey.

ABR and DOWL HKM staff met in Bettles, Alaska, on 7 June 2012. After reviewing maps and discussing logistics, it was determined that the initial survey should include a flight along the entire proposed corridor route. On 8 June 2012, the crew flew from the eastern edge of the project area near the Jim River, along the northernmost proposed route alternative, to the western edge of the project area near the Ambler River. During the flight, Jessica Christianson of DOWL HKM noted proposed major stream crossing locations, which ABR biologists recorded in booklets of 10 sequential aerial photo maps of the corridor that were provided by DOWL HKM (Appendix A). The major stream crossings had previously been documented by DOWL HKM officials as possible bridge crossings (DOWL HKM personal communication).

Major stream crossing locations were numbered 0–39 from west to east along the proposed route, N1 to N3 along the northern alternative through the Mauneluk River valley, and S1 to S7 along the southern alternative through Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve (Table 1; Figure 2). At each major stream crossing location, the most suitable survey reach was selected based on visual inspection of the stream or river from the air and the accessibility and proximity to a safe landing zone. These factors significantly affected the proximity of survey reaches to crossing locations. Once a survey reach was identified, its location was recorded electronically with a handheld GPS unit (Garmin 78s).

The survey team made every attempt to document physical habitat parameters at each survey reach. However, due to factors such as weather and helicopter duty-hour constraints this practice was omitted at some survey reaches (See Appendix Table B). The recorded habitat paramaters included wetted width, bankfull width, channel gradient, habitat unit composition (e.g., pools, glides, and/or riffles), and the dominant substrate. Water chemistry parameters were measured in each survey reach and included water temperature, dissolved oxygen saturation, dissolved oxygen concentration, conductivity, specific conductance, and pH (Appendix Table B). If the reach was near a tributary junction with a mainstem river, water chemistry parameters were measured in both the mainstem river and the tributary stream. Photographs of the survey reach also were taken, looking upstream and downstream from the water chemistry monitoring point.

During the June reconnaissance, helicopter landing permits had not yet been acquired and thus no landings were permitted in Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve. The survey team documented as much information as possible from the air at potential survey reaches located in the Park. This information included an assessment of the likelihood of fish communities being present in any given survey reach once the survey team returned during July or September. Data gathered during the reconnaissance survey, including antidotal information provided by Subsistence Advisors Allen A. Tickett and MacArthur L. Tickett, were used to prioritize survey reaches for field sampling in July and September 2012. The survey team agreed that the July field sampling effort would focus first on the northernmost proposed road route in areas where data on anadromous fish species were most limited, generally west of the Kobuk River.

FIELD SAMPLING

Fish surveys were conducted in waterbodies of the Brooks East Corridor survey area in July and September 2012. The initial survey effort concentrated on the northernmost proposed route. During these surveys a number of passive and active sampling methods were implemented and included minnow-trapping, backpack electrofishing surveys, small-handled dipnetting and visual observations from the ground and air.

Minnow traps were deployed in the majority of survey reaches. Each minnow trap was baited with raw salmon eggs in a clear, perforrated ziploc bag which was fastened to the inside of

the trap with twine. Raw salmon eggs were disinfected by soaking in a 1/100 Betadyne solution for 10 minutes prior to use. Once baited, the traps were deployed within various habitat types to ensure the highest probability of capture if juvenile fish were present (i.e., under cut banks, near larger woody debris, in deep pools, etc.). In most survey reaches, 3 minnow traps were deployed, but as many as 5 were deployed in larger streams and rivers. Minnow traps deployed within a survey reach were left to soak overnight. The following day, the survey crew relocated and checked each trap, removed any captured fish, and placed them in a holding bucket containing cool, well-oxygenated stream water. All sampled fish were identified to species, measured (salmonids: fork length; other species: total length), and released within the survey reach. In many cases, juvenile Coho Salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch) and Chinook Salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha) were difficult to differentiate due to the overlap in external morphological characteristics between the 2 species that may result in misidentification in the field. Such fish were documented in the field as undifferentiated juvenile Coho Salmon/Chinook Salmon, photographed and/or collected as a voucher specimen for later identification in the lab. These photographs and voucher specimens were later identified to species with the assistance of the USGS. Alaska Science Center.

Backpack electrofishing methods were based on those used by ADFG for inventory and cataloging of anadromous fish throughout Alaska (Buckwalter 2010). In reaches where backpack electrofishing was the primary sampling method, a survey reach was established with a length equivalent to 40 wetted channel widths or 150 m, whichever was greater (up to 300 m). This reach length ensured adequate sampling in both smaller and larger wadeable streams. The backpack electrofishing unit settings were adjusted prior to sampling based on the conductivity of water in each reach (Buckwalter 2010). The survey crew of either 2 or 3 people began the survey at the downstream end of the reach and proceeded upstream while electrofishing. The crew moved diagonally across the channel from bank to bank to sample all habitat types present. Fish were collected using dip nets and placed in a holding bucket containing cool, well-oxygenated stream water. The water in the holding bucket was refreshed periodically to reduce physiological stress caused by warm water temperatures or low dissolved oxygen saturation. All sampled fish were identified to species, enumerated, measured, and released live downstream of

the sampling location. Backpack electrofishing methods were not employed in stream reaches where adult fish were observed.

Voucher fish specimens were retained and preserved in 95% ethanol. Specimens were shipped to the ABR laboratory in Anchorage, AK, where they were transferred to 10% buffered formalin. Each fish specimen was verified to species and retained. Most specimens were <40 mm total length. Additionally, because anadromy cannot be assumed for Dolly Varden, particularly this far inland, in reaches where Dolly Varden were present, two specimens were retained to be made available to the National Park Service or other state or federal agencies for otolith analysis (to investigate anadromy), if required. For AWC nomination, ADFG requires supporting information to substantiate the contention that Dolly Varden are anadromous for any given nominated water body (e.g., otolith chemistry analysis) (Buckwalter 2010). For the purposes of this analysis, ABR treated Dolly Varden as potentially anadromous because they have the potential to go to marine waters. ABR made a distinction between salmonids by categorizing them as known anadromous Pacific Salmon or facultatively anadromous Dolly Varden. Dolly Varden bearing streams in this survey will be nominated to the Alaska Freshwater Fish Index (AFFI) which is managed along with the AWC by ADFG.

RESULTS

Water chemistry, habitat, and fish sampling data from all survey trips, including the June reconnaissance survey, are presented in Appendix B and C. During all sampling periods, water quality data were collected a total of 93 times at 62 distinct survey reaches (Appendix B). Fieldsampling was conducted 13–26 July 2012 at sites outside of Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve and 4–9 September 2012 at sites within the Park. During the 14-day field sampling period in July 2012, 56 survey reaches were sampled in 42 different waterbodies. During the 5-day field sampling period conducted in September 2012, 9 survey reaches were sampled in 7 different water bodies.

A total of 65 survey reaches were established during 2012 surveys (Figure 3). Fish were present in 56 of 65 survey reaches sampled in the project area (Table 1). A total of 8 species of fish were observed in the project area, including Coho Salmon, Chinook Salmon Chum Salmon (*Oncorhynchus keta*), Dolly Varden, Arctic Grayling (*Thymallus arcticus*), Northern Pike (*Esox*

lucius), Burbot (Lota lota), and Slimy Sculpin (Cottus cognatus) (Table 2). Pacific Salmon were observed in 14 of the 65 (22%) survey reaches sampled (Table 2; Figure 4). Dolly Varden were observed in 15 of 65 (23%) survey reaches sampled (Table 2; Figure 5). Slimy Sculpin was the most prevalent species observed during surveys, found in 38 of the 65 (58%) survey reaches Table 2; Figure 6). The next most prevalent species was Arctic Grayling, observed in 19 of the 65 (29%) survey reaches (Table 2; Figure 7). Small numbers of Burbot and Northern Pike were also found during surveys (Table 2: Figure 6).

CHUM SALMON

A total of 9 juvenile Chum Salmon were observed in 4 of 65 (6%) survey reaches (Table 2). The average fork length of 9 juvenile Chum Salmon was 47 mm (range 36–58 mm) (Appendix C). Juvenile Chum Salmon were observed in the Mauneluk River and an unnamed tributary of the Mauneluk River (UN29 and MN02), in the Reed River (RD03) and in an unnamed tributary to the Malamute Fork of the Alatna River (UN14) (Table 1; Figure 4). All individuals were sampled in low gradient (<1%) backwater habitats or in isolated pools within mid-channel gravel bars using either dipnets or backpack electrofishers. Adult Chum Salmon were observed in 5 of 65 survey reaches (8%) (Table 2). Adult chum salmon were observed in an unnamed tributary of the Alatna River (UN25a) and an unnamed tributary to the Mauneluk River (UN30), the Reed River (RD04), the Kobuk River (KB01) and the Hogatza River (HG01) (Table 1; Figure 4).

COHO SALMON

A total of 19 juvenile Coho Salmon were captured in 6 of 65 survey reaches (%)using a combination of electrofishers, minnow traps and dipnets (Tables 1 and 2; Appendix C). The average fork length of these 19 fish was 56 mm (range 46–69 mm) (Appendix C). Juvenile Coho Salmon were observed in unnamed tributaries of the Malamute Fork Alatna River (UN14 and UN15), Malamute Fork John River (UN17), and Jim River (UN19 and UN24) as well as in Tobuk Creek (TB01) (Table 1; Figure 4). No adult Coho Salmon were observed during 2012 surveys.

CHINOOK SALMON

Juvenile Chinook Salmon were electrofished in 2 of 65 survey reaches (3%) (Table 2). One individual was caught in Tobuk Creek and another in an unnamed tributary to the Jim River

(Table 1; Appendix C). Spawning adult Chinook Salmon were observed on the Alatna River (UN25b) (Figure 4).

DOLLY VARDEN

Dolly Varden were observed in 15 of the 65 survey reaches (23%) and 15 of 48 water bodies sampled (Table 2; Figure 5). The average fork length of the 80 Dolly Varden captured was 110 mm (range 69–168 mm) (Appendix C). Dolly Varden were observed in the western portion of the survey area; the easternmost extent of the observed distribution was in the Alatna River subbasin in an unnamed tributary to Helpmejack Creek (UN16) (Figure 5). Juvenile Dolly Varden were caught in minnow traps in 13 of the 15 survey reaches where Dolly Varden were observed, while backpack electrofishing methods were used to sample an additional 2 reaches (UN26 and UN31) (Table 1; Appendix C).

ANADROMOUS SPECIES IN SUBBASINS AND WATERSHEDS

MIDDLE KOBUK RIVER

The proposed Brooks East Corridor crosses the Outlet Ambler River and Shungnak River watersheds in the Middle Kobuk River subbasin (Figure 1). While sampling did occur in the Shungnak River watershed, no sampling occurred in the Outlet Ambler River watershed. Sampling did occurr in the Headwater Ambler River watershed nestled between those two watersheds to the north. Though this watershed is not crossed by the proposed road corridor, its waters are accessible to fish moving throughout all three watersheds. Previous AWC survey work found Chum Salmon, Dolly Varden and undifferentiated whitefish at locations on the Ambler River and its tributary, the Redstone River (Figures 4 and 8). No Pacific Salmon were observed at survey reaches associated with this subbasin during 2012 surveys. However, Dolly Varden were observed well upstream of crossing 0 on Ulaneak Creek (UL01) in the Headwater Ambler River watershed, an extension of the range recorded for Dolly Varden by the AFFI of 8 km (Table 3; Figure 5).

UPPER KOBUK RIVER

The Brooks East Corridor crosses 7 watersheds in the Upper Kobuk River subbasin; the Kogoluktuk River, Outlet Mauneluk River, Selby River, Beaver Creek, Reed River, Kobuk

Canyon–Kobuk River, and Headwaters Kobuk River watersheds (Figure 1). The proposed route has 19 major stream crossings within this subbasin (crossings 3–21), 12 of which were associated with nearby survey reaches (Table 1; Figure 2). Prior to the current survey, Chum Salmon, Dolly Varden and undifferentiated whitefish had been documented downstream of the proposed major road crossing on the mainstem of the Kogoluktuk River (crossing 4; AWC 331-00-10490-2307). Chum Salmon and undifferentiated whitefish were documented downstream of the proposed major crossing on the Mauneluk River (crossing 9; AWC 331-00-10490-2335). Chum Salmon were found south of the Selby River (crossing 11; AWC 331-00-10490-2387) and downstream of major crossings on Beaver Creek (crossing 13; AWC 331-00-10490-2437). Chum, King and Pink Salmon as well as Dolly Varden, Sheefish and undifferentiated whitefish have been documented on the mainstem Kobuk River (AWC 331-00-10490) (Figures 4 and 8).

During 2012 surveys, a total of 7 juvenile Chum Salmon were collected using electrofishing techniques in 3 survey reaches (MN02, RD03, UN29) in an unnamed tributary to the Mauneluk River as well as the Mauneluk River and the Reed River in the Upper Kobuk River subbasin. An additional 4 adult Chum Salmon spawning areas were observed in 3 survey reaches (KBO1, RD04, UN30) in the Kobuk River, Reed River and an unnamed tributary to the Mauneluk River (Plates 1–5) (Figure 4; Appendix C). In total, these observations fish add an additional 95 km of stream habitat to the AWC (Table 3). Salmon occurred at survey reaches associated with 3 crossings in the Upper Kobuk River subbasin (crossings 9, 16 and 19).

Dolly Varden were observed in 12 survey reaches (UN03, UN04, UN05, UN06, UN10, UN26, UN31, UN34, UN35, UN37, CN01 and RI01) associated with 6 proposed crossings (1, 5, 9, 11, 15 and S3) within the Upper Kobuk River subbasin (Table 1, Figure 5). The 68 Dolly Varden captured in this subbasin averaged 111 mm (range 69–168 mm). All Dolly Varden were caught with either minnow traps or electrofishing techniques. The majority of these fish (n = 47) were caught in survey reaches associated with unnamed tributaries to the Mauneluk River (Appendix C). These observations represent an additional 218.7 km of streams available to Dolly Varden to be added to the AFFI (Table 3).

KOYUKUK FLATS

The southern corridor option crosses only 1 watershed in the Koyukuk Flats subbasin, the Hogatza Hills-River watershed. Previously, Chum, Coho and Chinook Salmon as well as undifferentiated whitefish have been documented on the Hogatza River (AWC 334-40-11000-2125-3355), a considerable distance downstream of the 2012 survey area and just upstream of that point in an unnamed tributary (AWC 334-40-11000-2125-3355-4556). In 2012, adult spawning Chum Salmon were observed just downstream of the proposed major crossing S6 at a survey reach on the Hogatza River (HG01) (Figure 4; Plate 6). This point represents an addition of 27 km of salmon stream habitat to the AWC. No Dolly Varden were documented in the Koyukuk Flats subbasin during 2012 surveys.

ALATNA RIVER

The proposed corridor route crosses 4 watersheds in the Alatna River subbasin (Helpmejack Creek-Alatna River, Chebanika Creek-Alatna River, Tobuk Creek and Malamute Fork Alatna River) with 10 major stream crossings (22-30 and S7) (Figure 1). Survey reaches were located on streams associated with 3 major crossings in the Alatna River subbasin (S7, 24, 25) and included HelpmeJack Creek and its unnamed tributaries as well as the Alatna River, Koyukuk River, Malamute Fork Alatna River and Bedrock Creek (Figures 4 and 8). Chum and Chinook Salmon were previously documented at the confluence of the Alatna River and the Malamute Fork of the Alatna River (AWC 334-40-11000-2125-3661-4100) downstream of proposed crossing 24. Chum and Chinook Salmon were also documented at the confluence of Mettenpherg Creek and the Malamute Fork of the Alatna River (AWC Code 334-40-11000-2125-33661-5055) (Figures 4 and 8).

During 2012 surveys, juvenile Coho and Chum Salmon were captured using dipnets at a survey reach (UN14) in an unnamed tributary to the Malamute Fork Alatna River upstream of crossing 25 (Figure 4). These anadromous fish observations will add only a minor amount (>0.1 km) of stream habitat to the AWC but do serve to identify the outlet of this unnamed tributary as a potential starting point for future surveys. Juvenile Coho and Chinook Salmon were captured using electrofishers at survey reach TBO1, also upstream of crossing 25. An additional 1.8 km of stream habitat will be added to the AWC for anadromous salmon. Juvenile Coho Salmon were

collected in minnow traps on another unnamed tributary to the Malamute Fork Alatna River associated with crossing 25 (UN15) adding another 0.15 km to the AWC (Table 3).

Chum and Chinook salmon spawning areas were visually observed from the air during surveys of an unnamed tributary to the Alatna River (UN25a and UN25b) associated with crossing 24 (Figure 4). The Chum Salmon spawning (UN25a) area was located less than 1 km upstream of the confluence of the unnamed tributary with the mainstem Alatna River and extended approximately 100 m upstream (Figure 4; Plates 7 and 8). The Chinook Salmon spawning area was documented approximately 1.8 km upstream (UN25b) (Figure 4; Plates 9 and 10). In total, these two observations of salmon spawning will add another 53.7 km of stream habitat to the AWC (Table 3; Figure 4).

Juvenile Dolly Varden were collected with electrofishers and minnow traps in 2 survey reaches upstream of the S7 crossing and which ultimately flow into the Alatna River. These survey reaches were located in an unnamed tributary (UN16) to Helpmejack Creek as well as Helpmejack Creek itself (HJ01). Together, these observations will add 41.5 km of stream habitat to the AFFI for Dolly Varden (Table 3).

ALLAKAKET

The proposed route crosses two watersheds in the Allakaket subbasin (East Fork Henshaw Creek and Hawzerah Creek-Koyukuk River watersheds) (Figure 1). The proposed corridor route runs along the boundary between the northern portion of the Allakaket subbasin and the southern portion of the Upper Koyukuk River subbasin, occasionally reentering the Allakaket subbasin in the Hawzerah Creek-Koyukuk River watershed. However, no major stream crossings were identified on the Allakaket subbasin for the proposed corridor and thus only limited sampling occured in the subbasin (Table 1; Figure 1). Chum Salmon have previously been documented in East Fork Henshaw Creek (AWC 334-40-11000-2125-3701-4080) and Chum, Coho, Chinook and Sockeye Salmon as well as Sheefish and undifferentiated whitefish have been observed within the mainstem Koyukuk River in the Hawzerah Creek-Koyukuk River watershed (Figures 4 and 8). No Pacific Salmon or Dolly Varden were captured during limited 2012 sampling at the single survey reach (SZ01) in the East Fork Henshaw Creek watershed in East Fork Sozhekla Creek (Table 1; Appendix C).

UPPER KOYUKUK RIVER

The proposed route follows the southern boundary of the Upper Koyukuk River subbasin. Three major stream crossings were identified in the Upper Koyukuk River subbasin (32–34) (Figures 1 and 2). Although it crosses 3 watersheds, proposed major stream crossings only occur in 2, the Malemute Fork John River watershed and Timber Creek John River watershed. Minnow trapping and dipnetting were conducted at just one survey reach (UN17) and yielded juvenile Coho Salmon (Figure 4; Appendix C). The proposed major crossings of the Koyukuk River (33) and a side channel of the Koyukuk River (34) are the largest proposed crossings in the subbasin. Sampling reaches were not established in relation to these major crossings because anadromous fish presence had been previously documented upstream of each crossing on the Koyukuk River and most of its major tributaries (Figures 4 and 8).

SOUTH FORK KOYUKUK RIVER

At the east end of the Brooks East Corridor, the proposed road corridor enters the South Fork Koyukuk River subbasin, traversing portions of 3 different watersheds (Lower South Fork Koyukuk River, Middle South Fork Koyukuk River, and Jim River watersheds). The eastern terminus of the proposed corridor at the Dalton Highway lies just inside a fourth watershed, Prospect Creek. Five major stream crossings were identified in the South Fork Koyukuk River subbasin (35-39) and 4 crossings were associated with nearby survey reaches (survey reaches were not established near crossing 37 because AWC records document anadromous fish presence upstream at numerous locations. Prior to the current survey, the presence of anadromous salmon was documented upstream of proposed major stream crossing 39 on the mainstem of the Jim River (AWC 334-40-11000-2125-3740-4080). A total of 11 juvenile Coho Salmon and 1 juvenile Chinook Salmon were captured using electrofisers at 2 survey reaches (UN19 and UN24) on unnamed tributaries of the Jim River. Both survey reaches were upstream of locations previously recorded, adding 0.12 km to the AWC. No Dolly Varden were observed in this subbasin.

SUMMARY

Field surveys documenting the distribution of anadromous fish species within the Brooks East Corridor survey area has been limited to date. Stream surveys documented in this report represent only a small portion of available waters in the project area, but illustrate an efficient, practical method for sampling many waterbodies in a short period of time todocument anadromous fish bearing waters in large and remote areas of Alaska. These methods, largely developed by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, have played an important role in managing fishery resources in Alaska.

Anadromous Pacific Salmon species were observed in 15 of the 65 survey reaches (23%) and 9 of 17 watersheds surveyed (53%) within the survey area, adding 178 km of stream stream habitat to the AWC (Table 3; Figure 8). These segments provide spawning, rearing, and/or migration habitats for anadromous salmon. Spawning areas were documented in 3 subbasins (Upper Kobuk River, Alatna River, and Koyukuk Flats subbasins) on unnamed tributaries to the Alatna River and the Mauneluk River and mainstem Reed River, Kobuk River, and Hogatza River. Spawing chum salmon occurred in all of these sites, while spawning Chinook salmon were observed only in an unnamed tributary to the Alatna River. Juvenile salmon were documented in the Mauneluk River and tributaries, the Reed River, unnamed tributaries to the Malamute Fork of the Alatna River the Koyukuk River, Tobuk Creek and unnamed tributaries to the Jim River. Dolly Varden occurred in 15 of the 65 survey reaches (23%), adding 268 km of stream to the AFFI. Dolly Varden were observed only in the Middle Kobuk River, Upper Kobuk River, and Alatna River subbasins.

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- Cedarholm, J. C., M. D.Kunze, T. Murota, and A. Sibatani. 1999. Pacific salmon carcasses: Essential contributions of nutrients and energy for aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems. Fisheries 24(10): 6–15.

Table 1. Waterbodies in 7 subbasins and 19 watersheds crossed by the proposed Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, and the presence or absence of fish species observed during summer 2012 sampling. Each survey reach is associated with a nearby stream crossing number along the proposed access corridor (see Figures 2 and 3).

SUBBASIN										
Watershed	Waterbody	Tributary to	Survey Reach	Crossing Number	Date	Latitude	Longitude	Pacific Salmon	Dolly Varden	Other Fish
ALATNA RIVER										
Helpmejack Creek-Alatna River	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	HJ01	S7	7/16/2012	67.05835	-153.79528	No	Yes	No
Helpmejack Creek-Alatna River	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	HJ02	S7	7/16/2012	67.04015	-153.66203	No	No	GRAY
Helpmejack Creek-Alatna River	Unnamed trib	Helpmejack Creek	UN16	S7	7/16/2012	67.04146	-153.66153	No	Yes	SLSC
Helpmejack Creek-Alatna River	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	AL01	24	7/23/2012	67.18136	-153.48386	No	No	SLSC
Helpmejack Creek-Alatna River	Unnamed trib	Alatna River	UN25a	24	7/23/2012	67.22524	-153.55644	CHUM	No	No
Helpmejack Creek-Alatna River	Unnamed trib	Alatna River	UN25b	24	7/23/2012	67.22868	-153.59320	KING	No	No
Malamute Fork Alatna River	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork Alatna River	UN13	25	7/16/2012	67.06966	-153.11984	No	No	SLSC
Malamute Fork Alatna River	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork Alatna River	UN14	25	7/16/2012	67.11074	-152.93070	COHO, CHUM	No	No
Malamute Fork Alatna River	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork Alatna River	UN15	25	7/16/2012	67.10036	-152.74847	СОНО	No	No
Malamute Fork Alatna River	Bedrock Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	BD01	25	7/17/2012	67.09796	-152.60043	No	No	No
Malamute Fork Alatna River	Unnamed trib	Bedrock Creek	UN18	25	7/17/2012	67.09319	-152.72504	No	No	No
Tobuk Creek	Tobuk Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	TB01	25	7/16/2012	67.07944	-153.18635	COHO, KING	No	No
ALLAKAKET										
East Fork Henshaw Creek	East Fork Sozhekla Creek	Sozhekla Creek	SZ01	31	7/17/2012	67.03600	-152.41211	No	No	GRAY
UPPER KOYUKUK RIVER										
Malamute Fork John River	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork John River	UN17	32	7/17/2012	67.04867	-152.12669	СОНО	No	No
SOUTH FORK KOYUKUK RIVER										
Jim River	Unnamed trib	Jim River	UN19	38	7/20/2012	66.78889	-150.85132	COHO, KING	No	SLSC, GRAY
Jim River	Unnamed trib	Jim River	UN24	39	7/23/2012	66.83560	-150.64531	СОНО	No	SLSC
Lower South Fork Koyukuk River	Unnamed trib	South Fork Koyukuk River	UN20	35	7/20/2012	66.67128	-151.48851	No	No	SLSC
Middle South Fork Koyukuk River	Unnamed trib	South Fork Koyukuk River	UN21	36	7/20/2012	66.82559	-151.17087	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
KOYUKUK FLATS										
Headwaters Hogatza River	Hogatza River	Koyukuk River	HG01	S6	7/21/2012	66.82131	-153.99037	CHUM	No	SLSC
Headwaters Hogatza River	Unnamed trib	Hogatza River	UN22	S6	7/21/2012	66.86933	-154.04053	No	No	SLSC, BURB
Headwaters Hogatza River	Unnamed trib	Hogatza River	UN23	S5	7/21/2012	66.85331	-154.29780	No	No	GRAY
UPPER KOBUK RIVER										
Outlet Mauneluk River	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	UN03	9	7/13/2012	67.04256	-156.13206	No	Yes	SLSC
Outlet Mauneluk River	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	UN04	9	7/14/2012	67.12383	-156.00801	No	Yes	No
Outlet Mauneluk River	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	UN05	9	7/14/2012	67.05437	-155.81388	No	Yes	No
Outlet Mauneluk River	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	UN06	9	7/14/2012	67.02217	-155.84178	No	Yes	No
Outlet Mauneluk River	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	MN02	9	7/25/2012	67.00295	-156.09182	CHUM	No	SLSC
Outlet Mauneluk River	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	UN29	9	7/25/2012	67.02696	-156.04826	CHUM	No	SLSC, PIKE
Outlet Mauneluk River	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	UN30	9	7/25/2012	67.03453	-156.03934	CHUM	No	GRAY

Table 1. Continued.

SUBBASIN

Watershed	Waterbody	Tributary to	Survey Reach	Crossing Number	Date	Latitude	Longitude	Pacific Salmon	Dolly Varden	Other Fish
Beaver Creek	Beaver Creek	Kobuk River	BV01	13	7/15/2012	67.07523	-155.27667	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
Beaver Creek	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	UN08	15	7/15/2012	67.00270	-155.00900	No	No	No
Beaver Creek	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	UN10	11	7/15/2012	67.01060	-155.08077	No	Yes	No
Beaver Creek	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	UN12	13	7/15/2012	67.07503	-155.27765	No	No	No
Beaver Creek	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	UN26	15	7/24/2012	66.98333	-155.02530	No	Yes	SLSC
Beaver Creek	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	UN27	13	7/24/2012	67.12892	-155.19577	No	No	SLSC, BURB
Beaver Creek	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	UN28	13	7/24/2012	67.12244	-155.21069	No	No	SLSC
Headwaters Kobuk River	Unnamed trib	Kichaiakalea Creek	UN33	S3	9/4/2012	67.05337	-154.14697	No	No	SLSC
Headwaters Kobuk River	Unnamed trib	Kichaiakalea Creek	UN37	S3	9/7/2012	67.02964	-154.01124	No	Yes	SLSC
Headwaters Kobuk River	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	UN07	9	7/14/2012	67.11058	-155.63781	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
Headwaters Kobuk River	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	MN01	9	7/14/2012	67.11119	-155.63925	No	No	No
Headwaters Kobuk River	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	UN31	9	7/26/2012	67.12433	-155.63481	No	Yes	SLSC
Kobuk Canyon-Kobuk River	Kobuk River	None	KB01	S3	9/4/2012	67.02165	-154.35763	CHUM	No	SLSC
Kobuk Canyon-Kobuk River	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	UN32	S3	9/4/2012	66.89105	-154.47314	No	No	SLSC
Kobuk Canyon-Kobuk River	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	UN34	S 3	9/4/2012	67.01901	-154.44464	No	Yes	No
Kobuk Canyon-Kobuk River	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	UN35	S3	9/4/2012	67.00066	-154.55439	No	Yes	SLSC
Kobuk Canyon-Kobuk River	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	UN36	S3	9/5/2012	66.91783	-154.48701	No	No	No
Kobuk Canyon-Kobuk River	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	UN38	S3	9/7/2012	66.99846	-154.54691	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
Kogoluktuk River	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	CN01	5	7/13/2012	67.02888	-156.66255	No	Yes	SLSC
Kogoluktuk River	Unnamed trib	Kogoluktuk River	UN01	4	7/13/2012	67.01672	-156.44185	No	No	No
Kogoluktuk River	Unnamed trib	Kogoluktuk River	UN02	4	7/13/2012	67.01543	-156.43502	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
Kogoluktuk River	Riley Creek	Kogoluktuk River	RI01	1	7/13/2012	67.05552	-156.70256	No	Yes	No
Kogoluktuk River	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	KG01	4	7/26/2012	67.09536	-156.40128	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
Kogoluktuk River	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	KG02	6	7/26/2012	67.01372	-156.68225	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
Reed River	Unnamed trib	Reed River	UN09	16	7/15/2012	67.19412	-154.88269	No	No	SLSC
Reed River	Reed River	Kobuk River	RD01	16	7/15/2012	67.19318	-154.88084	No	No	No
Reed River	Reed River	Kobuk River	RD02	16	7/21/2012	67.06531	-154.81343	No	No	SLSC, GRAY SLSC, GRAY,
Reed River	Reed River	Kobuk River	RD03	S2	7/21/2012	66.96365	-154.81606	CHUM	No	BURB
Reed River	Reed River	Kobuk River	RD04	S4	9/4/2012	66.88630	-154.83643	CHUM	No	No
Selby River	Unnamed trib	Narvak Lake	UN11	9	7/15/2012	66.99952	-155.61014	No	No	No
MIDDLE KOBUK RIVER										
Headwater Ambler River	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	UL01	0	7/13/2012	67.39883	-156.81866	No	Yes	SLSC
Shungnak River	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	RU01	1	7/13/2012	67.09978	-156.92219	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
Shungnak River	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	RU02	1	7/14/2012	67.11267	-156.91756	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
Shungnak River	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	SH01	1	7/14/2012	67.11272	-156.91808	No	No	SLSC
Shungnak River	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	SH02	1	7/21/2012	67.11806	-156.83575	No	No	SLSC, GRAY
Shungnak River	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	SH03	1	7/21/2012	67.08774	-157.14510	No	No	SLSC
Shungnak River	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	SH04	1	7/21/2012	66.98033	-157.30708	No	No	SLSC, GRAY

SLSC = Slimy Sculpin GRAY = Arctic Grayling BURB = Burbot PIKE = Northern Pike CHUM = Chum Salmon KING = Chinook Salmon COHO = Coho Salmon

Table 2. Number of reaches (and percent of total reaches overall and by month) in which each of 8 species of fish were observed in the Brooks East Corridor survey area, Alaska, July and September.

		Life	# of Survey	% of Survey	# of Individuals Observed ^a		
Common Name	Scientific Name	History Stage	Reaches Observed	Reaches Observed	July	September	
Chum Salmon	Oncorhynchus keta	Juvenile	4	6%	9 (1.3%)	_	
		Adult	5	8%	4 ^b	3^{b}	
Coho Salmon	Oncorhynchus kisutch	Juvenile	6	9%	19 (2.8%)	_	
Chinook Salmon	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	Juvenile	2	3%	2 (0.3%)	_	
		Adult	1	2%	1 ^b	_	
Dolly Varden	Salvelinus malma	Any	15	23%	73 (10.7%)	7 (25.9%)	
Arctic Grayling	Thymallus arcticus	Any	19	29%	46 (6.8%)	3 (11.1%)	
Northern Pike	Esox lucius	Any	1	2%	2 (0.3%)	_	
Burbot	Lota lota	Any	3	5%	4 (0.6%)	_	
Slimy Sculpin	Cottus cognatus	Any	38	58%	525 (77.2%)	17 (63.0%)	

Value in parentheses represents percentage of total visually observed or captured fish of all species, exluding adult salmon.
 Represents the number of observations of groups of prespawning, spawning or post-spawning adults and is therefore not calculated as a percentage of total observed organisms.

Table 3. Survey reaches and the corresponding length of stream or river to be nominated for inclusion in the AWC/AFFI (based on GIS analysis) in the Brooks East Corridor survey area, Alaska.

Survey Reach	Waterbody	Tributary to	Nearest Crossing	Species	Life History Stage	Kilometers to be added to AWC/AFFI
TB01	Tobuk Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	25	Coho, Chinook Salmon	rearing, rearing	1.84
UN25a	Unnamed tributary	Alatna River	24	Chum Salmon	spawning	51.82
UN25b	Unnamed tributary	Alatna River	24	Chinook Salmon	spawning	1.84
RD04	Reed River	Kobuk River	S4	Chum Salmon	spawning	17.46
RD03	Reed River	Kobuk River	S2	Chum Salmon	rearing	12.82
HG01	Hogatza River	Koyukuk River	S 6	Chum Salmon	spawning	26.99
UN29	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	9	Chum Salmon	rearing	4.42
UN30	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	9	Chum Salmon	spawning	1.11
MN02	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	9	Chum Salmon	rearing	10.47
KB01	Kobuk River	None	S3	Chum Salmon	spawning	48.83
CN01	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	5	Dolly Varden	rearing	7.35
UN03	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	9	Dolly Varden	rearing	10.67
UN04	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	9	Dolly Varden	rearing	12.48
UN06	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	9	Dolly Varden	rearing	19.81
UN05	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	9	Dolly Varden	rearing	3.71
UN31	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	9	Dolly Varden	rearing	30.28
UN35	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	S3	Dolly Varden	rearing	22.74
UN34	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	S3	Dolly Varden	rearing	18.50
UN37	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	S3	Dolly Varden	rearing	29.87
UN38	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	S3			0.00
UL01	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	0	Dolly Varden	rearing	8.01
UN15	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	25	Coho Salmon	rearing	0.15
RI01	Riley Creek	Kogoluktuk River	1	Dolly Varden	rearing	6.64
UN10	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	11	Dolly Varden	rearing	11.03
UN26	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	15	Dolly Varden	rearing	45.57
HJ01	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	S7	Dolly Varden	rearing	12.41

Table 3. Continued.

Survey Reach	Waterbody	Tributary to	Nearest Crossing	Species	Life History Stage	Kilometers to be added to AWC/AFFI
UN16	Unnamed tributary	Helpmejack Creek	S7	Dolly Varden	rearing	29.12
UN19	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	38	Coho, Chinook Salmon	rearing, rearing	0.11
UN24	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	39	Coho Salmon	rearing	0.01
UN14	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	25	Coho, Chum salmon	rearing, rearing	0.1

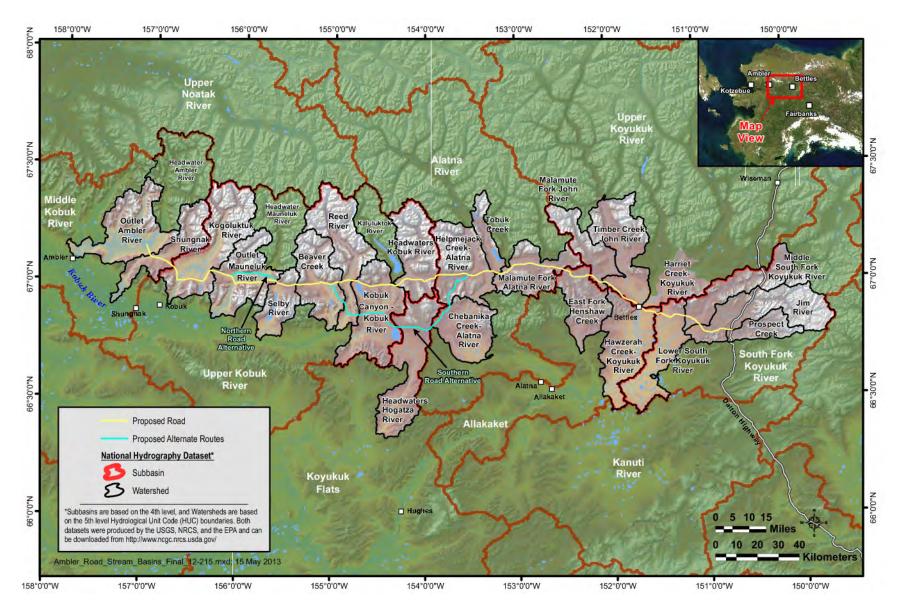


Figure 1. Subbasins and watersheds traversed by the proposed Brooks East Corridor, including the northern and southern options.

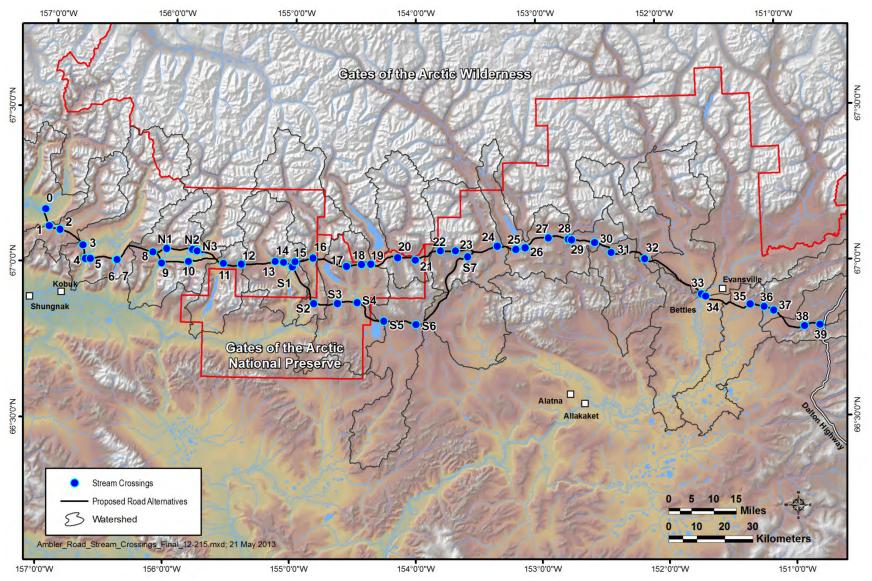


Figure 2. Major river and stream crossing locations identified in the Brooks East Corridor, including the northern and southern options.

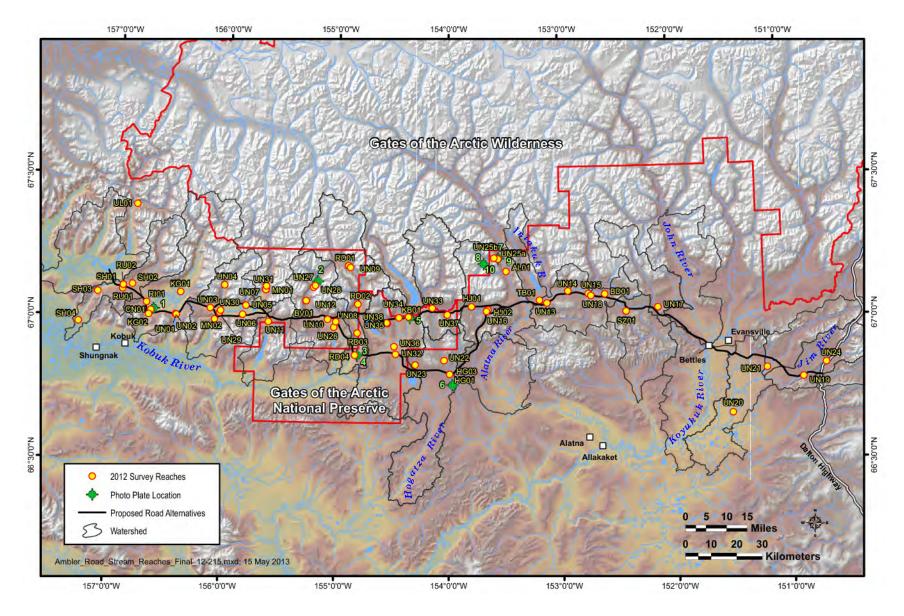


Figure 3. Survey reach locations in the Brooks East Corridor in July and September 2012.

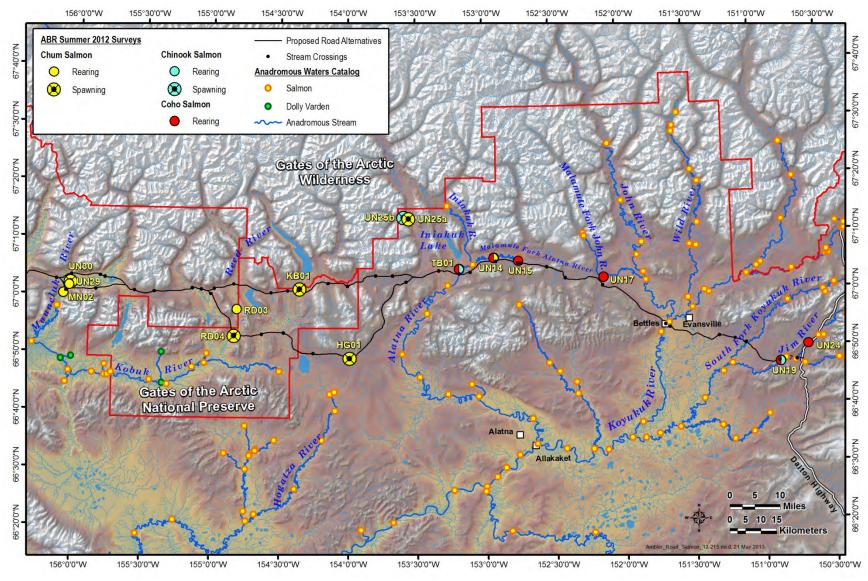


Figure 4. Survey reaches in the Brooks East Corridor where Pacific Salmon (*Oncorhynchus spp.*) were observed in July and September 2012.

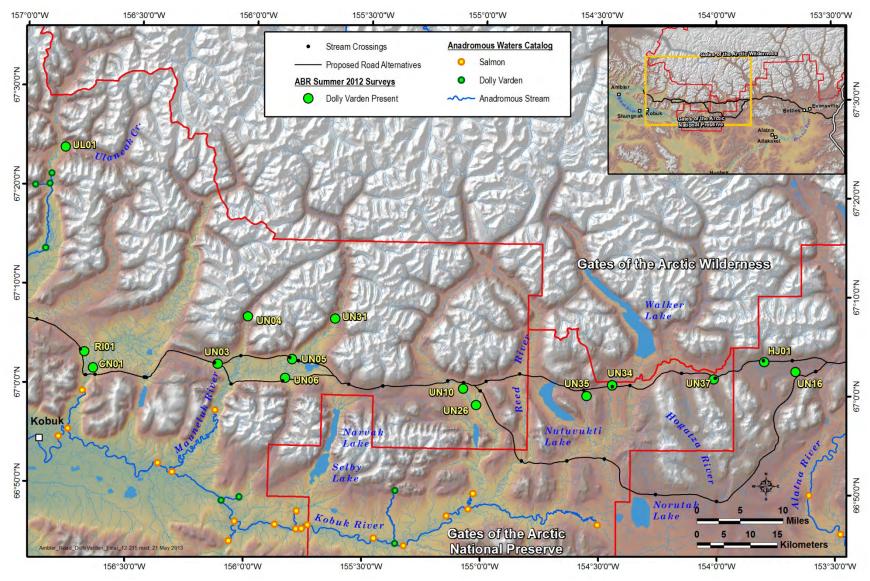


Figure 5. Survey reaches in the Brooks East Corridor where Dolly Varden (*Salvelinus malma*) were observed in July and September 2012.

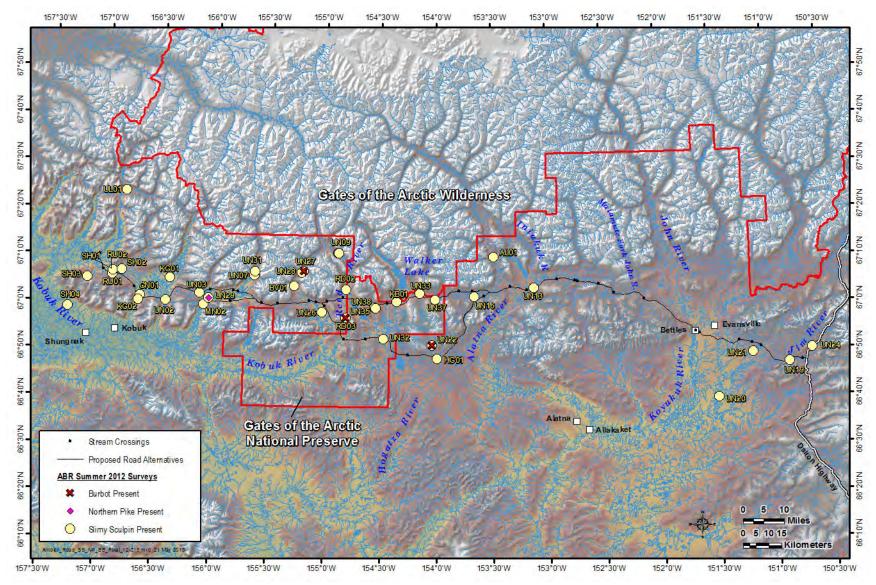


Figure 6. Survey reaches in the Brooks East Corridor where Burbot (*Lota lota*), Northern Pike (*Esox lucius*) and Slimy Sculpin (*Cottus cognatus*) were observed in July and September 2012.

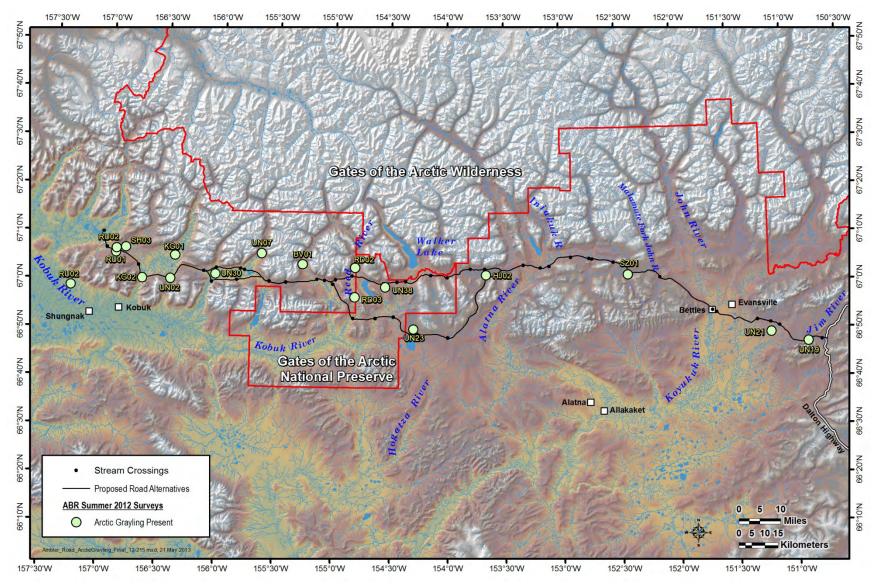


Figure 7. Survey reaches in the Brooks East Corridor where Arctic grayling (*Thymallus arcticus*) were observed in July and September 2012.

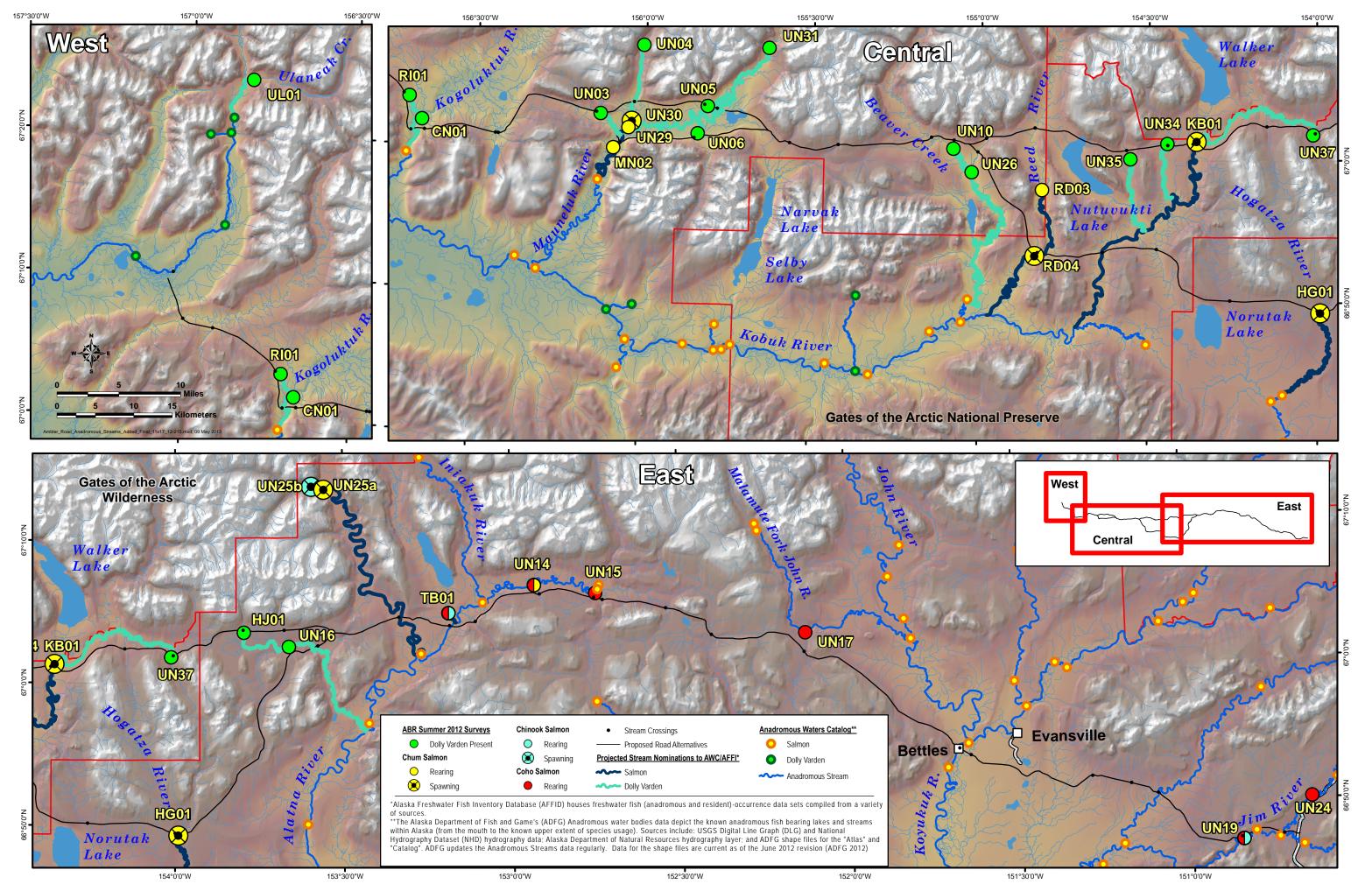
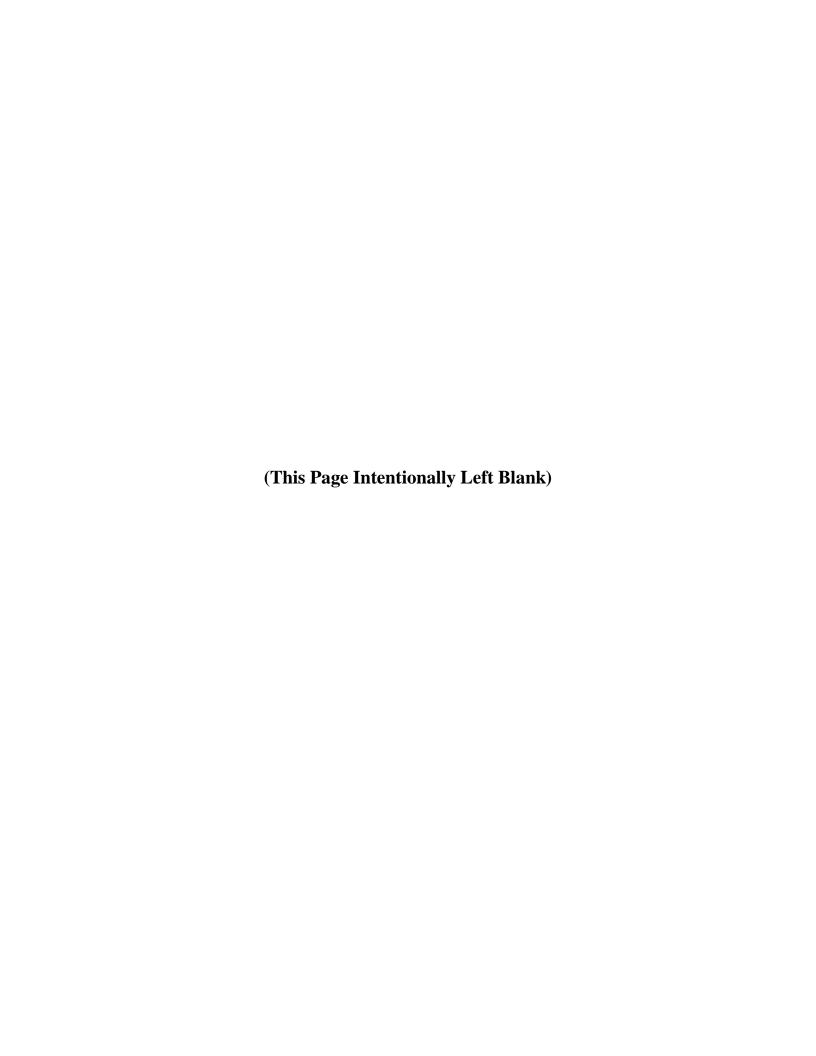


Figure 8. Survey reaches in the Brooks East Corridor where Dolly Varden and anadromous Pacific salmon were observed in July and September 2012 along with the relative location of salmon- and Dolly Varden-bearing reaches previously included in the ADFG Anadromous Waters Catalog.



PLATES



Plate 1. Aerial view of the chum salmon spawning area documented within an unnamed tributary to the Mauneluk River, Alaska, July 2012.



Plate 2. Unidentified salmon carcass observed on a gravel point bar on Beaver Creek, Alaska, September 2012.



Plate 3. Chum salmon spawning area documented within the Reed River, Alaska, July 2012.



Plate 4. Chum salmon within the Reed River spawning area, Alaska, September 2012.



Plate 5. Female chum salmon carcass observed near a spawning area in the Kobuk River, Alaska, September 2012.



Plate 6. Chum salmon spawning area documented within the Hogatza River, Alaska, July 2012.



Plate 7. Aerial view of the chum salmon spawning area documented within an unnamed tributary to the Alatna River, Alaska, July 2012.

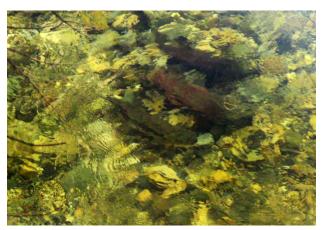


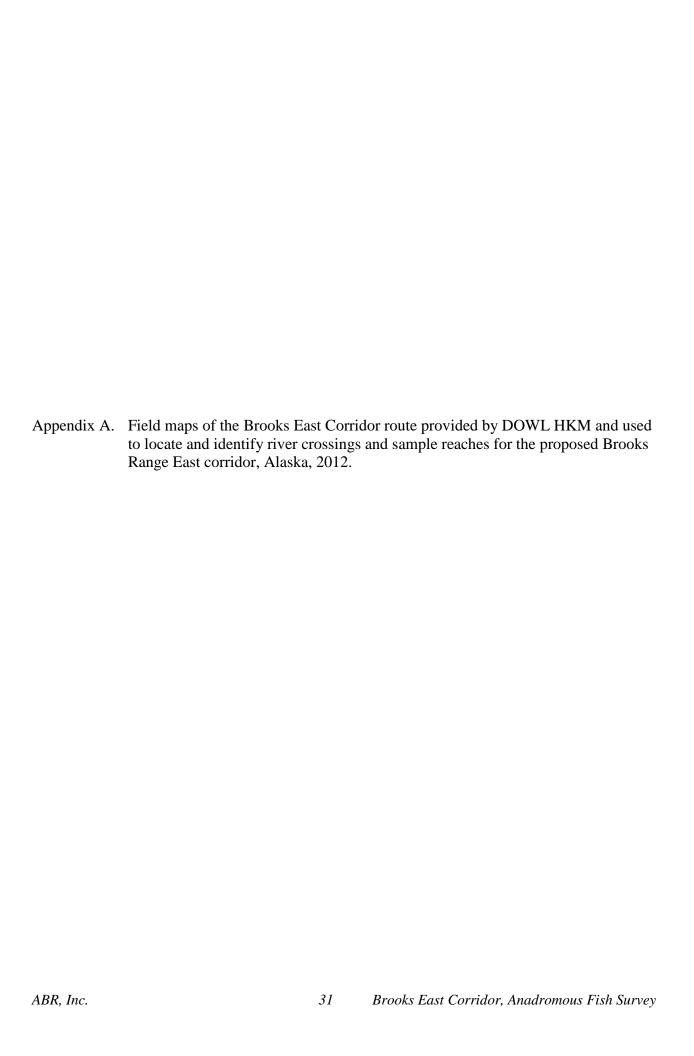
Plate 8. Chum salmon within the spawning area documented within an unnamed tributary to the Alatna River, Alaska, September 2012.

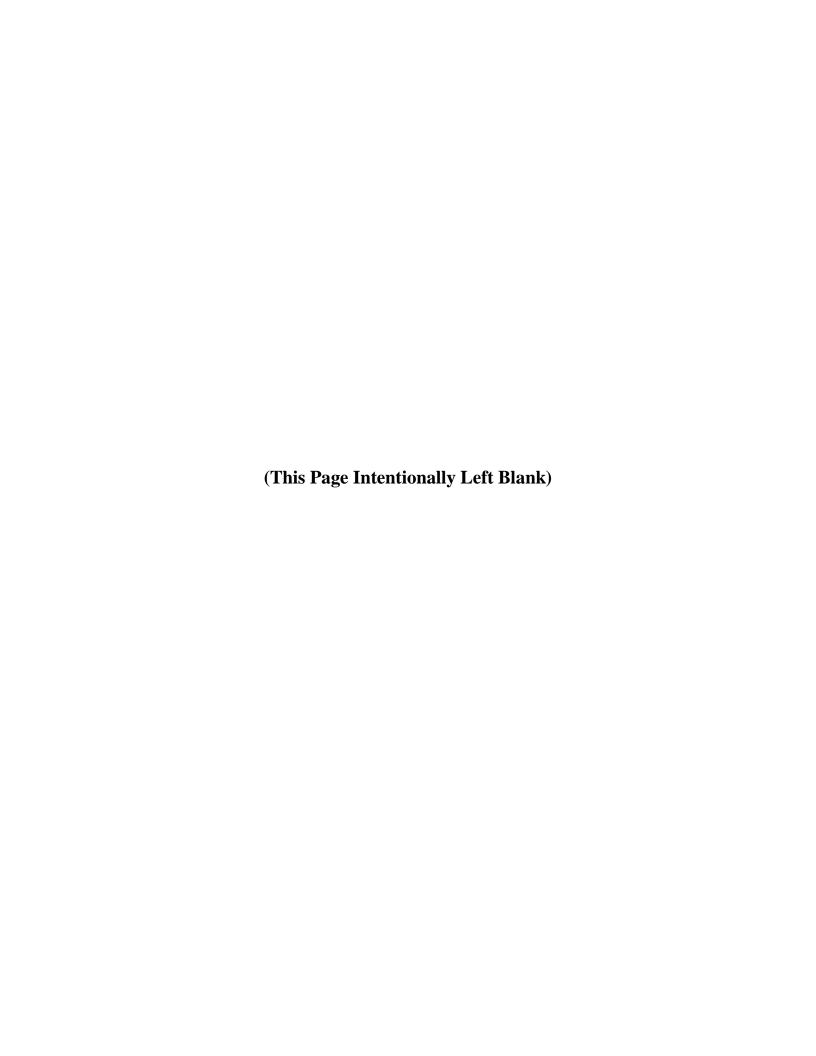


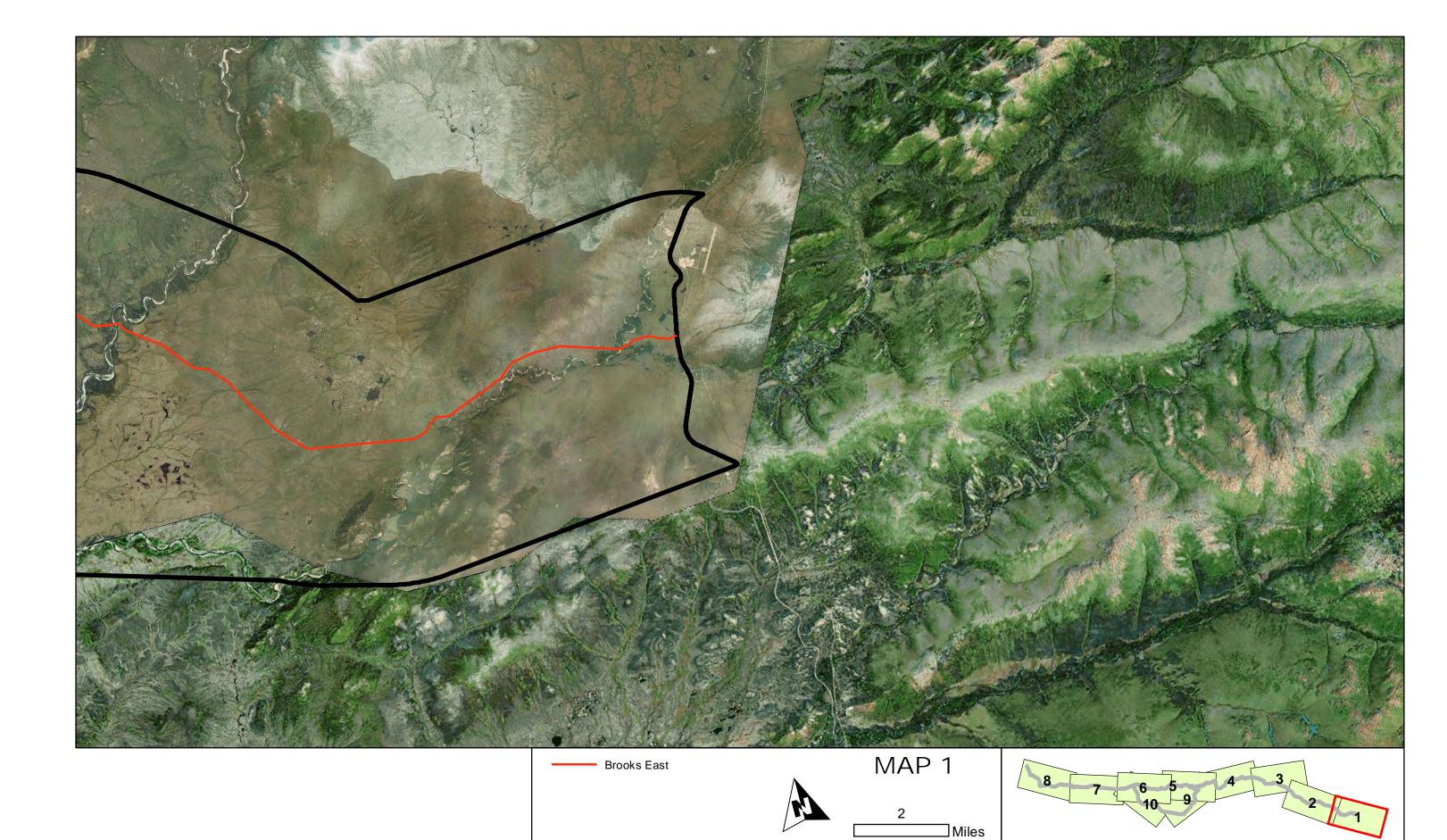
Plate 9. Aerial view of the Chinook salmon spawning area documented within an unnamed tributary to the Alatna River, Alaska, July 2012.

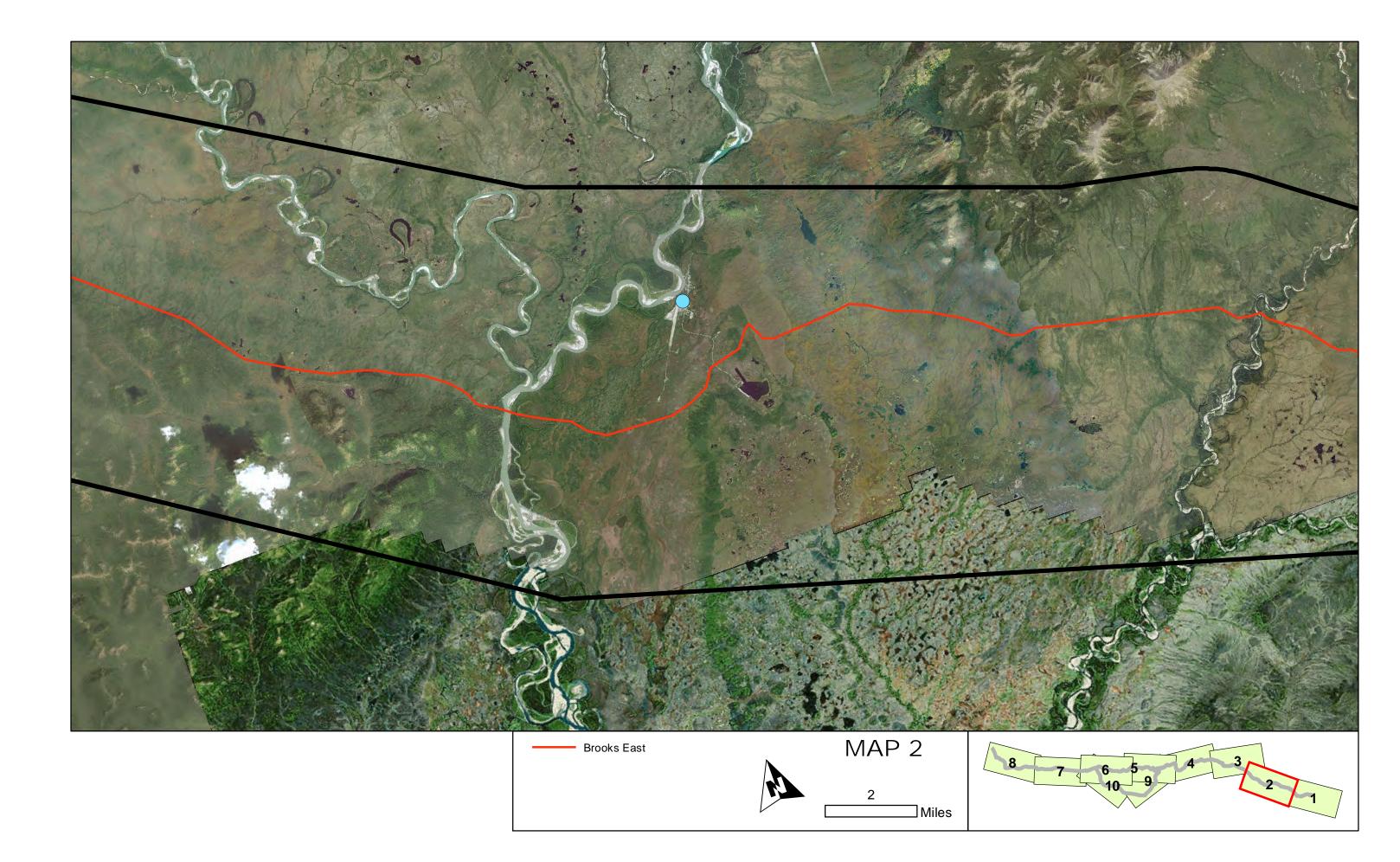


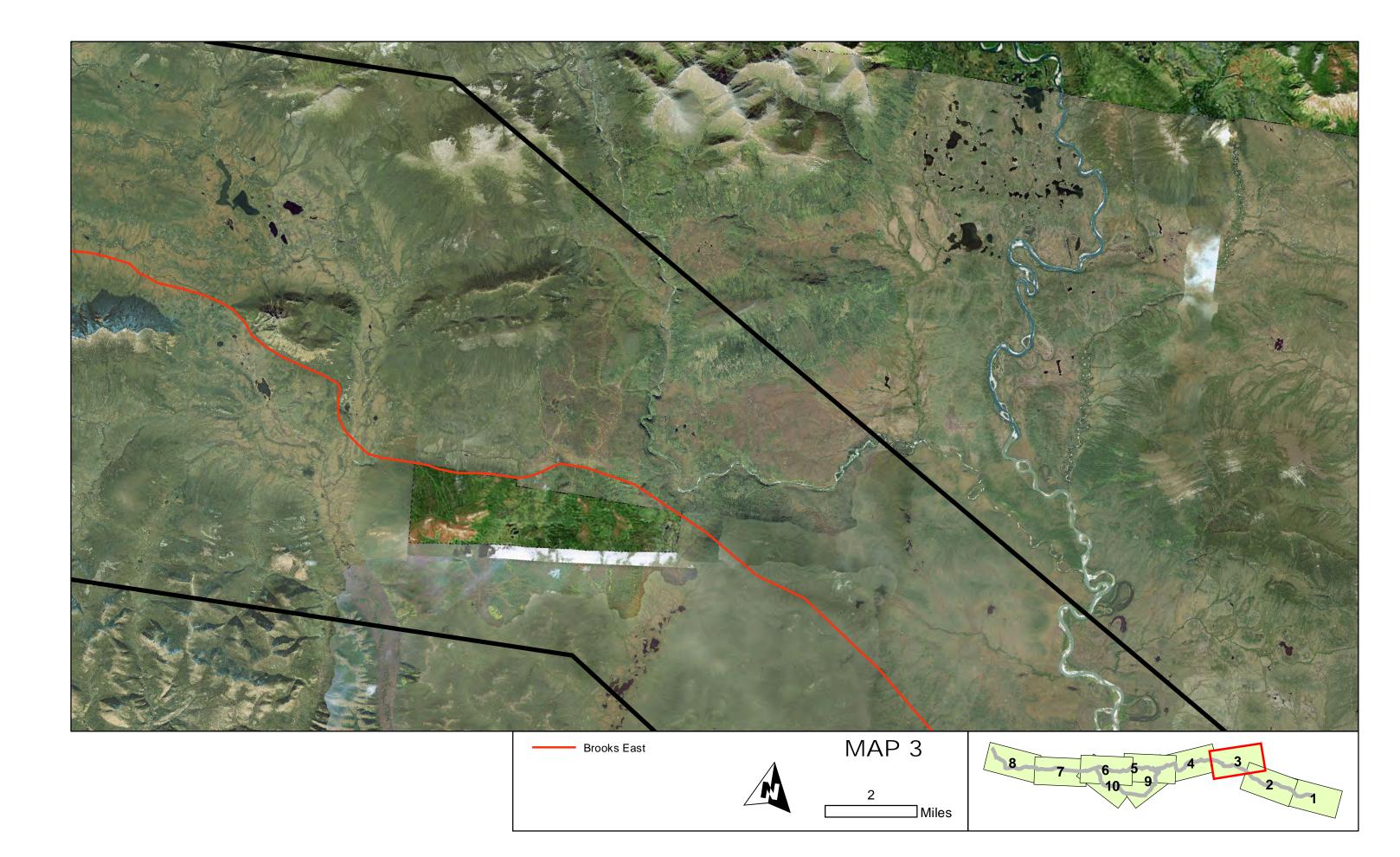
Plate 10. Chinook salmon within the spawning area documented within an unnamed tributary to the Alatna River, Alaska, September 2012.











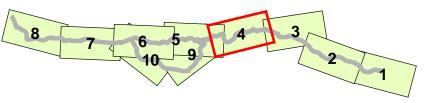


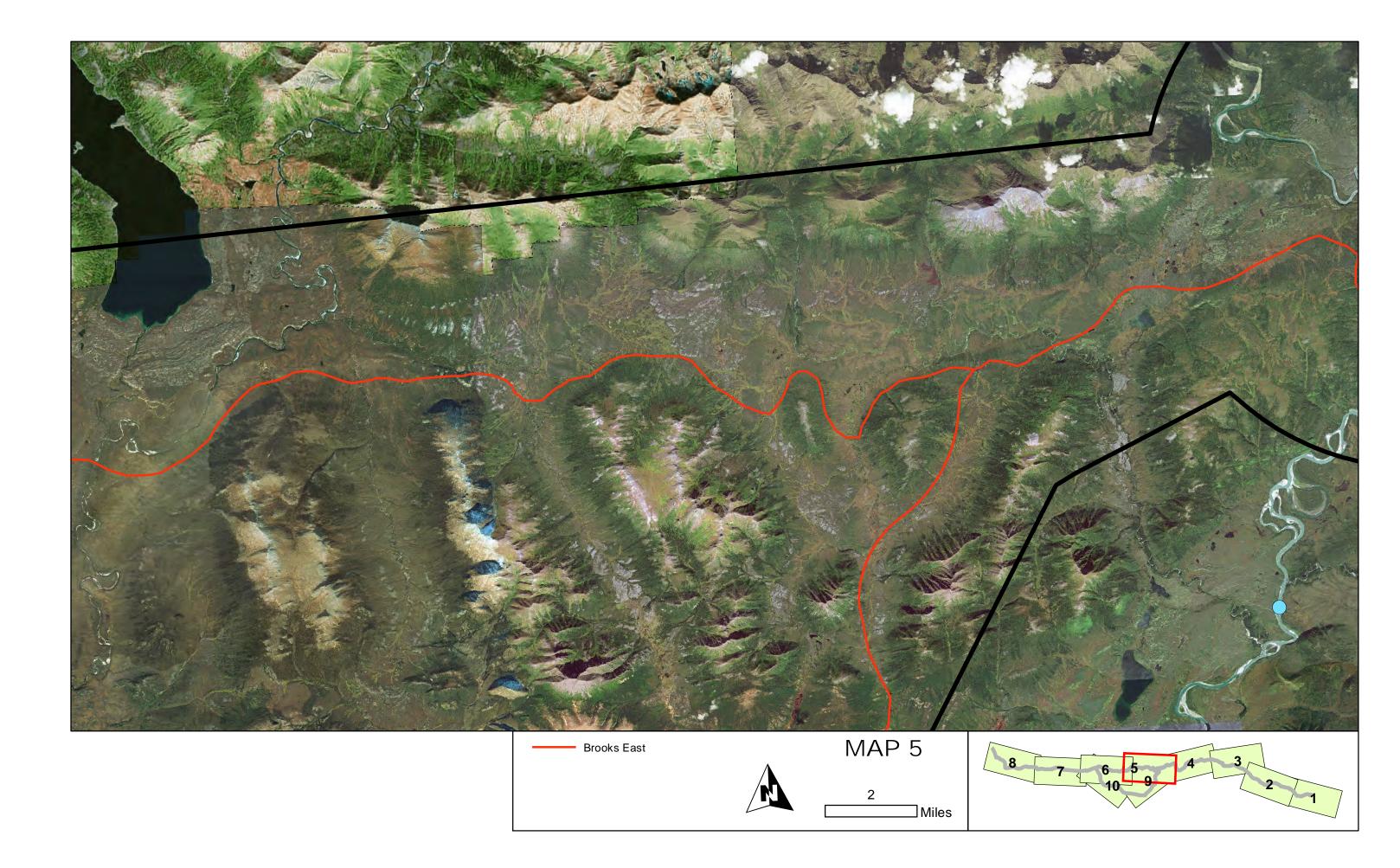
Brooks East

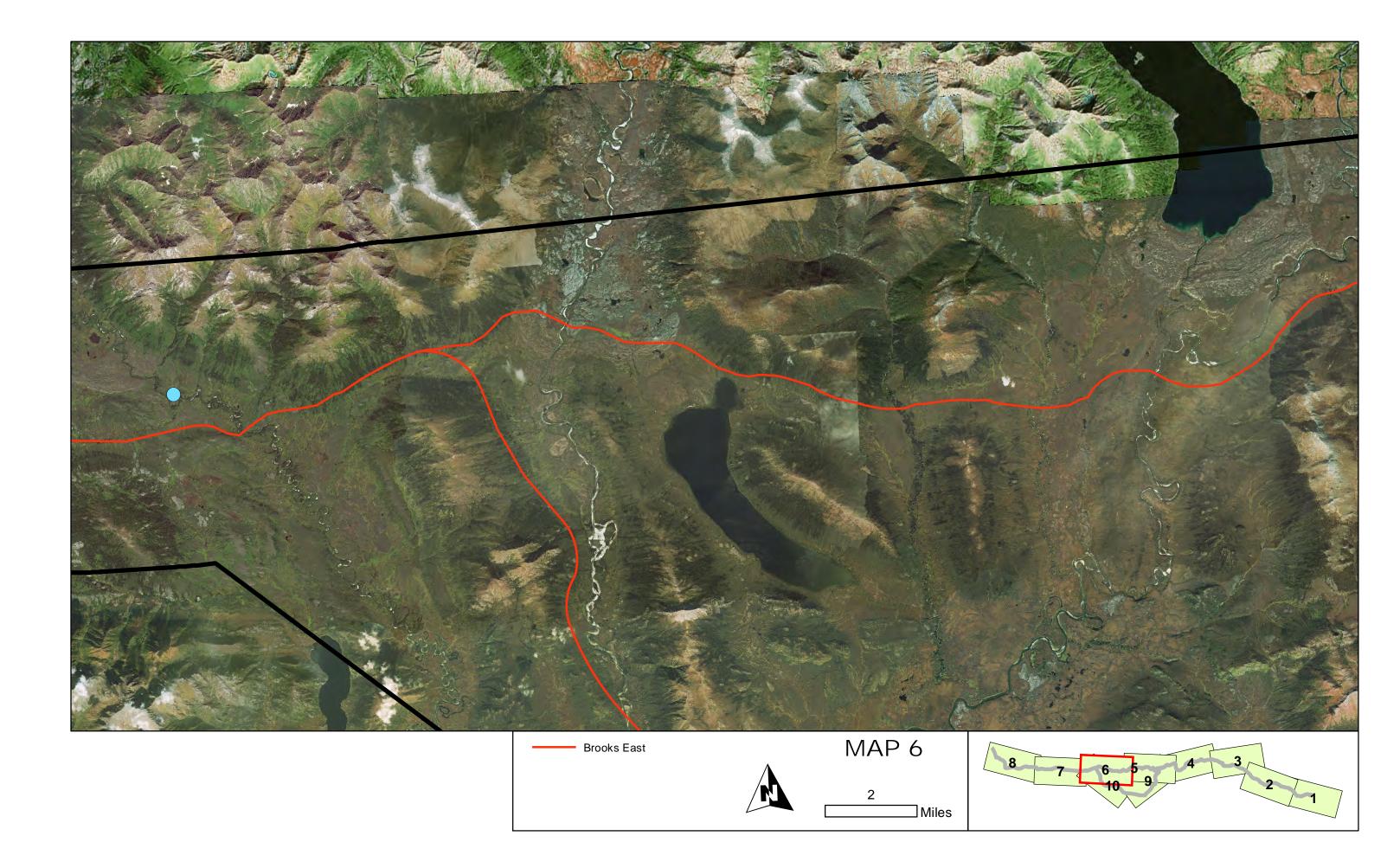
VIAP 4

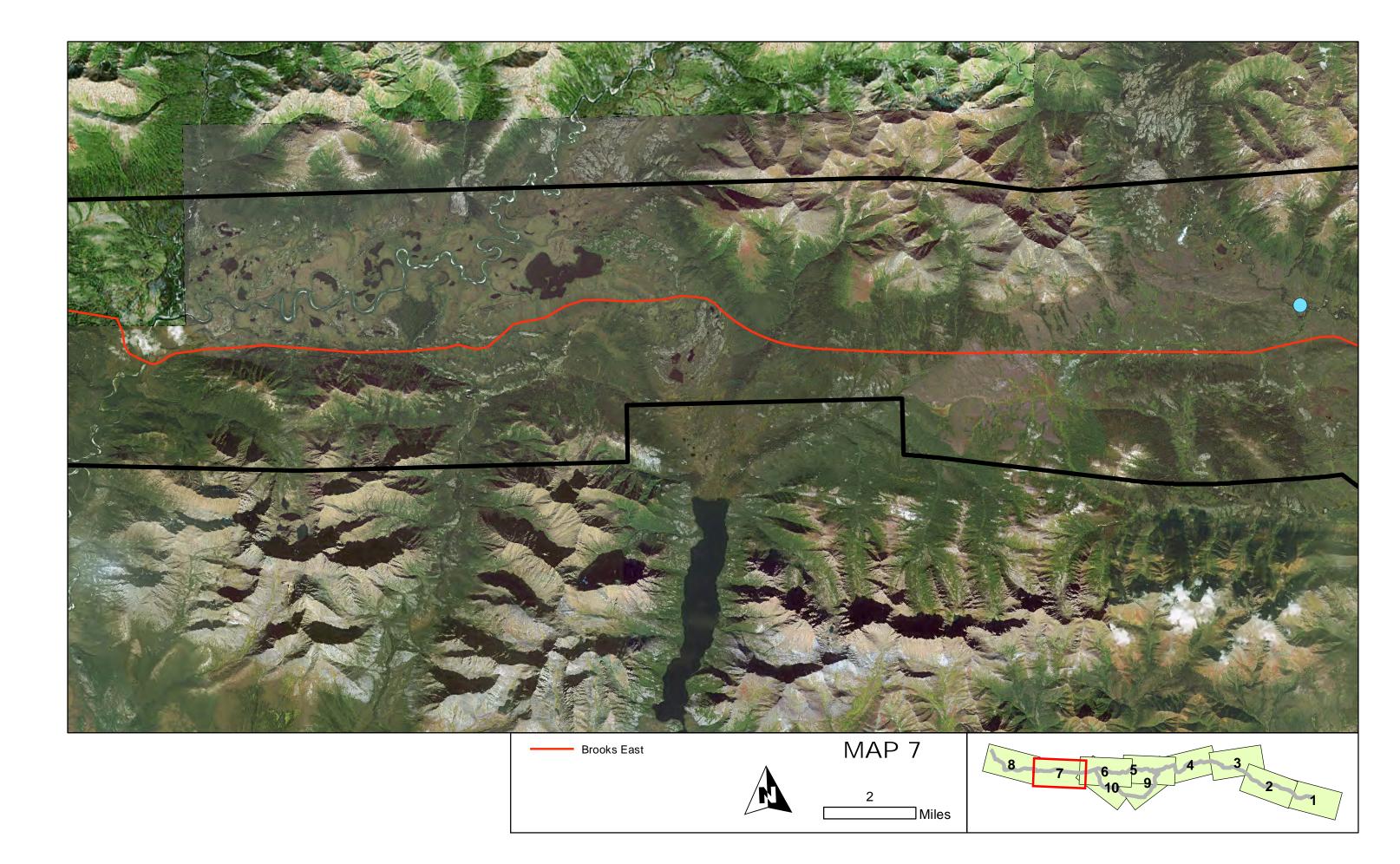
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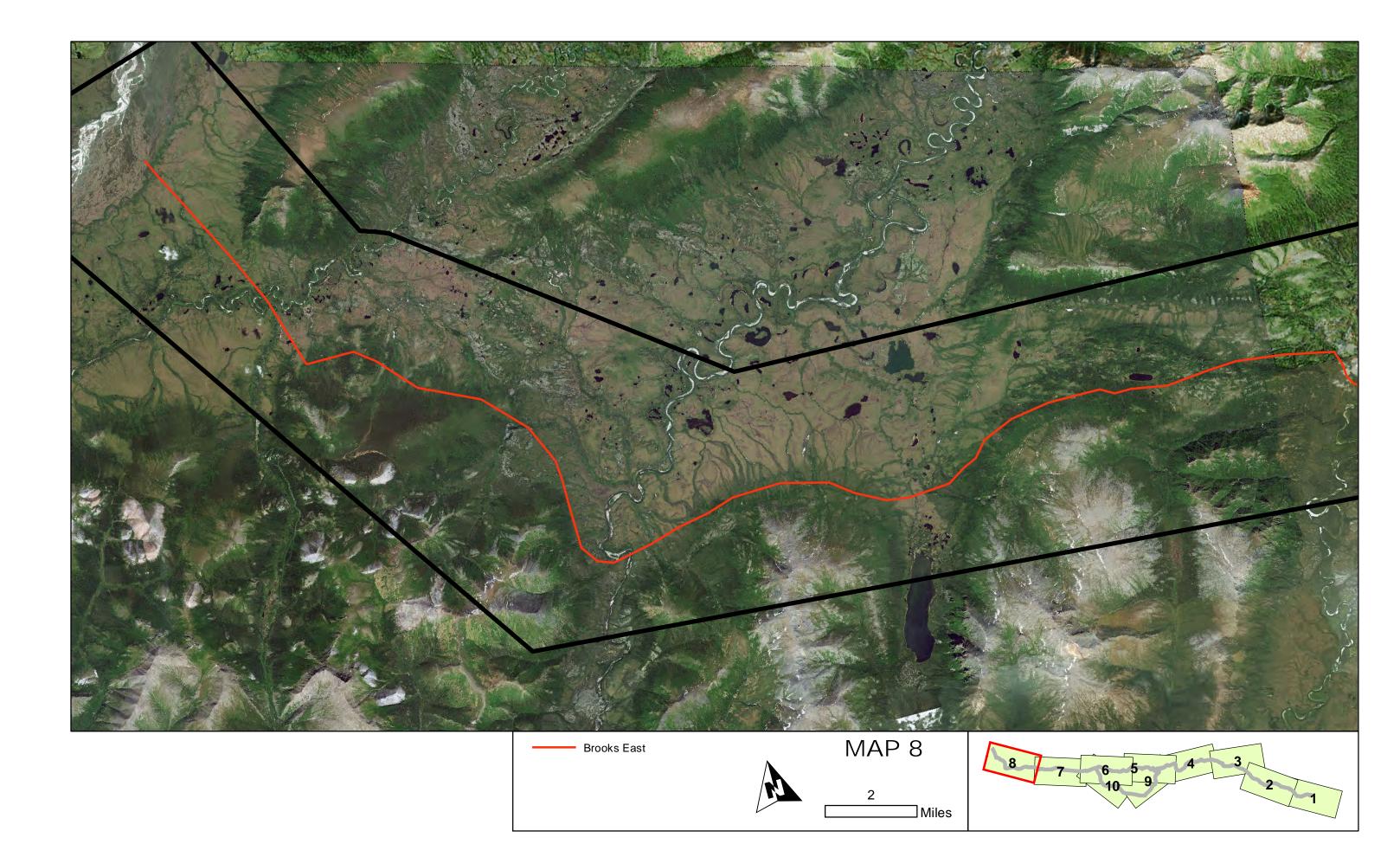
Miles

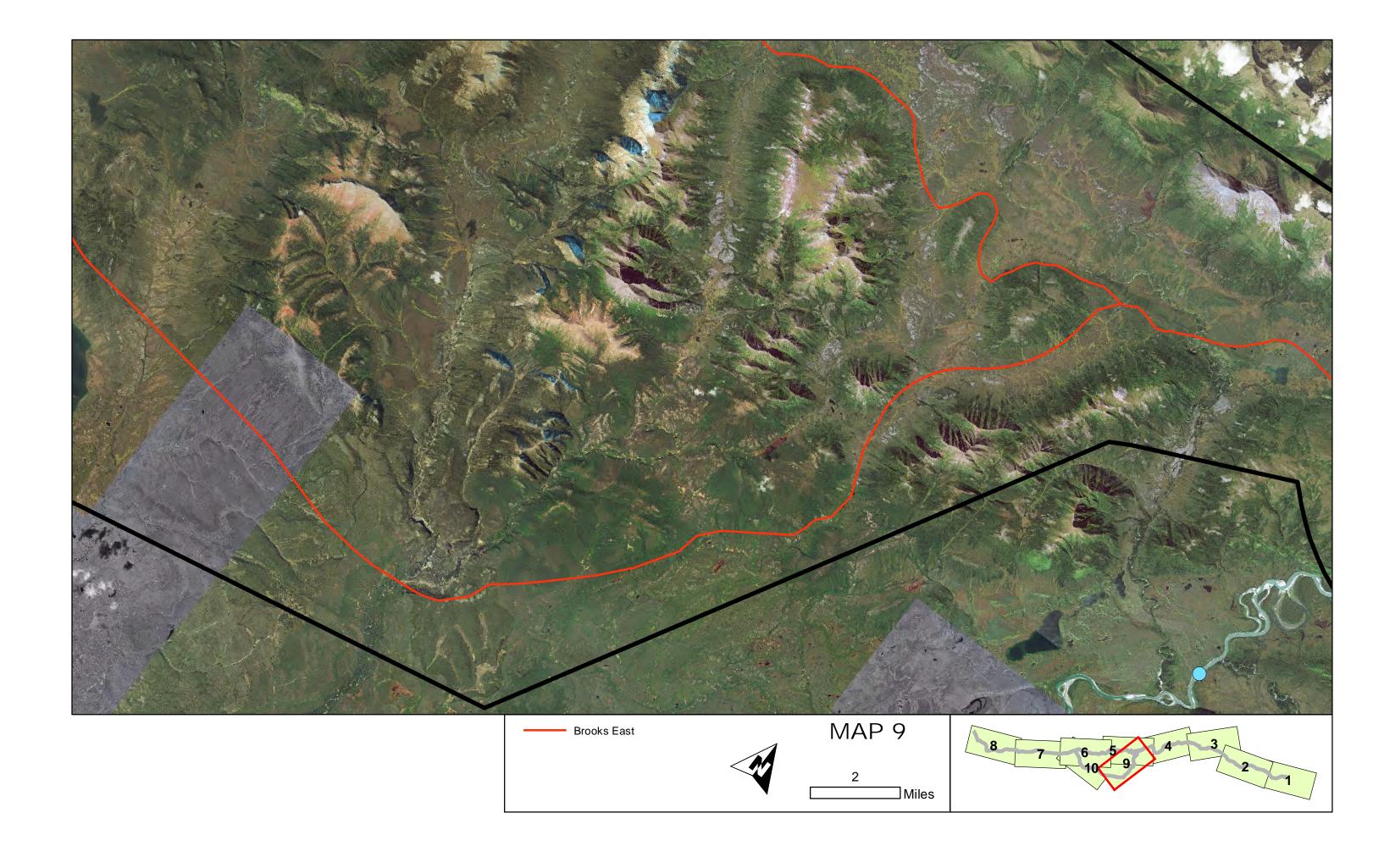


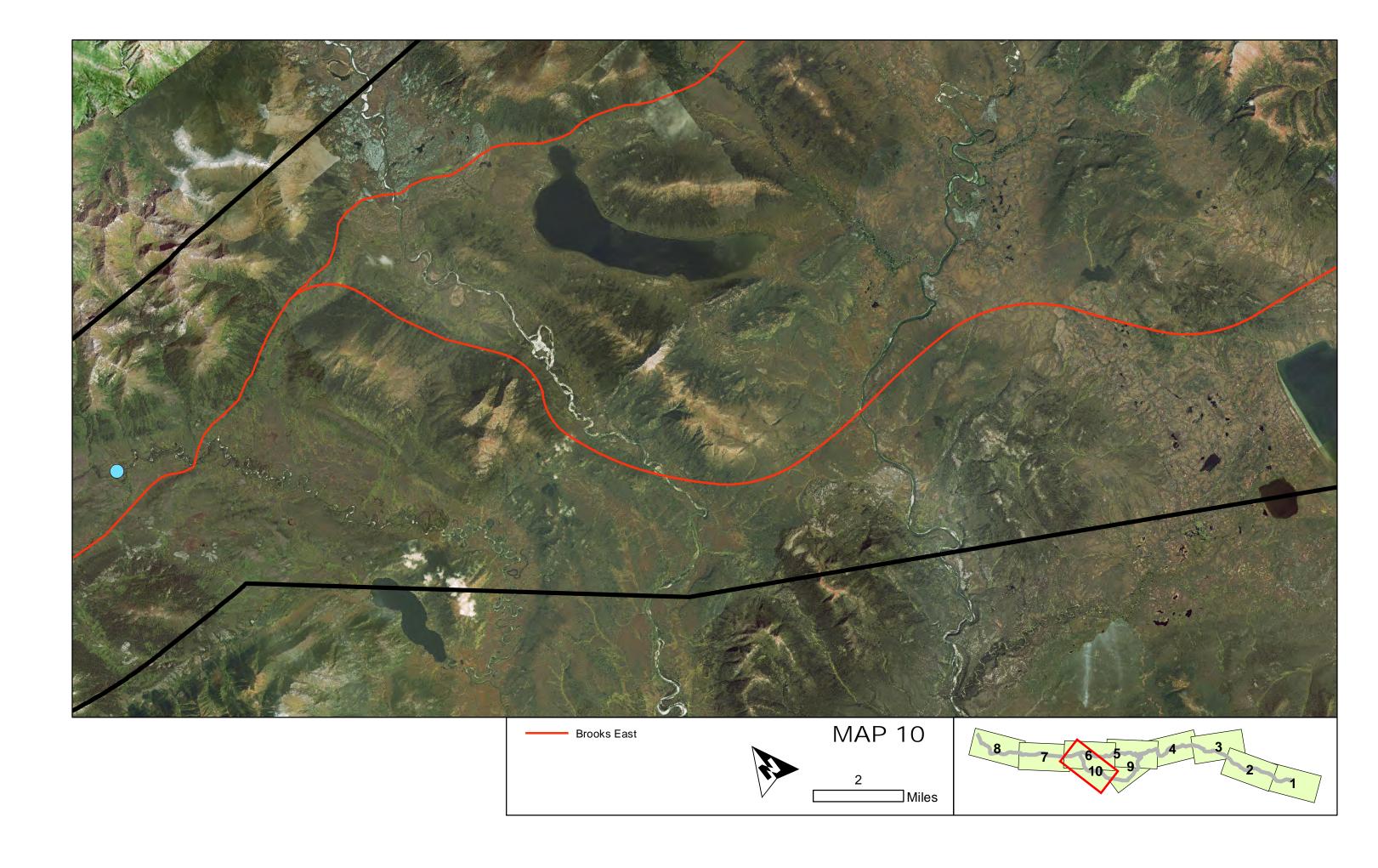




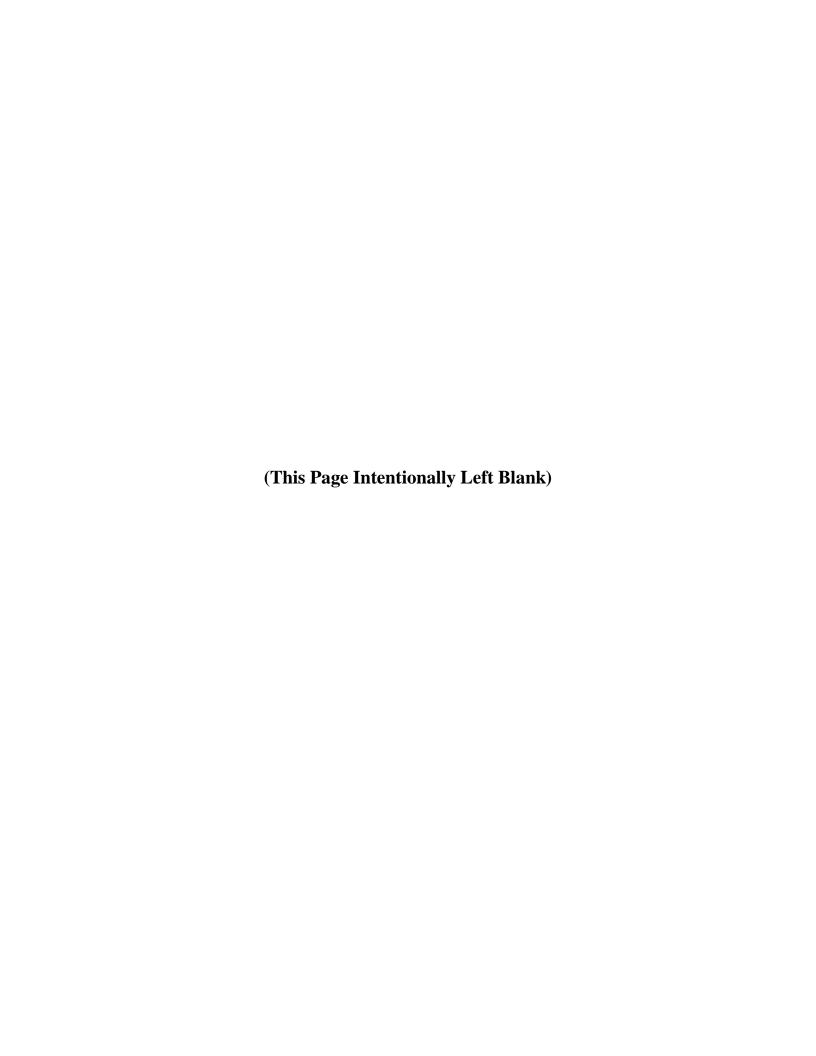








Appendix B.	Water chemistry and phy river and stream crossing	vsical habitags in the pro	nt data from surve posed Brooks Ea	ey reaches associa st Corridor, Alasl	ated with ka, 2012.
ABR, Inc.		43	Brooks East Cor	ridor, Anadromou.	s Fish Survey



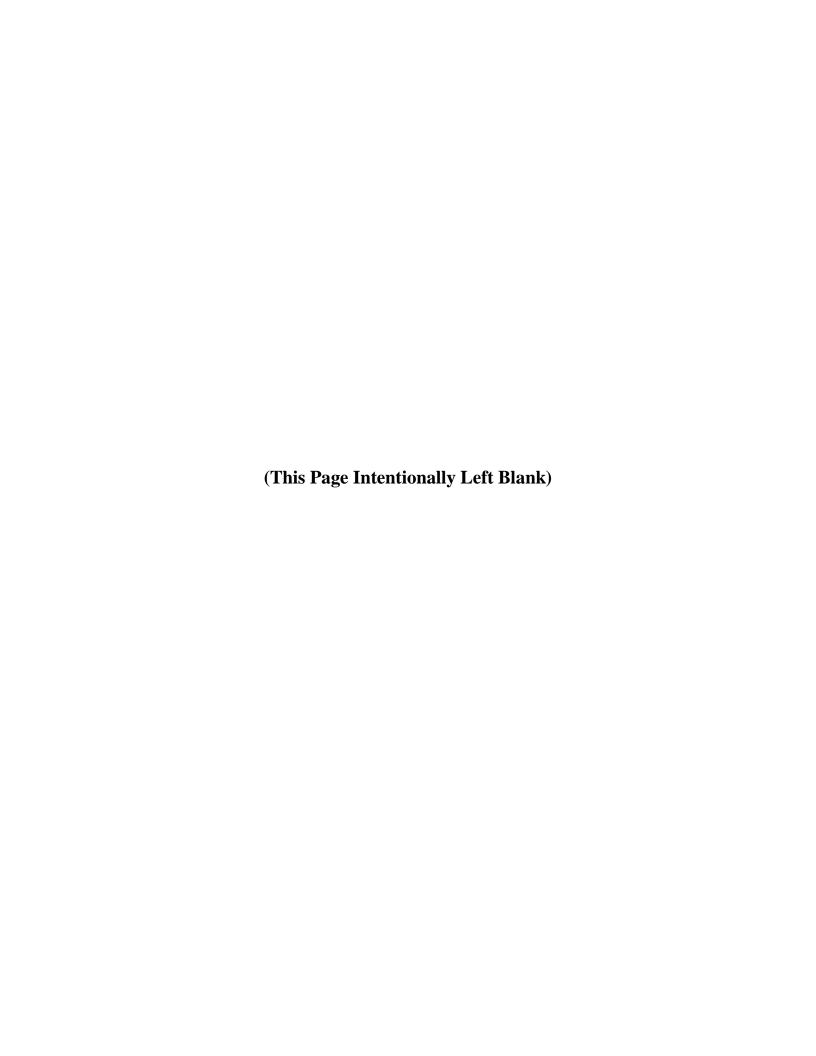
Appendix B. Water chemistry and physical habitat data from survey reaches associated with river and stream crossings in the proposed Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, 2012.

Survey Reach	Nearest Crossing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Wetted Width (m)	Bankful Width (m)	Gradient (%)	Dominant Substrate ^b	Temperature °C	DO (%)	DO (mg/L)	Conductivity (µS/cm ⁻¹)	Specific Conductance (µS/cm ⁻¹)	pН
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	11.8	17.2	0.02	СВ	9.5	109.2	12.25	115.6	164.2	nm
BD01	25	Bedrock Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.09796	-152.60043	6/11/2012	5.5	5.5	2.00	GC	8.0	93.8	10.75	105.3	155.7	6.77
BD01	25	Bedrock Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.09796	-152.60043	7/17/2012	4.8	6.3	1.25	GC	10.6	nm	nm	204.9	282.4	nm
BV01	13	Beaver Creek	Kobuk River	67.07523	-155.27667	7/15/2012	23.8	33.9	0.01	SA	10.3	51.9	5.76	138.2	191.9	nm
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02889	-156.66256	6/8/2012	3.4	3.6	2.00	GC	7.3	106.7	12.52	136.8	206.4	7.51
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	3.4	3.6	1.50	nm	6.8	100.7	12.39	156.5	240.5	nm
HG01	S 6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	15.7	15.8	1.50	CB	8.5	101.9	11.89	71.0	103.4	nm
HJ01	S 7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.05835	-153.79528	6/9/2012	16.3	18.1	2.00	CB	6.9	105.3	12.05	93.2	143.3	7.40
HJ01	S 7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.05835	-153.79528	7/16/2012	16.3	18.1	4.50	CB	8.1	91.9	10.87	157.9	233.4	nm
HJ02	S 7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.04015	-153.66203	6/9/2012	nm	nm	nm	nm	7.9	97.7	10.49	121.5	178.8	7.18
HJ02	S 7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.04015	-153.66203	7/16/2012	15.2	31.4	0.01	CB	12.0	92.4	9.96	165.5	220.4	nm
KB01	S 3	Kobuk River	None	67.02165	-154.35763	9/4/2012	16.0	17.0	1.00	GC	10.1	104.1	11.68	112.9	158.1	nm
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	20.0	20+	0.50	CB	10.0	109.2	12.28	185.9	260.7	nm
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	20.0	20+	0.50	SA	12.2	105.3	11.26	75.7	99.9	nm
MN01	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.11119	-155.63925	7/14/2012	nm	nm	nm	nm	11.9	106.8	11.24	160.4	213.7	nm
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	12.1	20.3	0.00	SA	4.5	97.1	12.49	69.9	115.2	nm
RD01	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.19412	-154.88269	6/10/2012	5.8	13.3	2.00	GC	6.4	99.5	12.07	96.5	157.0	6.93
RD01	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	6/10/2012	nm	nm	nm	nm	5.7	99.1	12.21	33.4	52.5	6.35
RD01	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.19318	-154.88084	7/15/2012	nm	nm	nm	nm	10.7	92.6	10.81	63.9	88.0	nm
RD01	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	20.0	20.0	1.25	CB	13.2	109.3	11.41	103.9	133.9	nm
RD02	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.06531	-154.81343	7/21/2012	20.0	20.0	0.50	CB	13.2	108.4	11.37	99.8	129.0	nm
RI01	1	Riley Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.05552	-156.70256	6/8/2012	8.0	8.0	2.00	CB	7.0	104.5	12.12	122.3	184.8	7.62
RI01	1	Riley Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.05552	-156.70256	7/13/2012	8.0	8.0	1.50	CB	6.0	105.7	12.94	138.5	218.0	nm
RU01	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.09978	-156.92219	6/8/2012	7.3	11.9	2.00	GC	10.6	100.3	10.47	167.3	235.5	7.48
RU01	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.09978	-156.92219	7/13/2012	7.3	11.9	1.25	GC	12.6	93.3	9.91	205.9	269.8	nm
RU02	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.11267	-156.91756	7/14/2012	7.7	7.7	0.01	GF	13.5	101.5	10.56	208.0	266.2	nm
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	30.0	30.0	0.01	nm	13.6	96.8	9.95	148.2	188.9	nm
SH02	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11806	-156.83575	7/21/2012	23.5	39.1	0.50	SA	13.6	110.0	11.42	125.2	160.0	nm
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	21.9	29.2	0.50	GC	15.0	110.4	11.13	134.9	166.8	nm
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	32.4	51.1	1.50	CB	15.2	106.7	10.70	144.0	177.4	nm
SZ01	31	East Fork Sozhekla Creek	Sozhekla Creek	67.03600	-152.41211	6/11/2012	2.6	4.6	2.00	GC	11.4	90.3	8.52	45.2	61.3	6.76
SZ01	31	East Fork Sozhekla Creek	Sozhekla Creek	67.03600	-152.41211	7/17/2012	2.6	4.6	0.50	GC	12.5	nm	nm	25.7	33.4	nm
TB01	25	Tobuk Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.07949	-153.18606	6/10/2012	18.2	18.2	2.00	CB	5.8	94.0	11.42	173.3	273.5	7.88
TB01	25	Tobuk Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.07944	-153.18635	7/16/2012	18.2	18.2	1.25	CB	17.0	95.5	9.23	255.6	301.9	nm
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	6/8/2012	17.5	20.0	2.00	CB	10.0	100.0	11.05	127.7	177.5	7.69
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	17.5	20.0	2.00	CB	10.1	98.2	11.03	207.5	288.6	nm
UN01	4	Unnamed trib	Kogoluktuk River	67.01671	-156.44184	6/8/2012	3.1	3.3	2.00	GF	17.5	91.6	8.56	32.9	35.7	6.55
UN01	4	Unnamed trib	Kogoluktuk River	67.01672	-156.44185	7/13/2012	3.1	3.3	0.01	GF	13.8	85.9	8.95	61.5	78.2	nm
UN02	4	Unnamed trib	Kogoluktuk River	67.01543	-156.43502	6/8/2012	4.7	4.9	2.00	GF	6.1	99.3	12.10	16.0	24.7	6.62

Survey Reach	Nearest Crossing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Wetted Width (m)	Bankful Width (m)	Gradient (%)	Dominant Substrate ^b	Temperature °C	DO (%)	DO (mg/L)	Conductivity (µS/cm ⁻¹)	Specific Conductance (µS/cm ⁻¹)	pН
UN02	-	·	•				4.7			GF						
UN02 UN03	4 9	Unnamed trib Unnamed trib	Kogoluktuk River Mauneluk River	67.01543	-156.43502 -156.13206	7/13/2012 7/13/2012	16.3	4.9 16.3	0.01 0.02	CB	6.5 13.5	97.4 97.6	11.78 10.12	36.2 115.7	56.1 148.6	nm
UN03 UN04	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.04256 67.12383	-156.00801	6/9/2012	23.2	23.5	2.00	СВ		98.8	10.12	80.6	128.5	nm 7.36
UN04 UN04	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	19.8	23.5	1.25	СВ	6.1 11.2	103.2	11.25	152.3	206.9	
UN05	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	6/9/2012	7.8	23.3 10.7	2.00	GC	5.6	103.2	13.17	64.4	101.8	nm 6.93
UN05	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	7/14/2012	7.8	10.7	1.25	GC	9.1	108.4	12.21	105.4	151.7	
UN06	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	6/12/2012	7.8 7.8	16.6	2.00	GC	6.0	99.1	12.21	50.6	79.5	<i>nm</i> 6.11
UN06	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	7.8 7.5	14.2	0.02	СВ	10.3	109.4	12.18	86.7	121.1	
UN07	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	6/9/2012	11.5	14.2	2.00	GC	5.6	110.0	13.28	114.3	180.4	nm 6.76
UN07	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	6.1	7.3	0.02	CB	8.9	10.0	11.63	190.4	276.8	
UN08		Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	67.11038	-155.00900	7/14/2012	5.8	7.3	1.50	СВ		94.0	10.79	81.4	116.6	nm
UN09	15 16	Unnamed trib	Reed River	67.19412	-153.00900	7/15/2012	5.8	13.3	1.30	GC	9.1 9.4	94.0 95.1	10.79	136.1	110.0	nm
UN10		Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	67.01060	-154.88209	6/9/2012			2.00	CB	6.3	107.2	12.55	87.9	133.0	nm 6.93
UN10 UN10	11 11	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	67.01060	-155.08077	7/15/2012	4.7 4.7	4.7 7.7	0.01	СВ	9.7	63.1	7.07	126.7	133.0	
UN10	9	Unnamed trib	Narvak Lake	66.99952	-155.61014	6/9/2012	5.4	5.6	2.00	GC	6.3	98.8	11.97	284.6	442.7	nm 7.29
UN11	9	Unnamed trib	Narvak Lake	66.99952	-155.61014	7/15/2012	3.4	5.1	0.01	GC	6.0	104.6	12.79	323.3	508.0	
UN12	13	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	67.07488	-155.28398	6/9/2012	7.0	7.0	2.00	GC	4.3	104.6	12.79	525.5 60.7	97.2	nm 6.86
UN12 UN12	13	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	67.07503	-155.27765	7/15/2012	5.8	6.8	0.01	GC	4.3 9.6	65.2	7.38	106.3	151.2	
UN12 UN13	25	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.07303	-153.27765	6/10/2012	10.2	10.2	2.00	CB	9.0	99.4	7.38 11.11	106.3	164.5	nm 7.45
UN13	25 25	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.06966	-153.11984	7/16/2012	10.2	10.2	1.50	СВ	9.2 12.4	93.0	9.86	202.0	265.7	
UN13 UN14	25 25	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	6/10/2012	3.0	3.1	2.00	GC	7.9	90.3	10.40	83.5	124.5	<i>nm</i> 6.31
UN14 UN14	25 25	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	6/10/2012					7.9 9.9	100.5	10.40	139.2	124.3 195.7	7.57
							nm 2 0	nm	nm	nm GC					254.5	
UN14	25 25	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	3.0 3.9	3.0 3.9	0.50	CB	9.6	nm 07.6	nm	179.4 88.1		nm 6.85
UN15 UN15	25 25	Unnamed trib Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork Alatna River Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.10036 67.10036	-152.74847 -152.74847	6/10/2012 7/16/2012	3.7		2.00 0-1%	СВ	11.8 12.6	97.6	10.21	108.6	118.0 142.0	
							5.7 6.1	4.6		СВ		nm	nm			nm 7.70
UN16 UN16	S7 S7	Unnamed trib	Helpmejack Creek	67.04146	-153.66153	6/9/2012 7/16/2012		7.5 7.5	2.00 0.02	СВ	7.3 8.4	96.5 96.0	11.22 11.20	121.7 141.0	182.0 208.7	7.70
		Unnamed trib	Helpmejack Creek	67.04146	-153.66153		6.1									nm
UN17 UN17	32	Unnamed trib Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork John River	67.04867	-152.12670	6/11/2012	9.3	8.5	2.00	GC GC	9.0	92.1	10.27	36.2	52.1	6.41
UN17 UN18	32 25	Unnamed trib	Malamute Fork John River Bedrock Creek	67.04867 67.09319	-152.12669 -152.72504	7/17/2012 6/10/2012	7.1 12.8	7.2 13.0	0.50 2.00	CB	11.3 12.0	nm 94.5	nm 9.91	128.9 64.5	174.5 85.7	nm 7.05
UN18			Bedrock Creek							СВ						
UN18 UN19	25	Unnamed trib Unnamed trib	Jim River	67.09319	-152.72504	7/17/2012 6/11/2012	12.8	13.0	1.50 2.00	GC	13.4 9.2	nm	nm 10.87	118.3 10.6	151.9	nm 5 11
UN19 UN19	38 38	Unnamed trib	Jim River	66.78889 66.78889	-150.85132 -150.85132	7/20/2012	4.1 3.2	4.3 4.3	1.00	GC		97.6 80.8	8.90	16.7	15.3 22.8	5.44
										GC	11.0					nm
UN20	35	Unnamed trib	South Fork Koyukuk River South Fork Koyukuk River	66.67128	-151.48851	7/20/2012	23.3	25.5	0.50 0.50	GC	13.4 8.3	78.3	8.16	140.0	179.8	nm
UN21 UN22	36 86	Unnamed trib Unnamed trib	•	66.82559	-151.17087 -154.04053	7/20/2012 6/9/2012	3.6	5.0 16.4	2.00	GC	8.3 8.7	82.5	9.71 11.35	125.5	184.2 74.7	nm 6.95
UN22 UN22	S6 S6	Unnamed trib	Hogatza River Hogatza River	66.86933 66.86933	-154.04053 -154.04053	7/21/2012	8.8 5.9	16.4 16.4	1.25	GC	8.7 8.1	101.1 82.1	9.79	51.0 69.7	104.5	
UN23	S5	Unnamed trib	Hogatza River	66.85331	-154.04033	6/9/2012	3.9	4.1	2.00	GC	13.4	85.7	9.79 8.62	94.1	104.3	nm 6.82
UN23 UN23	S5	Unnamed trib	Hogatza River	66.85331	-154.29780	7/21/2012	3.0	3.5	0.50		10.5	96.7	10.72	94.1 111.1	153.8	
UN23 UN24	39	Unnamed trib	Jim River	66.83560	-154.29780	7/21/2012	8.2	8.8	0.50	nm CB	10.5	96.7	10.72	63.1	82.0	nm
	39 24							22.5	0.30	СВ						nm
UN25a	<i>2</i> 4	Unnamed trib	Alatna River	67.22524	-153.55644	7/23/2012	22.5	22.3	0.01	CB	10.2	105.3	11.81	176.8	246.4	nm

Survey Reach	Nearest Crossing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Wetted Width (m)	Bankful Width (m)	Gradient (%)	Dominant Substrate ^b	Temperature °C	DO (%)	DO (mg/L)	Conductivity (µS/cm ⁻¹)	Specific Conductance (µS/cm ⁻¹)	рН
UN26	15	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	5.8	7.6	nm	GC	7.6	103.5	12.34	83.1	124.3	nm
UN27	13	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	67.12892	-155.19577	7/24/2012	7.2	8.0	0.50	GC	7.8	106.7	12.65	162.1	241.6	nm
UN28	13	Unnamed trib	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	9.0	10.8	0.03	CB	8.9	106.5	12.33	147.7	213.4	nm
UN29	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	9.8	10.9	0.50	SA	7.4	65.4	7.84	152.4	230.0	nm
UN30	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.03453	-156.03934	7/25/2012	20.0	20.0	1.00	CB	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm
UN31	9	Unnamed trib	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	6.6	8.3	4.00	CB	8.5	107.6	12.58	108.4	158.2	nm
UN32	S 3	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	66.89105	-154.47314	9/4/2012	5.0	5.0	1.00	nm	6.8	91.5	11.16	45.8	70.2	nm
UN33	S 3	Unnamed trib	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.05337	-154.14697	9/4/2012	5.0	5.0	1.00	GC	6.0	103.5	12.88	64.5	101.3	nm
UN34	S 3	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	67.01901	-154.44464	9/4/2012	nm	nm	1.00	GC	5.5	100.5	12.68	35.7	56.9	nm
UN35	S 3	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	3.0	3.0	0.00	FN	5.1	78.7	9.89	32.0	51.7	nm
UN36	S 3	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	66.91783	-154.48701	9/5/2012	25.0	12.0	0.50	nm	6.6	93.1	11.37	44.9	69.5	nm
UN37	S 3	Unnamed trib	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.02964	-154.01124	9/7/2012	4.0	3.5	1.00	FN	4.7	101.1	12.99	105.6	172.3	nm
UN38	S3	Unnamed trib	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	7.0	7.0	1.00	СВ	5.1	100.6	12.80	25.6	41.3	nm

^a Refer to Figure 2 for the location of crossing codes ^b CB, cobble; GC, gravel coarse; GF, gravel fine; SA, sand; FN, fines *nm* = not measured





Appendix C. Results of fishing effort in streams within the proposed Brooks East Corridor survey area, Alaska, July and September 2012.

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	76
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	112
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	109
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	108
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	109
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	124
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	87
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	83
UL01	0	Ulaneak Creek	Ambler River	67.39883	-156.81866	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	98
RI01	1	Riley Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.05552	-156.70256	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	108
RI01	1	Riley Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.05552	-156.70256	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	102
RI01	1	Riley Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.05552	-156.70256	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	128
RI01	1	Riley Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.05552	-156.70256	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RU01	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.09978	-156.92219	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	20
RU01	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.09978	-156.92219	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
RU01	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.09978	-156.92219	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
RU01	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.09978	-156.92219	7/13/2012	Visual Observation	Arctic Grayling	adult	-
RU02	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.11267	-156.91756	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RU02	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.11267	-156.91756	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
RU02	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.11267	-156.91756	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
RU02	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.11267	-156.91756	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	79
RU02	1	Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	67.11267	-156.91756	7/14/2012	Dipnet	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	85
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	70
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	70

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Dipnet	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	39
SH01	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11272	-156.91808	7/14/2012	Dipnet	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	34
SH02	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11806	-156.83575	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	-	-
SH02	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11806	-156.83575	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
SH02	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11806	-156.83575	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	-	-
SH02	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11806	-156.83575	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
SH02	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.11806	-156.83575	7/21/2012	Visual Observation	Arctic Grayling	adult	_
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	-	-
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	-	-
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	44
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	41
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	44
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	73
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	39
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	39
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	41
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	40
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	39
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	44
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	41
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	41
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	35
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	39
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	35
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	35
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	33
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	39
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	41
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	36
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	41
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	36
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	36
SH03	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	67.08774	-157.14510	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	33
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	57
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	52
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	55
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	53
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	51
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	64
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	36
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	40
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	35
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	39
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	38
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	29
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	36
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	35
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	34
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	38
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	40
SH04	1	Shungnak River	Kobuk River	66.98033	-157.30708	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	35
UN01	4	Unnamed tributary	Kogoluktuk River	67.01672	-156.44185	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	
UN01	4	Unnamed tributary	Kogoluktuk River	67.01672	-156.44185	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN01	4	Unnamed tributary	Kogoluktuk River	67.01672	-156.44185	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	
UN02	4	Unnamed tributary	Kogoluktuk River	67.01543	-156.43502	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN02	4	Unnamed tributary	Kogoluktuk River	67.01543	-156.43502	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN02	4	Unnamed tributary	Kogoluktuk River	67.01543	-156.43502	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	70
UN02	4	Unnamed tributary	Kogoluktuk River	67.01543	-156.43502	7/13/2012	Visual Observation	Arctic Grayling	adult	-
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	39
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	33
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	34
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	32
KG01	4	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.09536	-156.40128	7/26/2012	Visual Observation	Arctic Grayling	adult	-
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	79
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	111

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	114
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
CN01	5	Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	67.02888	-156.66255	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	80
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	59
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	81
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	79
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	67
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	61
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	59
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	75
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	73
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	73
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	46
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	87
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	64
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
KG02	6	Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	67.01372	-156.68225	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	40
UN03	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.04256	-156.13206	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	115
UN03	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.04256	-156.13206	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	122
UN03	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.04256	-156.13206	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	85
UN03	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.04256	-156.13206	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	139
UN03	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.04256	-156.13206	7/13/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	115
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	87
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	107
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	129
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	112
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	119
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	94
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	101
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	150
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	99

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	97
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	98
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	102
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	73
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	88
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	87
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	80
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	95
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	96
UN04	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12383	-156.00801	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	69
UN05	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	95
UN05	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	114
UN05	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	104
UN05	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	126
UN05	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	117
UN05	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	118
UN05	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN05	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.05437	-155.81388	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	70
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	64
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	59
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	73
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	46
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	109
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	46
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	76
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	40
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Visual	Arctic Grayling	adult	>300

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
							Observation			
UN07	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.11058	-155.63781	7/14/2012	Visual Observation	Arctic Grayling	adult	>300
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	110
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	129
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	118
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	111
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	135
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	102
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	100
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	100
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	123
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	117
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	97
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	99
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	125
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	113
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	123
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	114
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	168
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	128
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	122
UN06	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02217	-155.84178	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	78
MN01	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.11119	-155.63925	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
MN01	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.11119	-155.63925	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
MN01	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.11119	-155.63925	7/14/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN11	9	Unnamed tributary	Narvak Lake	66.99952	-155.61014	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN11	9	Unnamed tributary	Narvak Lake	66.99952	-155.61014	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN11	9	Unnamed tributary	Narvak Lake	66.99952	-155.61014	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	82
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	73
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	70
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	44
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Chum Salmon	juvenile	55
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Chum Salmon	juvenile	57
MN02	9	Mauneluk River	Kobuk River	67.00295	-156.09182	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Chum Salmon	juvenile	41
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Northern Pike	juvenile	193
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Northern Pike	juvenile	145
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	27
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Chum Salmon	juvenile	52
UN29	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.02696	-156.04826	7/25/2012	Electrofishing	Chum Salmon	juvenile	58
UN30	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.03453	-156.03934	7/25/2012	Visual Observation	Chum Salmon	adult	-
UN30	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.03453	-156.03934	7/25/2012	Visual Observation	Arctic Grayling	adult	-
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	72
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	59
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	75
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	59
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Dolly Varden	juvenile	85
UN31	9	Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	67.12433	-155.63481	7/26/2012	Electrofishing	Dolly Varden	juvenile	127
UN10	11	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.01060	-155.08077	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	83
UN10	11	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.01060	-155.08077	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN10	11	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.01060	-155.08077	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	75
UN10	11	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.01060	-155.08077	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	144
BV01	13	Beaver Creek	Kobuk River	67.07523	-155.27667	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	
BV01	13	Beaver Creek	Kobuk River	67.07523	-155.27667	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	
BV01	13	Beaver Creek	Kobuk River	67.07523	-155.27667	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	41
BV01	13	Beaver Creek	Kobuk River	67.07523	-155.27667	7/15/2012	Visual Observation	Arctic Grayling	adult	-
UN12	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.07503	-155.27765	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	-	_
UN12	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.07503	-155.27765	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	-	-

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UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	45
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	50
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	43
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	59
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	63
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	64
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	52
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	47
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UNIO7 12 Universed tributeur. Program Creek 67 12002 155 10577 7/24/2012 Electro-Febrica Climy Coulain invente of dult	54
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	36
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	37
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	53
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	47
UN27 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12892 -155.19577 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Burbot juvenile	111
UN28 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12244 -155.21069 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	68
UN28 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12244 -155.21069 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	52
UN28 13 Unnamed tributary Beaver Creek 67.12244 -155.21069 7/24/2012 Electrofishing Slimy Sculpin juvenile/adult	44

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN28	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN28	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
UN28	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
UN28	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48
UN28	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	70
UN28	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN28	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
UN28	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN28	13	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.12244	-155.21069	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
UN08	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.00270	-155.00900	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN08	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.00270	-155.00900	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN08	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	67.00270	-155.00900	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	46
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	40
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	33
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	35
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	40
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	59
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	91
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	46
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	81
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	72
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	64
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	59
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	40
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	41
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	38
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	38
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	43
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	35
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	64
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	41
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Dolly Varden	juvenile	88
UN26	15	Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	66.98333	-155.02530	7/24/2012	Electrofishing	Dolly Varden	juvenile	98
UN09	16	Unnamed tributary	Reed River	67.19412	-154.88269	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
UN09	16	Unnamed tributary	Reed River	67.19412	-154.88269	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
UN09	16	Unnamed tributary	Reed River	67.19412	-154.88269	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
UN09	16	Unnamed tributary	Reed River	67.19412	-154.88269	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RD01	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.19318	-154.88084	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RD01	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.19318	-154.88084	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RD01	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.19318	-154.88084	7/15/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RD02	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.06531	-154.81343	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
RD02	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.06531	-154.81343	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
RD02	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.06531	-154.81343	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
RD02	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.06531	-154.81343	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RD02	16	Reed River	Kobuk River	67.06531	-154.81343	7/21/2012	Visual Observation	Arctic Grayling	juvenile/adult	_
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	59
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
AL01	24	Alatna River	Koyukuk River	67.18136	-153.48386	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48
UN25a	24	Unnamed tributary	Alatna River	67.22524	-153.55644	7/23/2012	Visual Observation	Chum Salmon	adult	-
UN25b	24	Unnamed tributary	Alatna River	67.22868	-153.59320	7/23/2012	Visual Observation	Chinook Salmon	adult	-
UN13	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.06966	-153.11984	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN13	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.06966	-153.11984	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN13	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.06966	-153.11984	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	94
UN14	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN14	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN14	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN14	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	Dipnet	Coho Salmon	juvenile	46
UN14	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	Dipnet	Coho Salmon	juvenile	48
UN14	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	Dipnet	Chum Salmon	juvenile	38
UN14	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	Dipnet	Chum Salmon	juvenile	44
UN14	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	Dipnet	Coho Salmon	juvenile	47
UN14	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.11074	-152.93070	7/16/2012	Dipnet	Coho Salmon	juvenile	47
UN15	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.10036	-152.74847	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	Coho Salmon	juvenile	58
UN15	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.10036	-152.74847	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	Coho Salmon	juvenile	57
UN15	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.10036	-152.74847	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN15	25	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.10036	-152.74847	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH		
TB01	25	Tobuk Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.07944	-153.18635	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
TB01	25	Tobuk Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.07944	-153.18635	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
TB01	25	Tobuk Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.07944	-153.18635	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
TB01	25	Tobuk Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.07944	-153.18635	7/16/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	69
TB01	25	Tobuk Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.07944	-153.18635	7/16/2012	Electrofishing	Chinook Salmon	juvenile	74
BD01	25	Bedrock Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.09796	-152.60043	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	-	_
BD01	25	Bedrock Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.09796	-152.60043	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
BD01	25	Bedrock Creek	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.09796	-152.60043	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN18	25	Unnamed tributary	Bedrock Creek	67.09319	-152.72504	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN18	25	Unnamed tributary	Bedrock Creek	67.09319	-152.72504	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN18	25	Unnamed tributary	Bedrock Creek	67.09319	-152.72504	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
SZ01	31	East Fork Sozhekla Creek	Sozhekla Creek	67.03600	-152.41211	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH		_
SZ01	31	East Fork Sozhekla Creek	Sozhekla Creek	67.03600	-152.41211	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
SZ01	31	East Fork Sozhekla Creek	Sozhekla Creek	67.03600	-152.41211	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
SZ01	31	East Fork Sozhekla Creek	Sozhekla Creek	67.03600	-152.41211	7/17/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	104
SZ01	31	East Fork Sozhekla Creek	Sozhekla Creek	67.03600	-152.41211	7/17/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	41
SZ01	31	East Fork Sozhekla Creek	Sozhekla Creek	67.03600	-152.41211	7/17/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	39
UN17	32	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork John River	67.04867	-152.12669	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN17	32	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork John River	67.04867	-152.12669	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN17	32	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork John River	67.04867	-152.12669	7/17/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN17	32	Unnamed tributary	Malamute Fork John River	67.04867	-152.12669	7/17/2012	Dipnet	Coho Salmon	juvenile	59
UN20	35	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.67128	-151.48851	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	39
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	29

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	35
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	32
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	33
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	30
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	31
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	29
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	34
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	29
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	26
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	137
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	85
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	76
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	80
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	77
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	77
UN21	36	Unnamed tributary	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.82559	-151.17087	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	70
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	55
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	62
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	49
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	76
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	33
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	72
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	49
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	72
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	47
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	97
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	55
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	66
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	55
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	52
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	61
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	55
UN19	38	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.78889	-150.85132	7/20/2012	Electrofishing	Chinook Salmon	juvenile	48
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	81
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	81
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	79
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	86
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	75
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	91
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	72
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	37
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	40
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	55
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	29
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	31
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	31
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	62
UN24	39	Unnamed tributary	Jim River	66.83560	-150.64531	7/23/2012	Electrofishing	Coho Salmon	juvenile	61
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	38
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	41
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	39
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Chum Salmon	juvenile	38
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Chum Salmon	juvenile	36
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	46
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
RD03	S2	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.96365	-154.81606	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Burbot	juvenile	156
KB01	S 3	Kobuk River	None	67.02165	-154.35763	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	78
KB01	S 3	Kobuk River	None	67.02165	-154.35763	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
KB01	S3	Kobuk River	None	67.02165	-154.35763	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
KB01	S 3	Kobuk River	None	67.02165	-154.35763	9/4/2012	Visual Observation	Chum Salmon	adult	_
KB01	S 3	Kobuk River	None	67.02165	-154.35763	9/4/2012	Visual Observation	Chum Salmon	adult	_
UN32	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.89105	-154.47314	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	101
UN32	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.89105	-154.47314	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN32	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.89105	-154.47314	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	92
UN33	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.05337	-154.14697	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
UN33	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.05337	-154.14697	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	86
UN33	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.05337	-154.14697	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	87
UN33	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.05337	-154.14697	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN34	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.01901	-154.44464	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	128
UN34	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.01901	-154.44464	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	130
UN34	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.01901	-154.44464	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN34	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.01901	-154.44464	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN35	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	101

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN35	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	96
UN35	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN35	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	87
UN35	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	146
UN35	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	116
UN35	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	131
UN35	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
UN35	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	67.00066	-154.55439	9/4/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	95
UN36	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.91783	-154.48701	9/5/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN36	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.91783	-154.48701	9/5/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN36	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.91783	-154.48701	9/5/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN37	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.02964	-154.01124	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	128
UN37	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.02964	-154.01124	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	147
UN37	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.02964	-154.01124	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	79
UN37	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.02964	-154.01124	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN37	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.02964	-154.01124	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN37	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kichaiakalea Creek	67.02964	-154.01124	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN38	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN38	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN38	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN38	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	-
UN38	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	122
UN38	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	123
UN38	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	115
UN38	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	73
UN38	S3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN38	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	34
UN38	S 3	Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	66.99846	-154.54691	9/7/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
RD04	S4	Reed River	Kobuk River	66.88630	-154.83643	9/4/2012	Visual	Chum Salmon	adult	_

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
							Observation			
UN23	S5	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.85331	-154.29780	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	121
UN23	S5	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.85331	-154.29780	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	55
UN23	S5	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.85331	-154.29780	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	51
UN23	S5	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.85331	-154.29780	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	57
UN23	S5	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.85331	-154.29780	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Arctic Grayling	juvenile	63
HG01	S6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	46
HG01	S6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
HG01	S6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	72
HG01	S6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	77
HG01	S6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
HG01	S6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
HG01	S6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
HG01	S6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	Visual Observation	Chum Salmon	adult	-
HG01	S 6	Hogatza River	Koyukuk	66.82131	-153.99037	7/21/2012	Visual Observation	Chum Salmon	adult	-
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	78
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	70
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	72
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	89
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	54

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	59
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	52
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	36
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	38
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	32
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	29
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	64
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	78
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	51
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	53
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	66
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	84
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	85
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	42
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	58
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	48
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	56
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	45
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	63
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	77
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	67
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	44
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	87
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	81
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	87
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	69
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	70
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	73
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	78
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	75
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	61
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	72
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	62
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	50
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	71

Survey Reach	Nearest Crosssing ^a	Waterbody	Tributary to	Latitude °N	Longitude °W	Date	Sampling Method	Species	Life History Stage	Length (mm)
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	74
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	60
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	68
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	65
UN22	S6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Burbot	juvenile	115
UN22	S 6	Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	66.86933	-154.04053	7/21/2012	Electrofishing	Burbot	juvenile	119
HJ01	S7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.05835	-153.79528	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
HJ01	S7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.05835	-153.79528	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	86
HJ01	S 7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.05835	-153.79528	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
HJ01	S 7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.05835	-153.79528	7/16/2012	Electrofishing	Dolly Varden	juvenile	122
HJ02	S7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.04015	-153.66203	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
HJ02	S7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.04015	-153.66203	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
HJ02	S7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.04015	-153.66203	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
HJ02	S7	Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	67.04015	-153.66203	7/16/2012	Visual	Arctic Grayling	adult	_
LINIA	67	T.L d tolk-stars.	Halamaia da Carala	67.04146	152 ((152	7/1//2012	Observation	NO EIGH		
UN16	S7	Unnamed tributary	Helpmejack Creek	67.04146	-153.66153	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	NO FISH	_	_
UN16	S7	Unnamed tributary	Helpmejack Creek	67.04146	-153.66153	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	86
UN16	S7	Unnamed tributary	Helpmejack Creek	67.04146	-153.66153	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	81
UN16	S7	Unnamed tributary	Helpmejack Creek	67.04146	-153.66153	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	Slimy Sculpin	juvenile/adult	57
UN16	S7	Unnamed tributary	Helpmejack Creek	67.04146	-153.66153	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	94
UN16	S7	Unnamed tributary	Helpmejack Creek	67.04146	-153.66153	7/16/2012	Minnow Trap	Dolly Varden	juvenile	85

^a Refer to Figure 2 for the location of crossing codes

STREAM HABITAT SURVEYS OF PROPOSED BRIDGE CROSSINGS ON THE BROOKS EAST CORRIDOR

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INTRODUCTION

The Ambler Mining District Access Project is a State of Alaska undertaking with the objective of identifying, designing, and constructing an access and transportation corridor to the Ambler mineral belt. Of the several preliminary corridors that were initially evaluated for development potential, 1 has been selected for field work in preparation for regulatory requirements defined by the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. The proposed corridor, referred to as the Brooks East Corridor, extends east from the Ambler mineral belt to the Dalton Highway (Figure 1). DOWL HKM contracted ABR, Inc.—Environmental Research & Services (ABR) on behalf of the Alaska Industrial Development and Export Authority (AIDEA) to characterize fish and aquatic habitat resources along the Brooks East Corridor.

In 2012, ABR conducted field surveys to sample for the presence of resident and anadromous fish species in streams crossed by the proposed corridor (Lemke et al. 2013). Fish species not previously described in the area were reported to the Alaska Department of Fish & Game (ADFG) for inclusion in the "Catalog of Waters Important for the Spawning, Rearing, or Migration of Anadromous Fishes," known as the Anadromous Waters Catalog (AWC; ADFG

2013). As a result of the 2012 surveys, 175.5 km of streams were identified for nomination to the AWC for Pacific salmon (Lemke et al. 2013). Furthermore, 272.6 km of stream were identified as potential Dolly Varden (*Salvelinus malma*) habitat for inclusion in the ADFG Alaska Freshwater Fish Index (AFFI) (Lemke et al. 2013). Official AWC nominations from the 2012 sampling occurred in September 2013 and the catalog will reflect these nominations in the spring of 2014 (Appendix A) (ADFG 2013).

In 2013, ABR's summer field survey efforts focused on stream and riparian habitat assessments at proposed bridge crossings along the corridor. Fish sampling was not conducted in 2013. This report summarizes the 2013 stream habitat surveys and integrates these results with data on known fish assemblages in those waterbodies.

BACKGROUND

The Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act is federal legislation mandating conservation and protection of fishery resources while optimizing harvests of commercial fish stocks. Among the Act's mandates is a requirement for the protection of Essential Fish Habitat (EFH) utilized by fish species, including Pacific salmon, which have been assigned a federal management plan. For anadromous salmon in Alaska, EFH includes both freshwater and marine habitats. Where Pacific salmon are present in Alaskan freshwaters, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries) is the agency with primary management authority over the fish and their habitat.

In addition to federal management, the Alaska state constitution describes the state's mandate to maintain proper functioning and connectivity of aquatic habitats, along with proper management of harvests to preserve sustained yields of anadromous fish. Consequently, in Alaska, habitats that are used by migrating, spawning, or rearing anadromous fish are protected under multiple administrative jurisdictions, including the Alaska Statute (AS) 16.05.877 (the Anadromous Fish Act) (Buckwalter 2010). Furthermore, the ADFG AWC serves to designate these anadromous habitats in Alaska

The following survey was conducted with the notion that the state and federal permits necessary to proceed with the Ambler Mining District Access Project will require knowledge of potential impacts to any fish habitat that may be traversed by the proposed road.

OBJECTIVES

- Objective 1: Document the stream habitat conditions in waterbodies associated with potential bridge crossings along the Brooks East Corridor
- Objective 2: Integrate stream habitat and fish presence data from the study area to determine potential impacts of bridge construction on stream habitat

STUDY AREA

The Brooks East Corridor crosses numerous rivers, large creeks, and smaller waterbodies along its ~200 mile length. As defined in the United States Geological Survey's National Hydrography Dataset (USGS NHD) (USGS 2013), the proposed Brooks East Corridor crosses 7 subbasins (NHD fourth level: the Middle Kobuk River, Upper Kobuk River, Alatna River, Allakaket, Upper Koyukuk River, Koyukuk Flats, and South Fork Koyukuk River) and 19 watersheds (NHD fifth level; Figure 2). The current corridor is described as a "preferred" route with alternative routes along 2 relatively short stretches: a 23-km "northern option" near the western end of the corridor which runs roughly parallel to, and north of the Manuleak River (the proposed route runs roughly parallel to, and south of the Manuleak River) and a 94-km "southern option" near the middle of the corridor where it passes through the Gates of the Arctic National Preserve (Figure 2). Survey locations for the 2013 sampling effort were preselected by DOWL HKM personnel at 18 bridge crossings that have been identified and studied to some degree by Project personnel between the Shungnak River and the Jim River, though additional potential bridge crossings undoubtedly will be identified going forward.

METHODS

Aquatic sampling surveys occurred during 12–23 August 2013 and coincided with a period of low river flow which facilitated the differentiation of habitat segments and allowed safe wading by Project personnel. The ABR survey team was composed of 3 aquatic biologists who were accompanied by a local subsistence advisor, Allen A. Tickett, courtesy of DOWL HKM, with special knowledge of the study area. The survey team accessed each sample location by Bell 407 helicopter operated by Bristow Group, Inc. Surveys were generally conducted from west to east in the Brooks East Corridor, starting at the Shungnak River and ending at the Jim

River (Figure 1). Sampling priority was given to bridge crossings along the preferred corridor, followed by the northern and southern road options.

ABR stream habitat surveys focused on the largest waterbodies along the corridor and occurred approximately 1,000 ft upstream and 1,000 ft downstream of each proposed bridge crossing unless ground or water conditions reduced accessibility and dictated a shorter survey segment. Upon arriving at sample locations, the survey team flew over the entire 2,000 ft river survey reach centered on the proposed bridge crossing from an altitude of ~50–100 ft. During flight, video footage of the waterbody was collected using a Lumix TS3 digital camera and a GoPro Hero 3. This fly-over allowed the survey team to make an initial assessment of stream and riparian habitat, select possible habitat transect locations, and locate helicopter landing zones. Once on the ground, survey team members walked as much of the 2,000 ft reach as feasible, sketching a rough map along the way. These sketches served to highlight instream substrate transition zones, run-riffle-pool sequences, riparian vegetation, and other stream features (e.g., exposed gravel bars). GPS coordinates were recorded using a DeLorme Earthmate PN-60 to demarcate transition zones and notable reach characteristics. Additional photo-documentation was completed to compliment stream sketches.

After the initial assessment of stream features, the survey team selected 1–3 instream cross-sectional habitat transects at various points along the stream reach. Reaches with uniform flow regimes and homogeneous substrate generally warranted a single habitat transect. Reaches with heterogeneous instream features warranted 2–3 transects. Once habitat transect locations were identified, survey team members recorded the date, time, and latitude and longitude (decimal degrees) of each transect. Next, ambient water quality measurements were collected using a YSI Professional Plus multiparameter meter. Variables measured were temperature (° C), pH, specific conductance (μS/cm), and dissolved oxygen (mg/L and %). A 250 ml water sample was collected for measurement of turbidity (in nephelometric turbidity units; NTU) using a Hach 2100P Turbidometer. The 48-hour precipitation level (low, medium, high), water color (clear, ferric, glacial-high turbidity, glacial-low turbidity, humic, muddy), and stream stage (dry, low, medium, high) were assessed qualitatively and recorded.

Instream channel characteristics along the habitat transect were recorded using a measuring tape, survey rod, and clinometer. Variables collected were wetted width (m), bankfull width (m),

thalweg depth (m), stream gradient (%), and bank angle (°). Instream substrate composition was recorded along the transect after walking from bank to bank. Substrate was recorded as a percentage of bedrock, boulder, cobble, gravel, sand, silt, and clay and totaled 100%. Depending on flow and turbidity, substrate photos were taken along each transect. Instream channel cover was assessed for the presence of filamentous algae and periphyton, macrophytes, large woody debris (diameter greater than 0.3 m), small woody debris (diameter less than 0.3 m), live tree roots, overhanging vegetation, undercut bank, boulders, and artificial structures. Each parameter was expressed as a qualitative percentage of the total stream cover within 10 m upstream and downstream of the habitat transect and noted as absent (0%), sparse (less than 10%), moderate (10–40%), moderately abundant (40–75%), and abundant (greater than 75%).

Riparian vegetation was described for the left and right bank (facing downstream) within 10 m of the water's edge width along the habitat transect. Riparian vegetation was categorized as ground cover (vegetation less than 0.5 m), understory (0.5–5 m), and canopy (greater than 5 m). Vegetation type (coniferous, deciduous, or mixed) and percent cover were recorded for ground cover, understory, and canopy using the same qualitative percentage scale as instream channel cover.

Flow (m/s) and depth (m) were measured at up to 10 equally spaced points along the transect using a Marsh McBirneyFlo-Mate 2000 portable flow meter and top-setting wading rod. Stream discharge (m³/s) for each sample site was calculated from the cross sectional water velocities and depth data. At least 4 photos were taken from the middle of each stream transect of the surrounding habitat looking upstream, downstream, towards left bank, and towards right bank. Following completion of habitat surveys at any given sample location, additional high-definition video was recorded from the air between proposed bridge crossings along the road corridor.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

ABR surveyed a total of 28 instream habitat transects in 14 waterbodies over 11 days of sampling during August 2013 field studies on the Brooks East Corridor Project (Figure 1, Appendix B). The waterbodies surveyed in the Project corridor include or flow into 1 of 2 major drainages; the Kobuk River or the Koyukuk River. Most streams in the Project corridor follow a

general north to south flow before reaching the Kobuk River or Koyokuk River (Figure 1). Habitat results are first presented for stream crossings along the preferred option, followed by stream crossings along the northern option and then the southern option. Some streams are crossed by more than one potential proposed corridor option. Detailed photographic records were kept at each stream crossing (see Plates). Additionally, a total of 3 hours of video footage was recorded of the corridor, including stream crossings, and is included as a supplemental DVD attached to the final report. Recent aerial photography obtained by DOWL HKM in 2012 was juxtaposed with aerial imagery from the 1970s and 1980s for each stream crossing (Appendix C), allowing a comparison of habitat changes (or lack thereof) over time. Finally, ambient water chemistry parameters were sampled at each stream crossing and provide a snapshot of stream conditions during August 2013 surveys (Appendix D). The following is a summary of habitat survey findings for each of the 18 stream crossings.

PROPOSED ROUTE

SHUNGNAK RIVER

The westernmost significant river crossing of the Brooks East Corridor is the Shungnak River (Figure 1). The Shungnak River flows ~95 miles from its headwaters in the Brooks Range to its confluence with the Kobuk River near the village of Kobuk. During 2012 fish surveys (Lemke et al. 2013), Slimy Sculpin (*Cottus cognatus*) and Arctic Grayling (*Thymallus arcticus*) were caught on the main body of the Shungnak River. Slimy Sculpin and Arctic Grayling were also captured on nearby Ruby Creek, a tributary to the Shungnak River. No Pacific salmon were caught or observed during those surveys. During physical habitat surveys in 2013, survey crew members observed juvenile Arctic Grayling in the 2,000-ft reach. The AWC shows no record of Pacific salmon in the Shungnak River as of November 2013 (Table 1).

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach and performed 3 instream habitat transect surveys on 12 August 2013 (Figure 3, Appendix B) (Plates 1–3). Most of the 2,000-ft reach at the Shungnak River crossing is a shallow (less than 1 m) riffle-run flow regime composed of boulder, cobble, gravel, and sand substrate. However, Transect 1 (SH-T1-13) is representative of the slackwater pool habitat available in this reach and substrate composition was dominated by fine sediment (80% silt and clay) rendering most of this transect unwadeable

due to the soft bottom. Transects 2 (SH-T2-13) and 3 (SH-T2-13) were upstream in shallow riffle-run habitat and substrate was dominated by gravel (40%) and cobble (30–35%). The majority of the reach provides good fish spawning habitat in the form of mixed gravel and cobble substrate. The downstream portion in the area of Transect 1 provides more slow moving water and fish refuge habitat than most of the sampled reach. Average flow measured at 2 transects was ~ 10.5 m³/s (Table 2).

Instream cover was sparse to moderately abundant. Transect 1 had moderate cover of macrophytes with sparse woody debris, filamentous algae, boulders, and overhanging vegetation. Transect 2 had sparse small woody debris, boulders, and overhanging vegetation. Transect 3 had moderate filamentous algae, overhanging vegetation, and undercut bank with sparse woody debris, live tree roots, and boulders. Most instream cover in this stream reach would provide refuge to smaller fish.

On all 3 transects, tall (greater than 5 m height) riparian canopy of black spruce (*Picea mariana*) occurred on one bank and no tall cover occurred on the opposite bank. Willow (*Salix* spp.) and tall grasses made up the majority of the understory (0.5–5 m in height), though a high percentage (30%) of understory at Transect 2 was composed of shrubs and berry plants. Ground cover vegetation (less than 0.5 m in height) varied by transect. Most of the stream margin shade was located in the middle portion of the reach. Bank stability appeared to be good as the channel has not changed markedly since 1978 (Appendix C).

KOGOLUKTUK RIVER

The next major river crossing on the Brooks East Corridor is the Kogoluktuk River, a ~98-mile-long river which flows into the Kobuk River east-northeast of the village of Kobuk (Figure 1). During 2012 fish surveys, ABR electrofished the mainstem of the river, capturing Slimy Sculpin. Juvenile Dolly Varden (*Salvelinus malma*) were captured in baited minnow traps on Riley Creek, a tributary to the Kogoluktuk River and Slimy Sculpin and Arctic Grayling also were observed on an unnamed tributary to Riley Creek (Table 1). In 2013, ABR observed several Arctic Grayling (*Thymallus arcticus*) in a side channel near a habitat survey transect and at least one adult Arctic Grayling was caught by the Project subsistence advisor using rod and reel. The AWC lists spawning Chum Salmon (*Oncorhynchus keta*), Dolly Varden, and whitefish

(*Coregonus* spp.) as present in the Kogoluktuk River. No Pacific salmon were observed by ABR during either 2012 or 2013 surveys.

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach and performed 2 instream habitat transect surveys on 13 August 2013 (Figure 4, Appendix B) (Plates 4–6). The segment of stream covered by the 2,000-ft reach was generally shallow, wadeable, and wide throughout (Appendix B). Both transects measured over 100 m bankfull width. The downstream end of the stream reach separated into a main and side channel. The main channel in this segment of stream was ~1 m deep but unwadeable due to high flow rates.

Instream substrate throughout the reach was relatively uniform, with a mixture of sand, gravel, and cobble. Transect 1 (KG-T1-13) crossed the main channel of the river, over a sand bar, and through side-channel habitat. The sand bar would be completely inundated at slightly higher water levels. Instream substrate on Transect 1 was composed of more sand (90%) than other parts of the 2,000-ft reach, perhaps because of its location downstream of a bend in the river where reduced water velocity allows sand to settle out. Transect 1 also crossed a side-channel where cobble and gravel made up ~45% of substrate (Table 2, Appendix B). The stream was relatively shallow in the area of Transect 2 (KG-T2-13) and the substrate was divided nearly evenly between cobble (30%), gravel (30%), and sand (40%). These mixed substrates may provide significant spawning habitat for fish. Furthermore, the run-pool flow regime of most of the 2,000-ft reach would provide abundant refuge habitat for fish. Average estimated discharge for the 2 transects was 23.86 m³/s.

Instream cover was generally sparse or absent in both Transect 1 and Transect 2. Some small woody debris was present in both transects, and sparse boulders were present at Transect 1. At Transect 2, there was sparse overhanging vegetation but moderate amounts of filamentous algae. Most of the available instream cover at the Kogoluktuk River crossing would be suitable for smaller fishes (e.g., Slimy Sculpin) in the form of mixed cobble and gravel.

At Transect 1, there was no riparian tall canopy within 10 m of the river on the left bank, while riparian tall canopy covered 50% of the ground within 10 m of the river on the right bank. Understory cover on the left bank was minimal (10%) and consisted of willow and tall grasses. On the right bank, the understory was dominated by willow, alder, and tall grass/shrubs. Ground

cover was limited on the left bank with 75% of the ground bare. On the right bank, ground cover was 90% and composed of grasses and small shrubs. At Transect 2, tall riparian cover on the left and right bank of the river covered 10% of the ground. Understory cover was composed of willow, alder, and tall grasses and was complete on the left bank moderate on the right bank. Ground cover on the left and right banks was abundant with grasses, shrubs, and saplings (90–95%). During the summer months, shade refuge would be most available to fish in the middle portion of the reach along the right bank of the bend in the river (Figure 4). The channel in the crossing reach does not appear to have changed markedly between 1978 and 2012 (Appendix C).

MAUNELUK RIVER

The next Brooks East Corridor crossing is the Mauneluk River, a ~114-mile-long tributary that flows into the Kobuk River ~16 miles east of the village of Kobuk (Figure 1). During 2012 surveys of the Mauneluk River and its tributaries, Chum Salmon, Dolly Varden, Slimy Sculpin, Northern Pike (*Esox lucius*), and Arctic Grayling were observed. Past nominations to the AWC reference whitefish and Chum Salmon on the Mauneluk River. ABR submitted nominations to extend the known upstream presence of Chum Salmon on the Maneuluk River by 84.2 km based on 2012 survey results (Table 1, Appendix A). Numerous large Arctic Grayling were caught using rod and reel by the subsistence advisor during ABR habitat field surveys in 2013. Additionally, Chum Salmon were observed spawning at the downstream extent of the surveyed reach near a point where the river braids into 3 sections (Figure 5).

ABR performed partial habitat surveys at observation points on 13 August 2013 (Figure 5, Appendix B) (Plates 7–8). Transects could not be conducted from bank to bank due to unwadeable conditions on most of the 2,000-ft reach. Efforts to find a suitable crossing in the reach by floating the stream with a packraft were unsuccessful due to a combination of high water velocities or the presence of deep pools. Discharge was measured downstream at an area where the stream braids into 3 channels, though this area lies outside the survey reach. Discharge was estimated at 34.4 m³/s (Table 2).

Within the 2,000-ft reach, downstream portions of the left bank were unwadeable due to deep pools while upstream portions of the right bank were unwadeable due to water velocity. Thus, 2 partial transects were completed at stream observation points. Instream substrate at the

upstream observation point (MN-T1-13), located in the middle to upper portion of the survey reach, was composed primarily of cobble and gravel (85%) with some sand (15%) and appeared typical of most of the rest of the reach. The second observation point (MN-T2-13) was located downstream of MN-T1-13 at a transition zone before the stream split into multiple channels. In this area of stream the channel widened and water velocities diminished somewhat allowing sand to settle. The percentage of sand increased to 40% and cobble and gravel decreased to 60% in this part of the reach (Table 2, Appendix B). Most of the reach provides excellent mixed gravels as spawning substrate for fish along with deep pools for resting or refuge.

Instream cover along the partial transects differed by location. MN-T1-13 had moderate cover of filamentous algae along with sparse big and small woody debris, live tree roots, and overhanging vegetation. This partial transect was representative of much of the reach, suggesting plentiful cover for fish and other stream organisms. MN-T2-13 had moderate cover by filamentous algae and overhanging vegetation with sparse cover by macrophytes and woody debris, but was less representative of the reach as a whole.

At MN-T1-13, riparian cover was almost completely absent within 10 m of shore on the right bank and it was clear that this area is submerged at higher flows. The left bank had limited spruce and alder (30%) canopy while the understory cover was 100% and consisted of willow, alder, and spruce. Ground cover of small grasses and saplings was almost 100%. The left bank of the proposed bridge crossing appears to have good stability due to vegetation and provides stream shade for fish. The proposed crossing passes through side-channel habitat where rearing fish likely are present (Figure 5). At the downstream extent of the reach, at MN-T2-13, there was no canopy on the right bank while spruce, alder, and birch made up 80% of canopy cover on the left bank. Willow and alder dominated the understory on both banks. There was little bare ground on either bank with small grass and herbaceous vegetation dominating both banks providing additional bank stability. The channel appears to have widened slightly in the upper and lower portions of the reach and sand bars appear to have grown somewhat in the period between 1981 and 2012 (Appendix C).

BEAVER CREEK

Beaver Creek is a ~84-mile stream that joins the Kobuk River between the confluences of the Mauneluk River and Reed River. Its confluence with the Kobuk River occurs just west of the Reed River, ~7 miles south of Lake Minakokosa (Figure 1). The area of the proposed bridge crossing occurs west of Sun Camp, a seasonal mining support encampment with an airstrip. In 2012, ABR biologists sampled Beaver Creek and several unnamed tributaries. Dolly Varden and Burbot (*Lota lota*) were captured in tributaries while Slimy Sculpin and Arctic Grayling were captured in Beaver Creek. No fish were observed during the 2013 physical habitat surveys. The AWC lists Chum Salmon as present in Beaver Creek (Table 1).

The stream reach was a roughly straight, shallow segment of stream with a riffle-run flow regime (Figure 6). Limited pool habitat available was available in the reach, with the most significant pool located near the inlet to an ephemeral side channel which had no water and was not sampled during our survey. The reach was shallow (less than 1 m deep) and water velocities slow enough that the stream was completely wadeable. Discharge estimates averaged 7.8 m³/s. ABR performed 2 habitat transect surveys on 14 August 2013 (Figure 6, Appendix B) (Plates 9–10). Transect 1 (BV-T1-13) was located in a shallow run in which the substrate was composed of cobble (50%), gravel (25%), and boulder (15%). Transect 2 (BV-T2-13) was located upstream near a pool-riffle-run sequence with nearly equal parts boulder, cobble, gravel, and sand. With high quantities of boulder and cobble, the reach may not be ideal spawning habitat for salmon.

Instream cover was widely available in the stream reach. Abundant filamentous algae and periphyton were present at both habitat survey transects. Sparse macrophyte cover, small woody debris, and undercut banks with moderate overhanging vegetation and boulder cover were present at both habitat transects. Sparse live tree roots were present along the stream banks at Transect 2. The reach would provide good cover for fish throughout, particularly with the addition of side channel habitat at higher flows (Table 2, Figure 6).

Riparian cover varied by transect location. A low percentage of spruce canopy (10%) was present at both transects. There was significant understory cover (90%) at Transect 1 composed of willow, short spruce, tall grasses, and herbaceous vegetation. Understory cover was only 30% on Transect 2. There was very little ground cover in the riparian zone of either transect

(Appendix B). However, stream banks appear to be stable and the channel does not appear to have changed markedly since 1981 (Appendix C). High cliff banks were present throughout most of the middle portion of the reach on the right bank and in downstream portions of the reach on the left bank, providing additional stream shade.

REED RIVER

The Reed River is a ~96-mile stream located in the Gates of the Arctic National Park between Beaver Creek and Walker Lake. Its confluence with the Kobuk River occurs ~5 miles east of Lake Minakokosa (Figure 1). During 2012 fish survey, ABR observed Chum Salmon (juvenile and adult), Slimy Sculpin, Arctic Grayling, and Burbot. Spawning Chum Salmon were observed during August 2013 habitat surveys. The AWC does not currently list Chum Salmon in the Reed River (Table 1). A nomination form has been submitted for the Reed River to add 30.3 km of anadromous waters to the AWC (Appendix A).

ABR performed 1 transect survey during stream habitat characterization on 15 August 2013 (Figure 7, Appendix B) (Plate 11). Waters within the 2,000-ft reach were a riffle-run-pool flow regime with significant pools formed at the outside bends in the river. A packraft was used to make a general characterization of the stream and its habitat and to determine the best location for the survey transect. Most waters in this reach were less than 1 m deep but only 1 completely wadeable transect was found. Stream substrate was relatively uniform throughout the reach and was composed of gravel (35%), sand (35%), cobble (20%), and boulder (10%). Discharge was estimated to be 26.5 m³/s. Substrates in large pools located at the outside of bends of the reach appeared to have a high composition of sand, suggesting lower stream velocities at those points the river (Table 2). In general, spawning habitat for fish was abundant as confirmed by observations of spawning Chum Salmon.

Instream cover was even throughout the crossing reach. Filamentous algae were present in moderate portions. Macrophytes, small woody debris, live tree roots, overhanging vegetation, and boulders were sparse. Thus, fish cover is somewhat limited in this stream. Waters were clear and visibility was excellent during surveys, confirming the uniform nature of instream habitat availability. Deep pools probably provide the best fish refuge in this section of the Reed River.

Riparian habitat varied by location in the reach. Most canopy occurred on the inside of the river bends and was composed of spruce. No canopy was observed within 10 m of shore on the left bank as water levels were low and exposed a significant sandbar. Beyond the sandbar, a large spruce stand was present. On the right bank, there was sparse spruce canopy. Willow, alder, and small spruce provided about 60% cover in the understory. The ground was ~30% bare. Several high banks along with some spruce provide shade cover for fish. The absence of significant riparian vegetation and steep banks might suggest some bank instability, though no major change in the channel occurred between 1981 and 2012 (Table 2, Appendices C and D).

KOBUK RIVER

The Kobuk River is a ~280-mile river whose headwaters begin high in the Brooks Range. The river flows generally north to south past the east shores of Walker Lake and eventually winds through the Project corridor before turning west and advancing to the Chukchi Sea. All streams located west of this crossing in the Brooks East Corridor eventually flow into the Kobuk River (Figure 1). During 2012 fish surveys, ABR observed or captured Chum Salmon (juvenile and adult), Slimy Sculpin, Dolly Varden, and Arctic Grayling near the proposed crossing of the Kobuk River. Arctic Grayling also were observed by ABR in 2013. The AWC currently lists Chum Salmon, Chinook Salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*), Dolly Varden, Sheefish, and whitefish in the Kobuk River (Table 1).

Due to deep waters, ABR was unable to conduct a thorough ground survey of instream substrate throughout the 2,000-ft reach on the Kobuk River. Instead, the stream reach was observed from a hovering helicopter before landing downstream of the reach where waters were shallow enough to perform a sampling transect. Although outside the reach, the transect location appeared representative of habitat upstream in the reach (Figure 8, Appendix B) (Plates 12–13). Waters within the crossing reach were a riffle-run flow regime and discharge was estimated as 29.7 m³/s on 15 August 2013 (Table 2). Significant side-channel habitat would be available to fish at higher water levels but this habitat was dry during our visit. On Transect 1 (KB-T1-13), substrate was composed of cobble (35%), gravel (35%), sand (25%), and boulders (5%). While flying over the reach, boulders appeared evenly scattered throughout the stream and there was no

indication that substrate in the rest of the reach was different from that observed on Transect 1. The evenly mixed substrate in the stream reach appeared ideal for fish spawning.

In general, instream habitat available to fish in the reach was evenly distributed and sparse to moderately abundant. On Transect 1, instream cover of macrophytes, small woody debris, live tree roots, undercut banks, and boulders was sparse. Filamentous algae and overhanging vegetation were moderately abundant (Table 2).

Riparian vegetation cover was similar throughout the reach but differed from left to right bank at any given location. Transect 1 left bank canopy was limited to willow and alder (25%), while the right bank had a dense cover (70%) of spruce, birch, and alder. The left bank understory was composed of grasses, willow, and berries and provided 50% cover while the right bank understory provided 100% cover from willow, alder, and spruce. Ground cover was nearly complete with herbaceous material, grass, and willow on both banks as well as some moss. In general, there was significant shade provided by canopy throughout the reach and good bank stability. Despite the appearance of meandering side-channels, the channel experienced only slight changes between 1981 and 2012 (Appendix C).

ALATNA RIVER

The ~338-mile-long Alatna River is the western-most major stream crossing in the Brooks East Corridor that flows into the Koyukuk River. The Alatna River joins with the Koyukuk River near the village of Allakaket (Figure 1). During 2012 fish surveys, ABR observed only Slimy Sculpin in the Alatna River. On tributaries to the Alatna River, including Helpmejack Creek and 2 unnamed streams, ABR observed Dolly Varden, Chum Salmon, Chinook Salmon, and Arctic Grayling. The AWC currently lists Chum Salmon, Chinook Salmon, and whitefish in the Alatna River. ABR did not observe any fish during 2013 habitat surveys on the Alatna River (Table 2).

ABR conducted habitat surveys of the crossing reach on the Alatna River on 17 August 2013 but found that waters were unwadeable and too deep to conduct instream surveys. Data were collected during low-level flights over the reach, on the ground at 2 observation points (AL-T1-13 and AL-T1-13) on the right bank of the reach, and observations made from a packraft. These observations revealed a uniform run-pool flow regime which might alternatively be referred to as glide habitat (Figure 9, Appendix B) (Plates 14–15). Discharge was not

measured on the Alatna River. Substrate composition appeared to be uniform throughout the reach and was composed of sand (35%), cobble (25%), silt (20%), boulders (10%), and gravel (10%). Though the substrate was composed of ~55% sand and fine material, there appeared to be sufficient mixed gravel and cobble to provide good spawning habitat for salmon in the reach (Table 2).

Habitat evaluation during the packraft float revealed limited instream cover, although sparse small woody debris was present and boulders were moderately abundant. Several deep pools were also present, providing limited boulder and pool habitat for fish refuge.

Riparian vegetation within 10 m of shore was uniform throughout the reach (Figure 9, Appendix B). Steep, exposed banks on either side of the river composed much of the immediate riparian zone and thus canopy was non-existent. However, beyond bankfull width, both sides of the river were vegetated with a thick spruce canopy. Some small alder and grass understory was present along the stream banks throughout the reach, along with sparse grass cover. Between 60% and 80% of the 10-m riparian zone was bare ground. Nonetheless, bank stability appeared good as very little change in the stream channel is discernible between 1981 and 2012 imagery. Deep pools and boulders, along with shade provided by spruce beyond the high banks of the river, probably provide ample refuge and shade for fish in this stream section.

MALAMUTE FORK ALATNA RIVER

The Malamute Fork Alatna River is a 61-mile-long river which flows roughly east to west and parallel to the Brooks East Corridor before turning south and joining with the Alatna River near Helpmejack Creek (Figure 1). During 2012 surveys, ABR observed various combinations of Coho Salmon (*Oncorhynchus kisutch*), Chinook Salmon, and Chum Salmon on Tobuk Creek and 2 unnamed tributaries to the Malemute Fork Alatna River, but did not sample in the river itself. The AWC lists Chum Salmon and Chinook Salmon in the Malamute Fork Alatna River. ABR nominated an additional 2 km of stream to the AWC for tributaries to the Malamute Fork Alatna River in 2013 (Appendix A). In 2013, ABR observed Chum Salmon during habitat surveys in the Malamute Fork Alatna River (Table 2).

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach on 17 August 2013. Habitat in the reach was relatively uniform with a riffle-run flow regime and only a small amount of pool

habitat (Figure 10, Appendix B) (Plate 16). Waters were generally wadeable and discharge was estimated at ~12.3 m³/s. A single habitat survey transect (MF-T1-13) revealed that stream substrate was composed of a nearly even mix of gravel (35%), sand (35%), and cobble (25%) with sparse boulders (5%). Substrate in the reach appears to be ideal salmon spawning habitat (Table 2).

Instream cover in the reach was limited but uniform throughout. Sparse amounts of filamentous algae, small woody debris, overhanging vegetation, undercut banks, and boulders were present. Thus, most available refuge habitat was appropriate for smaller fish. A small amount of pool habitat also would provide refuge (Figure 10).

Riparian vegetation cover was relatively uniform throughout the reach, with dense cover within 10 m of shore on the left bank and open canopy on the right bank, giving way to dense spruce habitat beyond. Tall cover on the left bank was primarily composed of alder (Appendix B). Most shade available to fish appeared to occur on the left bank. Understory cover on both banks was 70–75% and was composed of willow, alder, and tall grasses. Small grasses, willow and alder saplings, and herbaceous material made up 75–80% of ground cover. The stream channel appears to have changed very little between 1981 and 2012 (Appendix C).

UN18

UN18 is an unnamed tributary which flows ~22 miles to the Malamute Fork Alatna River near Bedrock Creek (Figure 1). UN18 was the smallest stream sampled by ABR in 2013. No previous records of fish have been recorded on this waterbody and ABR did not perform fish surveys in this stream in 2012. The AWC does not have a record of anadromous fish for this stream. ABR observed juvenile Northern Pike during habitat surveys in 2013 (Table 1).

ABR mapped and characterized stream habitat in UN18 on 16 August 2013. The stream is distinguished from other waterbodies surveyed in 2013 both in terms of its low average discharge (~0.5m³/s) and its sinuosity (Figure 11, Appendix B) (Plates 17–18). ABR collected data at 2 habitat survey transects (UN18-T1 and UN18-T2-13) representative of the mostly rifflerun-pool flow regime. Transect 1 was located in a shallow (less than 35 cm deep) riffle with instream substrate composed of boulder (50%), cobble (30%), gravel (15%), and sparse sand (5%). The substrate at Transect 1 did not appear to be appropriate for spawning salmon. Transect

2 was located just beyond a riffle in a large pool and substrate was evenly composed of boulder (25%), cobble (25%), gravel (25%), and sand (25%) and appeared to be higher quality salmonid spawning habitat (Table 2).

Instream cover was generally abundant throughout the reach. Filamentous algae was moderate to abundant and cover by overhanging vegetation was moderate throughout the reach. Small woody debris, undercut banks, and live tree roots were sparse to moderately abundant. Depending on the section of river, boulders were sparse to abundant. Though no fish surveys have been conducted here, the presence of juvenile Northern Pike suggests that the stream is excellent habitat for rearing fish.

Tall riparian vegetation cover varied depending on location in the stream but ranged from sparse spruce trees to dense alder, spruce, and birch, with some willow. Understory cover ranged from moderate to abundant, comprising willow, alder, and spruce. Ground cover was generally abundant with grasses, moss, and herbaceous material, though there was a large amount of bare ground associated with a sand bar on the right bank just upstream of Transect 2. The generally dense vegetation provides good shade cover throughout the reach and would appear to provide channel stability. However, comparison of imagery between 1982 and 2012 indicates that there were notable changes in the stream channel in the area of the proposed bridge (Appendix C).

KOYUKUK RIVER

The Koyukuk River is a 425-mile tributary to the Yukon River; it is the last major tributary entering the Yukon River before it meets the Bering Sea. ABR did not sample the Koyukuk River during 2012 fish surveys (Lemke et al. 2013). No fish observations were made during physical habitat sampling in 2013 (Table 1). Sheefish, whitefish, and 4 species of Pacific salmon are listed in the AWC for the Koyukuk River (Table 1). The Brooks East Corridor has 2 proposed bridge crossings on the Koyukuk River, both near the former (old) site of the village of Bettles (Figure 1).

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach on 22 August 2013 but did not perform an instream habitat transect survey because the stream was unwadeable due to deep water and strong flow. The entire stream reach was a mix of run and glide flow regime. Instream substrate and riparian habitat were characterized at 3 observations points along the stream's left

bank (Figure 12, Appendix B) (Plate 19). ABR floated the reach in a packraft to determine if wadeable transects were present, but none were observed. At the most upstream observation point, at a downstream inside bend in the river, substrate visible from the bank was predominantly sand, as might be expected at such a location where velocity decreases and sand settles out of the water column. Significant gravel and cobble instream substrate could be observed from the left bank along with moderate amounts of large and small woody debris. The left bank in this reach was composed of a large sand bar with little vegetation. Riparian vegetation on the right bank was dense and composed mainly of spruce and willow. The substrate at the second observation point, downstream between 2 proposed bridge crossings was composed of mostly sand, but transitioned to cobble, gravel, and boulder shortly downstream. Between the first and second observations points, the right bank vegetation transitioned from spruce to alder. Substrate composition at the farthest downstream observation point appeared to be composed of primarily of cobble, gravel, and boulder. Overall, this reach likely provides plentiful spawning and refuge habitat to many fishes, including salmon. The channel in this reach appears to have changed slightly between 1981 and 2012, mostly in the form of growing sandbars in upper and lower portions of the stream reach (Appendix C).

SOUTH FORK KOYUKUK RIVER

The South Fork Koyukuk River is a large tributary to the Koyukuk River and joins with the main fork ~15 miles south of the village of Bettles (Figure 1). ABR did not sample the South Fork Koyukuk River during 2012 fish surveys (Lemke et al. 2013). Chum Salmon, Chinook Salmon, and whitefish species are known to inhabit the South Fork Koyukuk, according to the AWC (Table 1). In 2013, the ABR survey crew made one observation of a dead Burbot (Table 1).

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach and performed 1 stream habitat transect survey on 22 August 2013 (Figure 13, Appendix B) (Plates 20–21). The flow regime in the stream crossing reach was dominated by a mix of run and pool habitat, with run-riffle habitat in the mid-section of the reach. Flow was estimated to be 13.75 m³/s (Table 2). Transect 1 (SF-T1-13) was located at the proposed bridge crossing. Substrate along the transect was composed of cobble (40%), gravel (30%), boulder (15%), and sand (15%). This transect appeared to be

representative of much of the reach which should provide excellent spawning substrate for salmon. Instream cover along the habitat transect was sparse with some small woody debris. Thus, only sparse amounts of cover were available and suitable mostly for smaller fish.

Large exposed sand banks were present on both right and left banks of the reach. The left bank provided very little riparian vegetation cover. The canopy was absent and the understory only provided 15% cover from willow, herbaceous material, and fireweed. Ground cover was composed of exposed cobble, gravel, and sand (90%) with small patches of fireweed and willow (10%). The right bank vegetation was heavily affected by the presence of a winter trail and canopy cover was only 10%, by spruce, birch, and willow. The understory was dense with poplar, fireweed, herbaceous material, tall grasses, and willow, which together provided 70% cover. Ground cover was 75%, comprising herbaceous vegetation, moss, and poplar saplings. Limited canopy shade was available to the stream due to the distance from water. Numerous pools probably provide most refuge for fish in the reach. The sample reach channel on the South Fork Koyukuk River appears to be less stable than the reaches assessed on most other streams in this study. The channel appears to have shifted slightly to the west in the area of the proposed bridge crossing between 1981 and 2013 (Appendix C).

JIM RIVER

The Jim River is the easternmost significant river crossing before the proposed Brooks East Corridor joins the Dalton Highway (Figure 1). ABR did not sample the Jim River during fish surveys in 2012 (Lemke et al. 2013). The AWC lists Chum Salmon as present in the Jim River (Table 1). During 2013 stream habitat surveys, the ABR survey team observed Chum Salmon and Arctic Grayling.

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach and performed 1 instream habitat transect survey on 22 August 2013 (Figure 14, Appendix B) (Plates 22–24). The reach had a diversity of stream flow habitat types including riffle-run-pool and run-glide sequences as well as side channel and backwater pool habitat. Transect 1 (JM-T1-13) was located immediately downstream of the proposed bridge crossing within a long run. The substrate was representative of much of the run and run-glide sequences and consisted of gravel (45%), cobble (35%), sand (15%), and boulder (5%) which should provide excellent fish spawning habitat. Instream cover

was sparse along the transect but consisted of filamentous algae, large and small woody debris, and boulders. However, abundant pool habitat would provide good refuge for fish. Discharge was among the lowest estimated for streams surveyed on this Project at 5.06 m³/s (Table 2).

Canopy cover was absent from both the left and right banks of the habitat transect, because the stream channel bankfull width extended well beyond the wetted width at the low flows observed in August 2013. The understory varied and was composed of willow and fireweed on the right bank (15%) and willow, alder, birch, and fireweed (60%) on the left bank. Right bank ground cover primarily was composed of exposed gravel and cobble (90%) along with sparse fireweed and willow. Ground cover on the left bank was composed of moss, herbaceous vegetation, and woody shrubs (50%) with bare ground visible throughout (50%). Good shade cover appeared to be scattered evenly about the reach, but bare ground and numerous sand bars indicated significant potential for bank erosion. The channel in this reach appears to have changed more than most streams surveyed in this study since 1979 (Appendix C). However, the channel at the proposed bridge crossing appears to have changed little compared to the rest of the reach.

NORTHERN OPTION

UN30

UN30 is an unnamed tributary to the Mauneluk River which is crossed by the northern option of the Brooks East Corridor (Figure 1). Spawning Chum Salmon were observed on UN30 in 2012. Spawning Chum Salmon and Dolly Varden also were observed on several other unnamed tributaries to the Mauneluk River in 2012 (Table 1). Chum Salmon and whitefish are known to occur on the Mauneluk River according to the AWC (ADFG 2013). ABR nominated less than a mile of Chum Salmon habitat to the AWC in 2013 (Appendix A). The ABR survey team did not observe fish in UN30 during 2013 physical habitat sampling.

ABR mapped and characterized the stream reach and performed 1 instream habitat transect survey on 21 August 2013 (Figure 15, Appendix B) (Plates 25). The slightly sinuous stream reach was marked by predominance of run-riffle habitat with. Discharge was relatively low compared to other streams surveyed (3.85 m³/s) (Table 2). Instream substrate at Transect 1 (UN30-T1-13n) was representative of the reach as a whole and was composed of boulder (50%),

cobble (35%), gravel (15%), and sand (5%). This substrate provides good spawning habitat for salmon as evidenced by the observation of spawning Chum Salmon in 2012. Instream cover was generally abundant and relatively uniform within the reach, providing good habitat for rearing fish. Filamentous algae and overhanging vegetation were sparse while there was moderately abundant small woody debris, and abundant boulder habitat.

Riparian vegetation varied by bank but was consistent throughout the reach. The left bank was composed of a large sand bar and thus no tall cover was present. Paper birch, spruce, willow, and alder provided approximately 30% canopy cover on the right bank. The understory vegetation cover was dominated by willow on the left bank (30%) and a combination of willow, alder, spruce, and herbaceous vegetation (50%) on the right bank. On the left bank sand bar, ground cover was ~50% exposed soil, while the right bank had near complete ground cover of moss, small grasses, and woody shrubs (Appendix B). On the whole, stream shade was abundantly available in the sample reach on UN30. The stream channel appears to have changed little since 1981 (Appendix C).

MAUNELUK RIVER

The Mauneluk River has proposed bridge crossings at 2 locations, with the second crossing located on the northern option of the Brooks East Corridor (Figure 1). No fish observations were made during 2013 sampling on the Mauneluk River northern option (Table 1). However, ABR observed Chum Salmon, Slimy Sculpin, and Arctic Grayling during 2012 fish surveys and during 2013 habitat surveys on the Mauneluk River at the river crossing associated with the preferred option (see above). As stated previously, Chum Salmon and whitefish are listed in the AWC for the Mauneluk River (Table 1).

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach and performed 1 instream habitat transect survey on 21 August 2013 (Figure 16, Appendix B) (Plates 26–27). The flow regime of the reach was marked by almost uniform run-pool habitat with some riffle habitat in the downstream portion of the reach. Due to deep water (greater than 1 m) and what appeared to be uniform instream habitat, only 1 transect was surveyed in August 2013. Transect 1 (MN-T1-13n) was located in run-pool habitat representative of most of the reach. Discharge at the transect was 15.46 m³/s (Table 2). Substrate along Transect 1 was composed of gravel (65%), cobble (15%),

sand (15%), and boulder (5%) and would appear to provide good spawning habitat for salmon. Instream cover was generally limited within the reach. Small woody debris, overhanging vegetation, undercut banks, and boulders were sparse and cover by filamentous algae was moderate. Most of the available instream cover for fish occurred as deep pools or as cobble and boulders suitable mainly for smaller fish.

Riparian canopy cover was absent from both the right and left banks for much of the reach. Understory vegetation cover (40%) was uniform throughout the reach. Throughout the stream reach, the riparian zone on one bank was composed of steep, bare sand bars with cobble, gravel and sand substrate and no understory while the opposite bank featured moderate understory composed of willow. Despite the abundance of bare ground on steep banks, the stream channel does not appear to have altered greatly since 1981 (Appendix C).

SOUTHERN OPTION

REED RIVER

The Reed River has proposed bridge crossings on both the preferred and southern options of the Brooks East Corridor (Figure 1). The ABR survey team observed Chum Salmon on the preferred bridge crossing during both 2012 and 2013 sampling events. No fish were observed in the downstream southern option in 2013 (Table 1). The AWC did not previously list Pacific salmon in the Reed River (Table 1). ABR nominated ~19 miles of Chum Salmon spawning and rearing habitat to the AWC in 2013 (Appendix A).

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach and performed 2 instream habitat transect surveys on 19 August 2013 (Figure 17, Appendix B) (Plates 28–30). The flow regime of the reach was composed of a long run which transitioned to a riffle at the downstream extent of the reach. Additional riffle and pool habitat were also present upstream in side channel habitat. Both Transects 1 (RD-T1-13s) and 2 (RD-T2-13s) were located in long run habitat. Transect 2 also traversed a small portion of side channel habitat. Instream substrate in Transect 1 was composed of cobble (40%), sand (30%), gravel (20%), and boulder (10%). Substrate in the main channel on Transect 2 was cobble (35%), gravel (30%), sand (30%), and boulder (5%). Sidechannel substrate was composed of sand (60%), gravel (30%), and cobble (10%). The relatively

uniform main channel provides good fish spawning gravels, while the side channels provide better rearing habitat (Table 2).

Instream cover at both transects was minimal. Filamentous algae, small woody debris, and boulder cover were sparse on both transects. Sparse overhanging vegetation and undercut bank habitat were present on Transect 2. Discharge estimates averaged 22. 2 m³/s. Side channel discharge was low (1.85 m³/s) in Transect 2, providing refuge from higher flows for juvenile fish (Appendix B).

At Transect 1, birch and spruce provided 40% tall riparian cover on the left bank, while the right bank was devoid of canopy. The opposite was true at Transect 2, where primarily spruce canopy cover was 30% on the right bank with no canopy on the left bank. Ample shade habitat for fish was provided by tall canopy throughout the reach. Cover by understory vegetation at Transect 1 was 40% on the left bank and 70% on the right bank and was composed of willow, alder, and grasses. Understory cover was similar on Transect 2, but 65% on the left bank and 80% on the right bank. Ground cover also was similar on both banks at the 2 transects, with 20–50% bare ground and a mix of woody shrubs, grasses, moss, and herbaceous material. Despite the amount of side-channel habitat and exposed banks, the channel has changed little since 1979 (Appendix C).

KOBUK RIVER

The Kobuk River has proposed bridge crossings on both the preferred and southern options of the Brooks East Corridor (Figure 1). ABR observed spawning Chum Salmon upstream of both proposed crossings during 2012 fish surveys. The AWC lists Chum and Chinook salmon on the Kobuk River (Table 1). No fish were observed during 2013 physical habitat surveys on the southern option.

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach and performed 1 instream habitat transect survey on 19 August 2013 (Figure 18, Appendix B) (Plate 31). The reach had a relatively homogenous glide-run flow regime with minimal riffles. Discharge was estimated at 28.22 m³/s. Transect 1 (KB-T1-13s) passed through both run and riffle habitat downstream of the proposed bridge crossing. Substrate was composed of gravel (50%), cobble (35%), sand (10%), and boulder (5%) and provides excellent mixed gravel salmon spawning habitat. Substrate in the

transect appeared representative of substrate throughout most of the reach. Instream cover was limited, with moderately abundant filamentous algae and sparse small woody debris and boulders (Table 2).

Vegetation cover measured in the transect appeared to be representative of the entire reach, particularly for the left bank. Riparian canopy cover on both banks was mostly absent within 10 m of shore but some spruce occurred in the middle portion of the reach on the left bank. Most shade cover is available for fish in this section of the reach. On the left bank, understory also was absent. On the right bank, understory cover was 50% and was composed of a combination of willow, spruce, fireweed, and blueberry (50%). Ground cover on the left bank was mostly absent with only small patches of herbaceous vegetation and grasses. Ground cover on the right bank was more dense (40%) and consisted of woody shrubs, herbaceous vegetation, and blueberry (Appendix B). The stream channel in this reach of stream has changed very little from 1979 to 2012 (Appendix C).

HOGATZA RIVER

The Hogatza River is a 120-mile tributary of the Koyukuk River that starts in the Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve and flows southwest to the Koyukuk River. The Hogatza River is crossed by the southern option of the Brooks East Corridor (Figure 1). The ABR survey team observed spawning Chum Salmon and Slimy Sculpin during 2012 fish surveys (Table 1). The ABR habitat crews observed Arctic Grayling in 2013. The AWC lists Chum Salmon, Sockeye Salmon (*Oncorhynchus nerka*), Chinook Salmon, Coho Salmon, and whitefish present in the Hogatza River.

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach and performed 2 instream habitat transect surveys on 20 August 2013 (Figure 19, Appendix B) (Plates 32–34). The Hogatza River is sinuous with a general run-riffle-pool flow regime and abundant side channel habitat. ABR measured an average discharge of 0.67 m³/s during August sampling. Transect 1 (HG-T1-13) was located upstream of the proposed bridge crossing in a run-riffle transition zone. Transect 2 (HG-T2-13MCs and HG-T-13SCs) was split by an island complex and passed through main channel (MC) and side channel (SC) pool and riffle habitat. Instream substrate at Transect 1 was composed of a mix of cobble (40%), gravel (35%), sand (15%), and boulder (10%). Instream

substrate in the main channel at Transect 2 was very similar, with cobble (40%), gravel (40%), sand (15%), and boulder (5%). Instream substrate in the side channel on Transect 2 was gravel (50%), sand (25%), and cobble (20%) with little boulder (5%). Most of the substrate in the surveyed reach was ideal salmon spawning habitat. During sampling, numerous Arctic Grayling were seen resting in the pool at the Transect 2 side channel.

Instream cover at both transects included sparse live tree roots, undercut banks, and boulder cover as well as moderately abundant overhanging vegetation, filamentous algae, and small woody debris (Table 2). Sparse large woody debris also was observed at Transect 1. In general, the sample reach would provide good refuge habit for rearing juvenile fish, as well as sufficient pools for larger fish.

At Transect 1, tall canopy riparian cover was mostly absent on the right bank due to the presence of a large gravel bar, although understory cover on the bar was 15%, primarily willows. Ground cover also was sparse in the immediate riparian zone on the right bank at Transect 1. On the left bank of Transect 1, canopy cover was 20% and was composed of spruce which increased in density beyond 10 m from shore. The understory was dense on the left bank, with 80% cover from willows, alders, berries, and tall grasses, and ground cover was nearly complete in the form of short grasses.

Riparian cover was greater at Transect 2 than it was at Transect 1, but similarly comprised mostly understory and ground cover, with moderate canopy cover. Transect 1 understory cover was primarily willow, alder, and tall grasses and ground cover (90% on the right bank and 10% on the left bank) was composed of grasses, herbaceous vegetation, and moss. Transect 2 understory cover ranged between 30–50% and was composed of willow, alder, and tall grasses. Bare ground at Transect 2 was minimal (10–30%) with cover from grasses, saplings, herbaceous vegetation, and moss. In general, there was good shade available from canopy and understory cover. However, the cover in the area of the proposed bridge crossing at Transect 1 provides little stream shade. Despite the sinuous nature of the stream channel in the crossing reach, very little channel alteration appears to have occurred since 1981.

HELPMEJACK CREEK

Helpmejack Creek, a ~37-mile tributary to the Alatna River, is the last significant waterbody crossed by the southern option of the Brooks East Corridor (Figure 1). ABR observed Dolly Varden and Arctic Grayling in Helpmejack Creek during 2012 fish surveys (Table 2). No fish observations were made during 2013 physical habitat surveys. Pacific salmon are not listed in the AWC for Helpmejack Creek (Table 1).

ABR mapped and characterized the stream crossing reach and performed 3 instream habitat transect surveys on 18 August 2013 (Figure 20, Appendix B) (Plates 35–38). Helpmejack Creek is a sinuous stream with a riffle-run-pool flow regime. Transect 1 (HJ-T1-13s) was representative of pool habitat in the reach and instream substrate was composed of sand (40%), cobble (30%), silt (25%), and boulder (5%). While this is good refuge habitat it would not provide good substrate for spawning salmon due to the high percentage of silt present. Transect 2 (HJ-T1-13s) was located in a run section of stream and represented better fish spawning habitat with substrate composed of cobble (40%), boulder (30%), gravel (20%), sand (5%), and silt (5%). Transect 3 was located in a mixed run-pool habitat and was representative of the reach as a whole with substrate composed of cobble (50%), gravel (20%), silt (20%), and boulders (10%). In general, we saw more silt and sand on Helpmejack Creek than at other sample reaches in the corridor and habitats appeared to be less than ideal for spawning salmon. Discharge averaged 1.87 m³/s (Table 2).

Instream cover at the 3 transects was sparse to moderately abundant. Transect 1 had sparse cover of filamentous algae, large woody debris, overhanging vegetation, undercut banks, and boulders with moderate cover by small woody debris. Transect 2 had sparse filamentous algae, small woody debris, overhanging vegetation, and undercut banks with moderate boulder cover. Transect 3 had sparse overhanging vegetation, small woody debris, and undercut banks. Instream cover at Helpmejack Creek would provide good refuge for juvenile and small fishes as well as resting habitat in deep pools for larger Arctic Grayling and Dolly Varden.

Riparian canopy vegetation was limited and varied from bank to bank, typically providing no cover on one bank while the opposite bank had between 20% and 40% spruce canopy. The understory was composed of moderate to heavy alder, willow, and grass. The ground cover

varied greatly with between 5% and 80% of the ground being bare while grass, herbaceous vegetation, young willow, and moss provided between 20% and 95% cover. Stream shading was good in the crossing reach as a whole because of the small channel width, and despite the low abundance of tall ground cover (Appendix D). Bank stability appeared to be good as the stream channel has altered very little since 1982 (Appendix D).

SUMMARY

During the 11 days of stream and riparian zone habitat surveys at proposed bridge crossings on the Brooks East Corridor, ABR conducted 28 habitat transects at 18 stream crossing reaches on 14 waterbodies. Most stream reaches surveyed were in known fish bearing streams and provided habitat for at least a portion of the life history of several salmonid species. Salmonid spawning habitat was available to some degree at almost all of the waterbodies sampled. Streams visited during 2013 habitat surveys represent only a small portion of the total number of waterbodies crossed by the Brooks East Corridor and most were large river systems. However, the vast majority of additional waterbodies crossed by the Brooks East Corridor are small relative to the streams surveyed in 2013. These small streams would require culverts as opposed to bridges during construction of the proposed road. Finally, streams surveyed in 2013 showed remarkable channel stability over the last 30 years as evidenced from aerial imagery. Fish presence, stream flow regimes, spawning substrates, refuge habitat, and riparian zone vegetation are important considerations prior to permitting and construction of any road project. This information will ultimately allow resource managers to determine potential impacts on fish and fish habitat and allow for determination of proper protocols for impact avoidance during the construction phase of the Brooks East Corridor.

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ABR would like to thank DOWL HKM for their support on this project. Kristen Hansen, Erin Gora, Emily Creely, Dwight Stuller, and Jessica Christianson provided invaluable logistic, field, and office support. We thank Allen A. Tickett, our subsistence advisor, for providing local knowledge and expertise during physical habitat surveys. The ABR crew is grateful to Betty, Al, and Chelsea from the Sourdough Lodge as well as Jay and Judy Jepson from Brooks Range Aviation for their hospitality during our 8-day stay in Bettles, Alaska. We are very grateful for the support of everyone at the NOVAGOLD Dahl Creek Camp during our 5-day stay at their camp. We appreciate 2 weeks of safe helicopter flights with Brent from the Bristow Group.

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Plate 1. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect SH-T1-13, Shungnak River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.



Plate 2. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect SH-T2-13, Shungnak River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.













Plate 3. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect SH-T3-13, Shungnak River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.









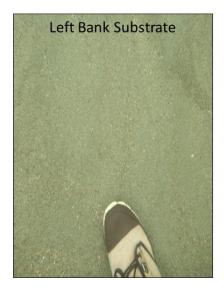






Plate 4. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect KG-T1-13, Kogoluktuk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.











Plate 5. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition of side-channel habitat at KG-T1-13, Kogoluktuk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.













Plate 6. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect KG-T2-13, Kogoluktuk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.











Plate 7. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at partial transect (MN-T1-13) on the Mauneluk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.













Plate 8. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at partial transect (MN-T2-13) on the Mauneluk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.











Plate 9. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect BV-T1-13, Beaver Creek, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.









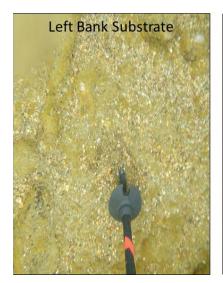






Plate 10. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect BV-T2-13, Beaver Creek, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.













Plate 11. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect RD-T1-13, Reed River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.





Plate 12. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect KB-T1-13, Kobuk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.













Plate 13. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at an observation point on the Kobuk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.









Plate 14. Stream channel characteristics and riparian habitat at observation point AL-T1-13 on the Alatna River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.









Plate 15. Stream channel characteristics and riparian habitat at observation point AL-T2-13, Alatna River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

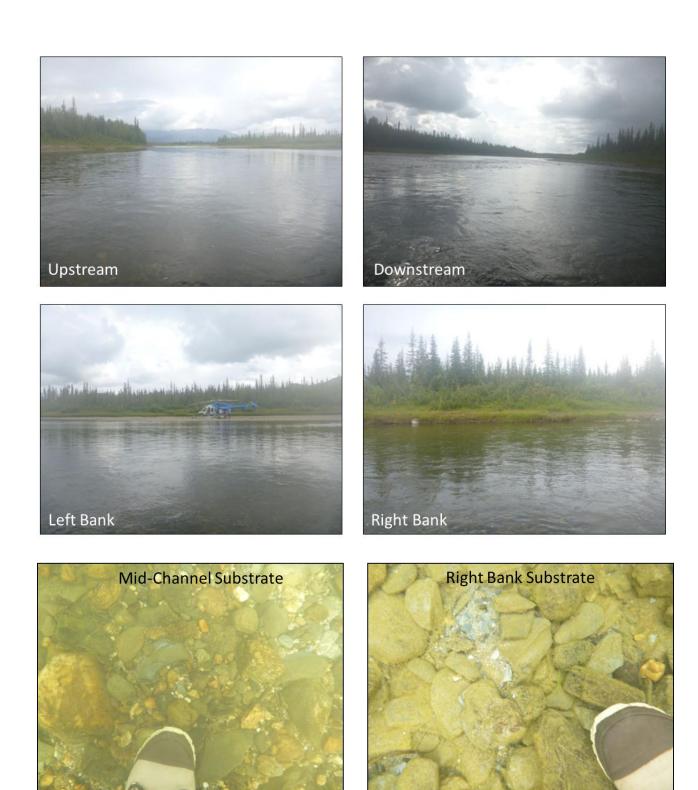


Plate 16. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect MF-T1-13, Malamute Fork Alatna River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

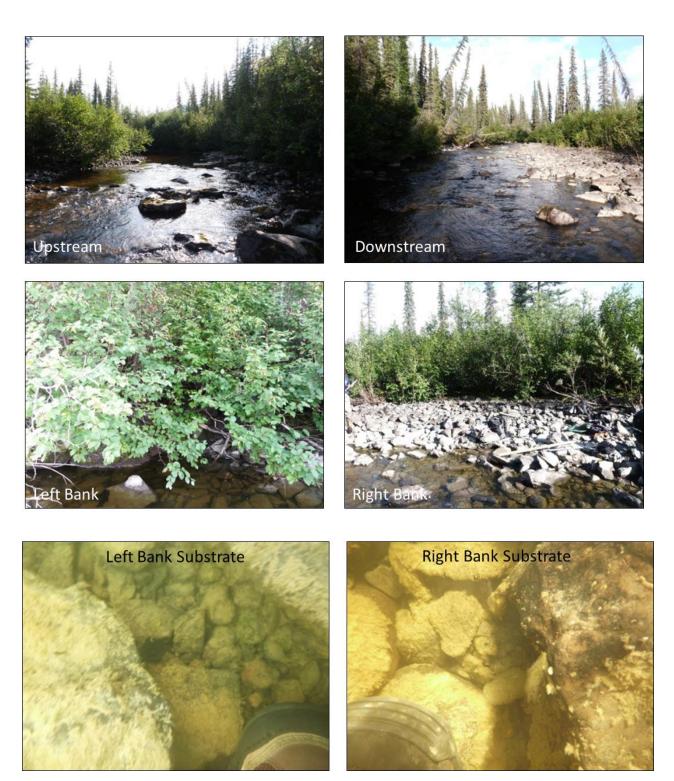


Plate 17. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect UN18-T1-13, unnamed tributary to the Malamute Fork Alatna River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

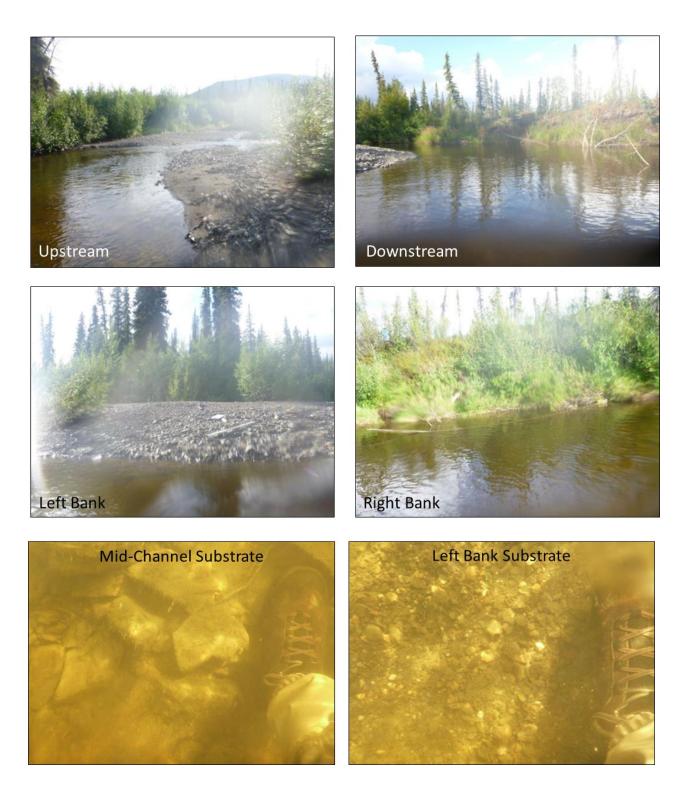


Plate 18. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect UN18-T2-13, unnamed tributary to the Malamute Fork Alatna River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.











Plate 19. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at observation points on the Koyukuk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

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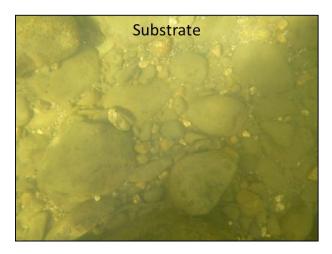




Plate 20. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect SF-T1-13, South Fork Koyukuk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.



Plate 21. Stream channel characteristics and riparian habitat at observation points on the South Fork Koyukuk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

Right Bank

Left Bank



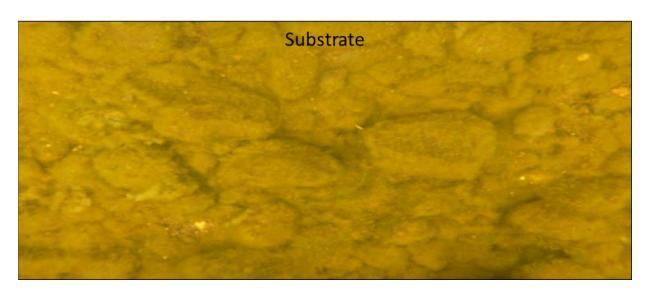


Plate 22. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect JM-T1-13, Jim River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.









Plate 23. Stream channel characteristics and riparian habitat at upstream observation points on the Jim River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.









Plate 24. Stream channel characteristics and riparian habitat at downstream observation points on the Jim River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.







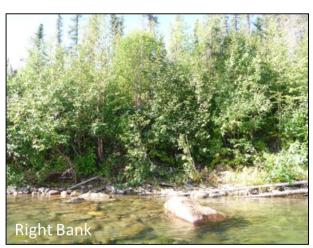






Plate 25. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect UN30-T1-13n, unnamed tributary to the Mauneluk River, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.









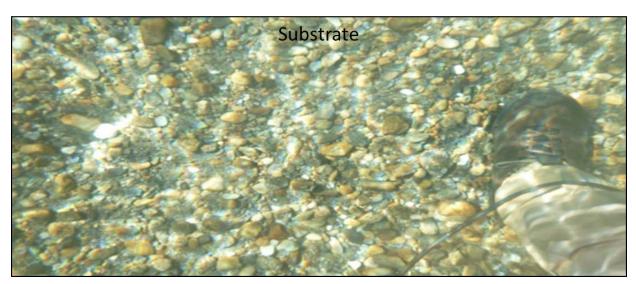


Plate 26. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect MN-T1-13n, Mauneluk River (northern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.







Plate 27. Stream channel characteristics and riparian habitat at observations points on the Mauneluk River (northern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

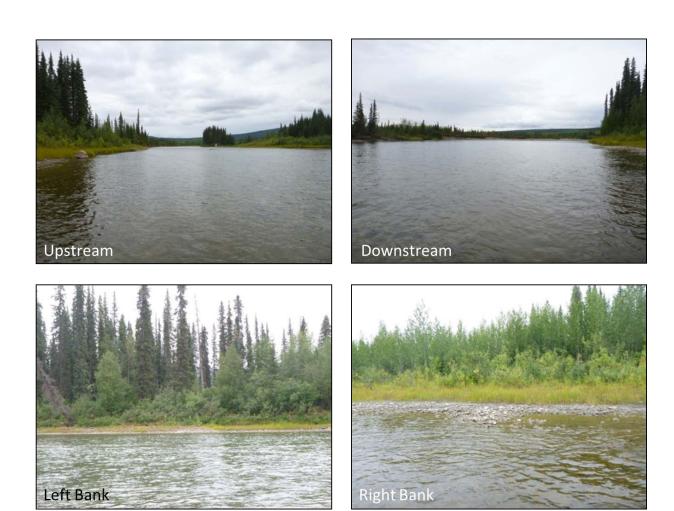




Plate 28. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect RD-T1-13s, Reed River (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.













Plate 29. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect RD-T2-13s, Reed River (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.











Plate 30. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition of side-channel habitat at transect RD-T2-13s, Reed River (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.















Plate 31. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect KB-T1-13s, Kobuk River (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.



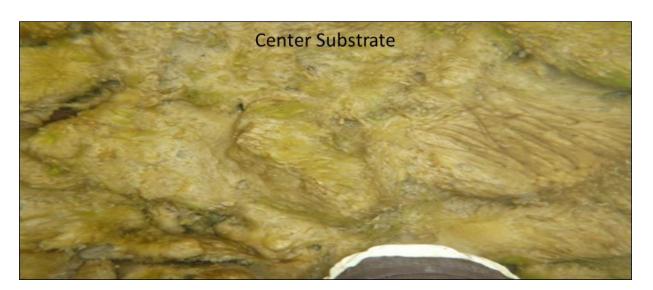


Plate 32. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect HG-T1-13s, Hogatza River (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

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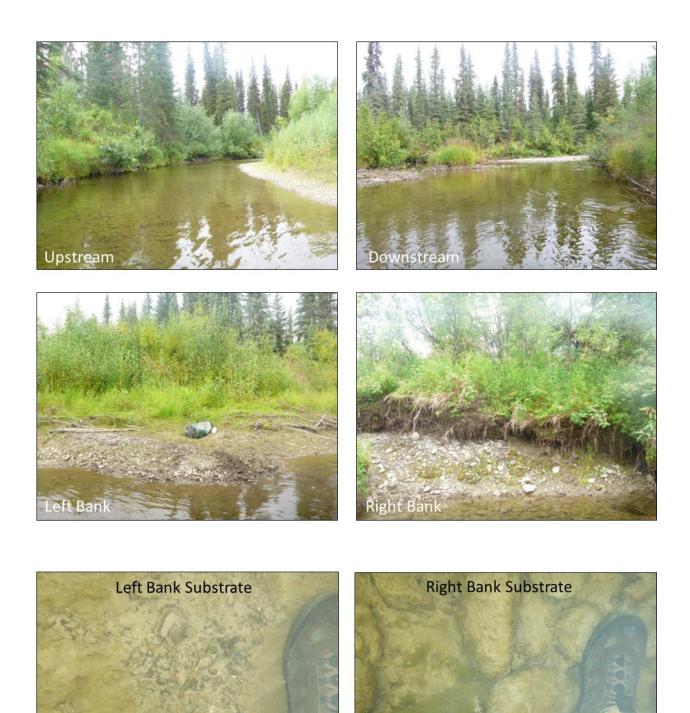


Plate 33. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect HG-T2-13MCs, Hogatza River (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.





Plate 34. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect HG-T2-13SCs, Hogatza River (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.











Plate 35. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect HJ-T1-13s, Helpmejack Creek (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.











Plate 36. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at transect HJ-T2-13s, Helpmejack Creek (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.



Plate 37. Stream channel characteristics and riparian habitat at transect HJ-T3-13s, Helpmejack Creek (southern option), Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

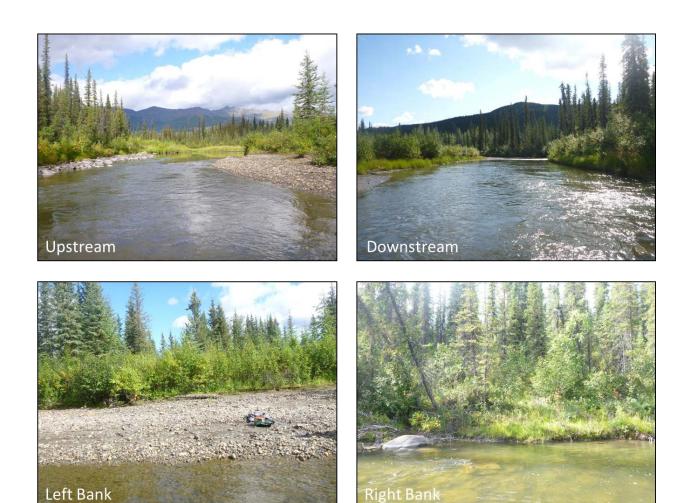




Plate 38. Stream channel characteristics, riparian habitat, and instream substrate composition at 3 observation points on Helpmejack Creek, Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

Table 1. Anadromous and freshwater fish species observed during surveys of the Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, 2012 and 2013, and current Alaska Department of Fish and Game Anadromous Waters Catalog (AWC) records.

		Anadron Observ		Freshwate	er Fish ^{a,b}	2013 AWC
Waterbody Name	Tributary to	2012	2013	2012	2013	records ^a
Shungnak River	Kobuk River	_	_	SC, AG	AG	_
Ruby Creek	Shungnak River	_	ns	SC, AG	ns	_
Kogoluktuk River	Kobuk River	_	_	SC, AG	AG	CS, DV, WF
Unnamed tributary	Kogoluktuk River	_	ns	SC, AG	ns	_
Canyon Creek	Kogoluktuk River	_	ns	DV, SC	ns	_
Riley Creek	Kogoluktuk River	_	ns	DV	ns	_
Maunelak River	Kobuk River	CS	CS	SC	AG	CS, WF
Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	_	ns	DV, SC	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	_	ns	DV	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	_	ns	DV	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	_	ns	DV	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	CS	ns	SC, NP	ns	_
UN30	Mauneluk River	CS	ns	AG	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Mauneluk River	_	ns	DV, SC	ns	_
Beaver Creek	Kobuk River	_	_	SC, AG	_	CS
Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	_	ns	DV	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	_	ns	DV, SC	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	_	ns	SC, BB	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Beaver Creek	_	ns	SC SC, AG,	ns	_
Reed River	Kobuk River	CS	CS	BB	SC	_
Unnamed tributary	Reed River	_	ns	SC	ns	_
Kobuk River	None	CS	_	SC	AG	CS, KS, DV, SF, WF
Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	_	ns	DV, SC	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	_	ns	SC, AG	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	_	ns	DV	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Kobuk River	_	ns	SC	ns	_
Alatna River	Koyukuk River	_	_	SC	_	CS, KS
Unnamed tributary	Alatna River	CS	ns	_	ns	_
Unnamed tributary Malamute Fork Alatna	Alatna River	KS	ns	_	ns	-
River	Alatna River Malamute Fork	ns	CS	ns	_	CS, KS
Tobuk Creek	Alatna River	SS, KS	ns	_	ns	_

Table 1. Continued.

		Anadrom Observ		Freshwate	er Fish ^{a,b}	2013 AWC
Waterbody Name	Tributary to	2012	2013	2012	2013	records ^a
	Malamute Fork					
Unnamed tributary	Alatna River	_	ns	SC	ns	_
	Malamute Fork					
Unnamed tributary	Alatna River	SS	ns	_	ns	_
	Malamute Fork					
Unnamed tributary	Alatna River	SS, CS	ns	_	ns	_
UN18	Bedrock Creek	_	_	_	NP	_
						CS, SS, KS, RS,
Koyukuk River	None	ns	_	ns	_	SF, WF
South Fork Koyukuk River	Koyukuk River South Fork	ns	_	ns	BB	CS, KS, WF
Unnamed tributary	Koyukuk River	_	ns	SC	ns	_
	South Fork					
Unnamed tributary	Koyukuk River South Fork	_	ns	SC, AG	ns	_
Jim River	Koyukuk River	ns	CS	ns	AG	CS, KS
Unnamed tributary	Jim River	SS	ns	SC	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Jim River	SS, KS	ns	AG, SC	ns	_
Hogatza River	Koyukuk River	CS	_	SC	AG	CS, SS, KS, WF
Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	_	ns	SC, BB	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Hogatza River	_	ns	AG	ns	_
Helpmejack Creek	Alatna River	_	_	DV, AG	ns	_
Unnamed tributary	Helpmejack Creek	_	_	DV, SC	ns	_

DV = Dolly Varden; SS = Coho Salmon; KS = Chinook Salmon; SC = Slimy Sculpin; AG = Arctic Grayling; BB = Burbot;
 NP = Northern Pike; CS = Chum Salmon; RS = Sockeye Salmon; WF = Whitefish species; SF = Sheefish; ns=not sampled
 Dolly Varden observed during ABR surveys are treated as freshwater resident fish because it cannot be shown that they are anadromous without additional analysis

Table 2. Instream physical habitat parameters for waterbodies sampled in the Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013. Values in parentheses represent side-channel habitat.

Survey Transect	Waterbody	Date	Bankfull Width (m)		Thalweg Depth (m)	Stream Channel Substrate ^a	Discharge (m³/s)	Instream Cover ^{b,c}
SH-T1-13	Shungnak River	8/12/2013	59	52	nm	40% SI, 40% CY, 5% BO, 5% CB, 5% GR, 5% SA	nm	FA1, MA2, SWD1, OV1, BO1
SH-T2-13	Shungnak River	8/12/2013	49	37	0.85	40% GR, 30% CB, 25% SA, 5% BO	10.00	SWD1, OV1, BO1
SH-T3-13	Shungnak River	8/12/2013	40	49	0.82	40% GR, 35% CB, 20% SA, 5% BO	11.06	FA2, SWD1, LTR1, OV2, UB2, BO1
KG-T1-13	Kogoluktuk River	8/13/2013	120	102	1.02	90% SA, 5% CB, 5% GR (50% SA, 25% GR, 20% CB, 5% BO)	24.88	SWD1, BO1
KG-T2-13	Kogoluktuk River	8/13/2013	131	124	0.89	40% SA, 30% CB, 30% GR	22.84	FA2, SWD1, OV1
MN-T1-13	Mauneluk River	8/13/2013	97	58	nm	50% GR, 35% CB, 15% SA	34.43 ^d	FA2, LWD1, SWD1, LTR1, OV1
MN-T2-13	Mauneluk River	8/13/2013	nm	70	nm	40% CB, 40% SA, 20% GR	13.01	FA2, MA1, LWD1, SWD1, OV2
BV-T1-13	Beaver Creek	8/14/2013	34.2	31.5	0.66	50% CB, 25% GR, 15% BO, 5% SA, 5% CY	7.70	FA4, MA1, SWD1, OV2, UB1, BO2
BV-T2-13	Beaver Creek	8/14/2013	29.05		0.88	30% CB, 30% SA, 20% BO, 20% GR	7.86	FA4, MA1, SWD1, LTR1, OV2, UB1, BO2
RD-T1-13	Reed River	8/15/2013	79	56	0.98	35% GR, 35% SA, 20% CB, 10% BO	26.48	FA2, MA1, SWD1, LTR1, OV1, BO1
KB-T1-13	Kobuk River	8/15/2013	90	89	0.97	35% CB, 35% GR, 25% SA, 5% BO	29.67	FA2, MA1, SWD1, LTR1, OV2, UB1, BO1
AL-T2-13	Alatna River	8/17/2013	98.5	75.5	nm	35% SA, 25% CB, 20% SI, 10% BO, 10% GR	nm	SWD1, BO2
MF-T1-13	Malamute Fork Alatna River	8/17/2013	91	53.5	0.75	35% GR, 35% SA, 25% CB, 5% BO	12.28	FA1, SWD1, OV1, UB1, BO1
UN18-T1-13	Unnamed tributary to Malamute Fork Alatna River	8/16/2013	15.5	9.6	0.39	50% BO, 30% CB, 15% GR, 5% SA	0.60	FA2, SWD1, LTR1, OV2, UB1, BO3
UN18-T2-13	Unnamed tributary to Malamute Fork Alatna River	8/16/2013	19.5	7.3	1.08	25% BO, 25% CB, 25% GR, 25% SA	0.31	FA3, SWD2, LTR1, OV2, UB2, BO1
SF-T1-13	South Fork Koyukuk River	8/22/2013	85	56	1.04	40% CB, 30% GR, 15% BO, 15% SA	13.75	SWD1, AS2
JM-T1-13	Jim River	8/22/2013	65	23.5	0.71	45% GR, 35% CB, 15% SA, 5% BO	5.07	FA1, LWD1, SWD1, BO1
UN30-T1-13n	Unnamed tributary to Mauneluk River	8/21/2013	46	19.5	0.97	50% BO, 30% CB, 15% GR, 5% SA	3.85	FA1, SWD2, OV1, BO3
MN-T1-13n	Mauneluk River	8/21/2013	60	33.7	0.99	65% GR, 15% CB, 15% SA, 5% BO	15.46	FA2, SWD1, OV1, UB1, BO1
RD-T1-13s	Reed River	8/19/2013	65.5	57	0.93	40% CB, 30% SA, 20% GR, 10% BO	21.51	FA1, SWD1, BO1

Survey Transect	Waterbody	Date	Bankfull Width (m)	Wetted Width (m)	Thalweg Depth (m)	Stream Channel Substrate ^a	Discharge (m³/s)	Instream Cover ^{b,c}
RD-T2-13s	Reed River	8/19/2013	80	46.5	0.81	35% CB, 30% GR, 30% SA, 5% BO (60% SA, 30% GR, 10% CB)	22.91	FA1, SWD1, OV1, UB1, BO1
KB-T1-13s	Kobuk River	8/19/2013	113	77	1.03	50% GR, 35% CB, 10% SA, 5% BO	28.22	FA2, SWD1, BO1
HG-T1-13s	Hogatza River	8/20/2013	27.5	9.2	0.42	40% CB, 35% GR, 15% SA, 10% BO	0.62	FA2, LWD1, SWD2, LTR1, OV2, UB1, BO1
HG-T2-13MCs	Hogatza River	8/20/2013	12.5	5.6	0.84	40% CB, 40% GR, 15% SA, 5% BO	0.59	FA1, SWD1, LTR1, OV2, UB1, BO1
HG-T2-13SCs	Hogatza River	8/20/2013	11.2	9.4	0.53	50% GR, 25% SA, 20% CB, 5% BO	0.12	FA2, SWD2, LTR1, OV2, UB2, BO1
HJ-T1-13s	Helpmejack Creek	8/18/2013	39.2	11.15	0.92	40% SA, 30% CB, 25% SI, 5% BO	1.75	FA1, LWD1, SWD2, OV1, UB1, BO1
HJ-T2-13s	Helpmejack Creek	8/18/2013	19.3	10.5	0.81	40% CB, 30% BO, 20% GR, 5% SA, 5% SI	1.62	FA1, SWD1, OV1, UB1, BO2
HJ-T3-13s	Helpmejack Creek	8/18/2013	24.2	10.9	0.69	50% CB, 20% GR, 20% SI, 10% BO	2.25	SWD1, OV1, BO1

^a BO, boulder; CB, cobble; GR, gravel; SA, sand; SI, silt; CY, clay

b Each parameter was expressed as a qualitative percentage of the total stream cover within 10 m upstream and downstream of the water sampling site and was designated as 0=absent (0%), 1 = sparse (less than 10%), 2 = moderate (10–40%), 3 = moderately abundant (40–75%), or abundant (greater than 75%).

^c FA = Filamentous Algae; MA = Macrophytes; LWD = Large woody debris (more than 0.3 m at diameter breast height); SWD = Small woody debris (less than 0.3 m at diameter breast height); LTR = Live Tree Roots; OV = Overhanging Vegetation; UB = Undercut Bank; AS = Artificial Structures

^d Discharge measured downstream of transect at the end of the corridor because transect was unwadeable nm=not measured

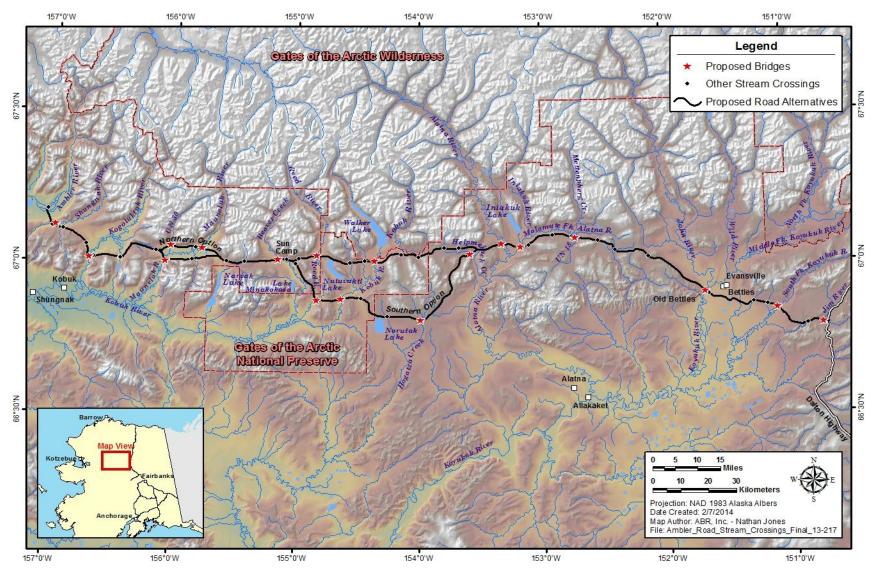


Figure 1. The Brooks East Corridor, including the northern and southern options, and proposed bridge crossings where stream habitat surveys were conducted in August 2013.

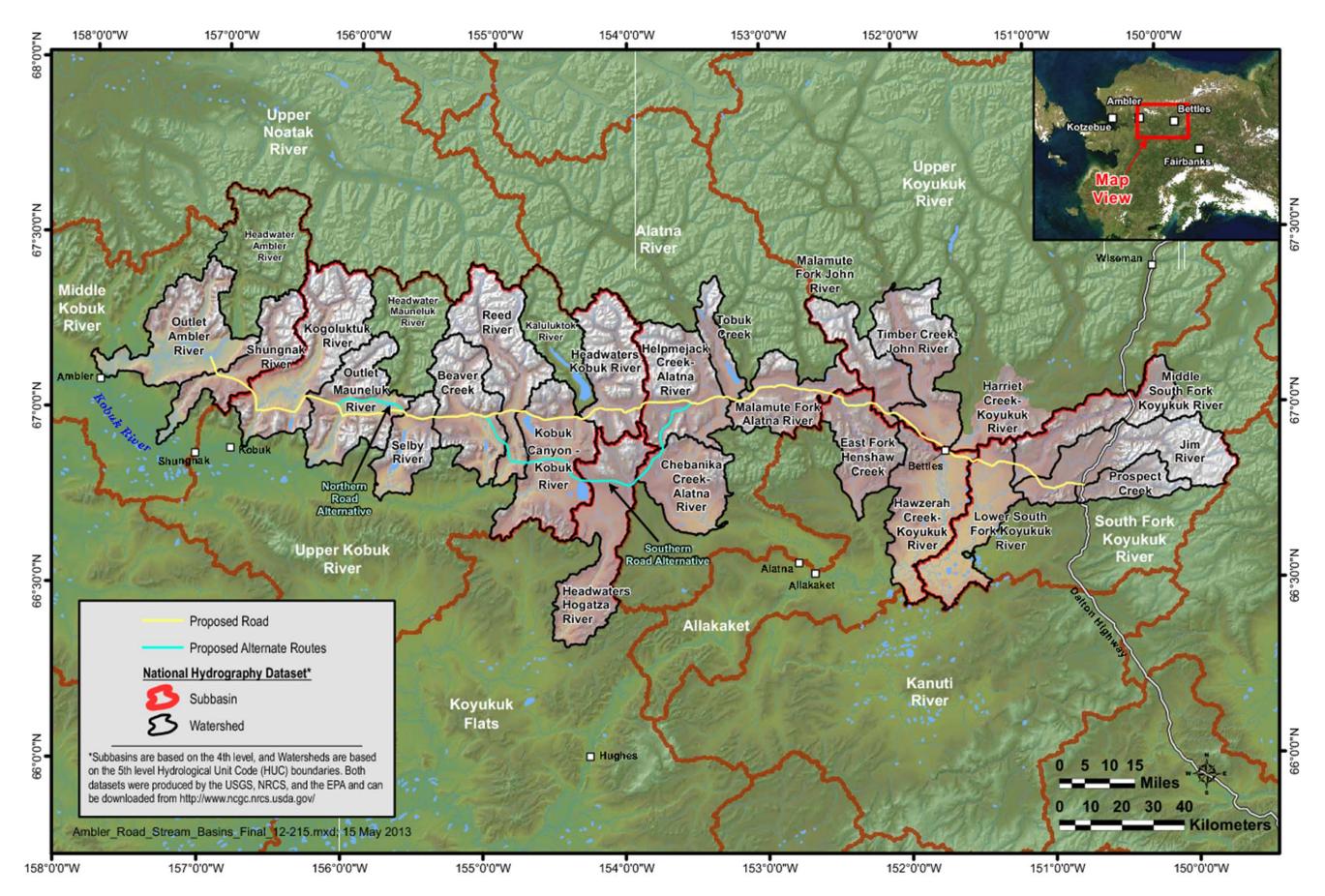


Figure 2. Subbasins and watersheds traversed by the proposed Brooks East Corridor, including the northern and southern options.

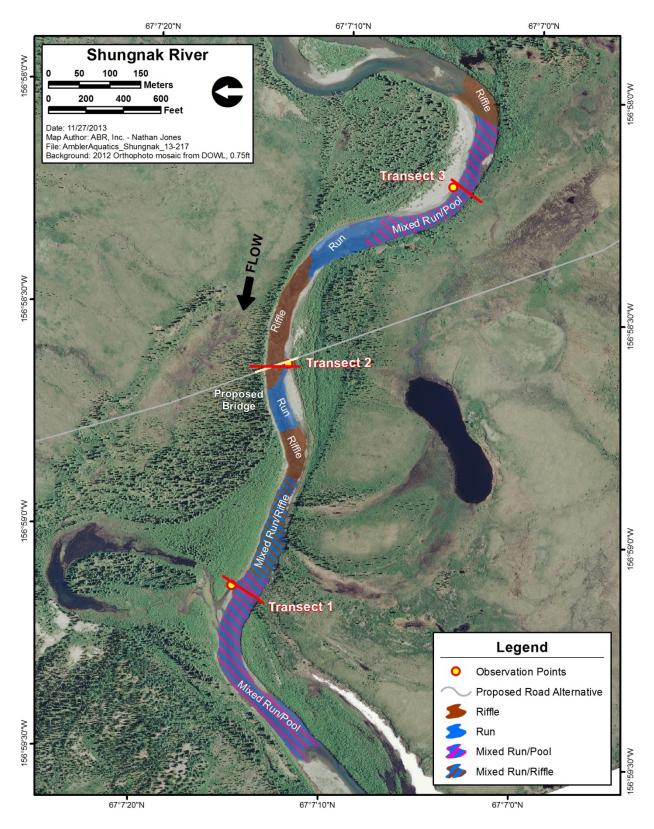


Figure 3. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Shungnak River, Alaska, August 2013.

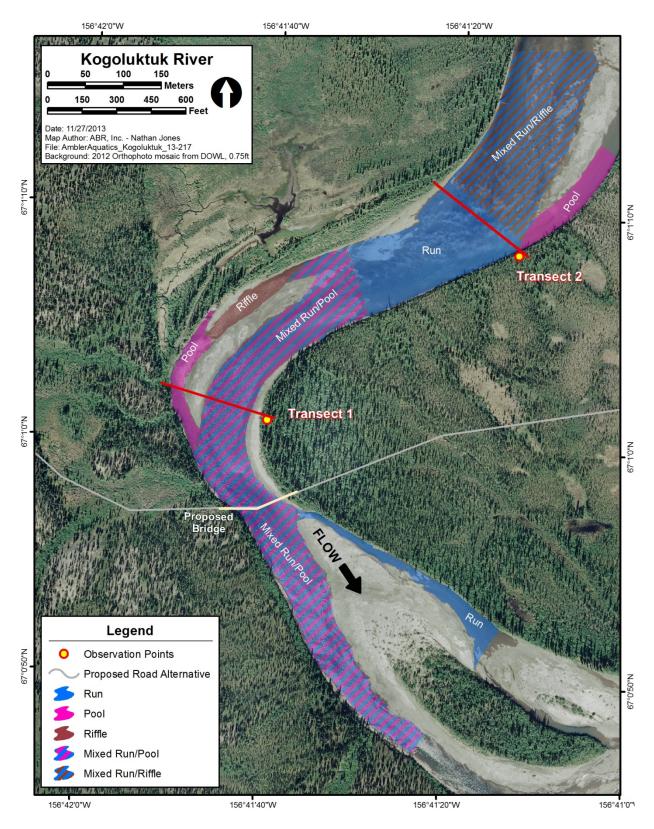


Figure 4. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Kogoluktuk River, Alaska, August 2013.

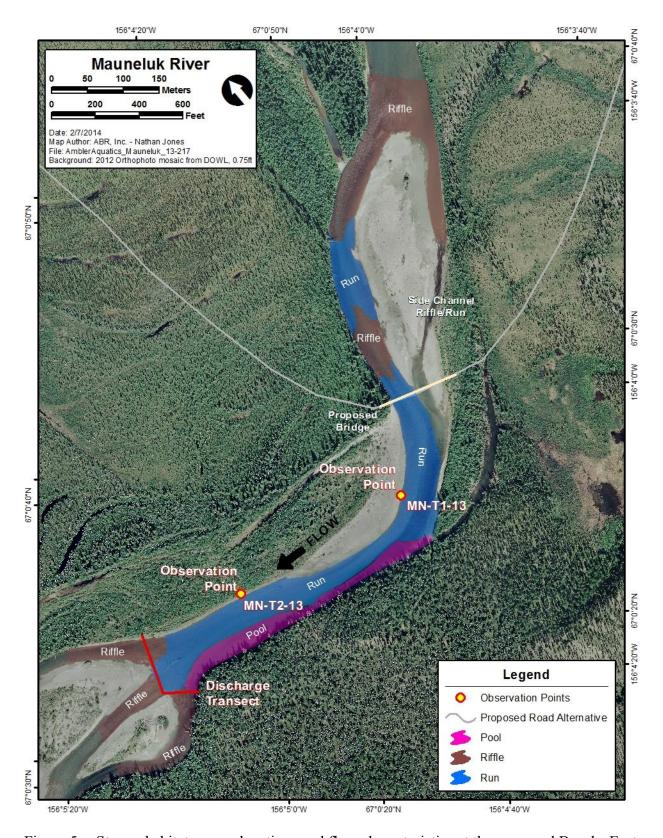


Figure 5. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Mauneluk River, Alaska, August 2013.

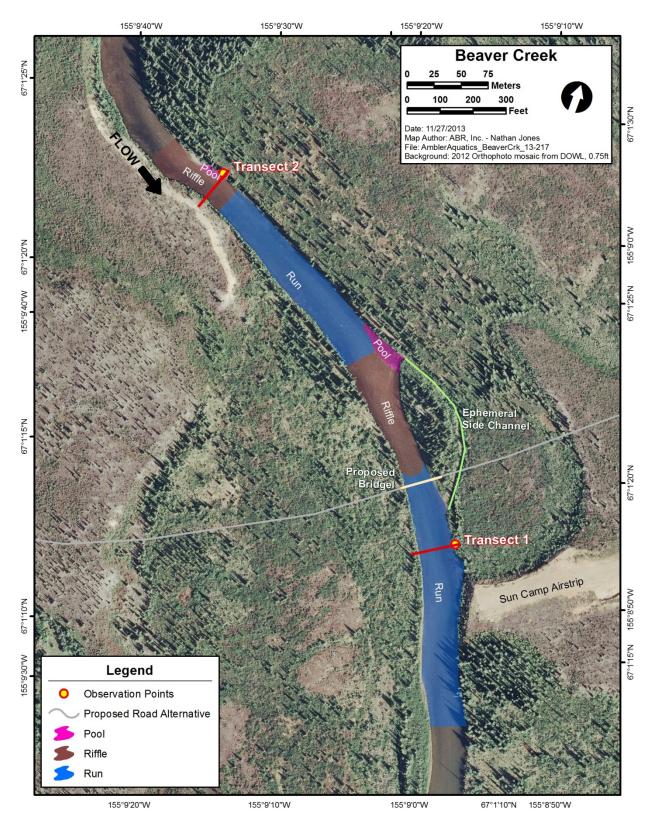


Figure 6. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Beaver Creek, Alaska, August 2013.

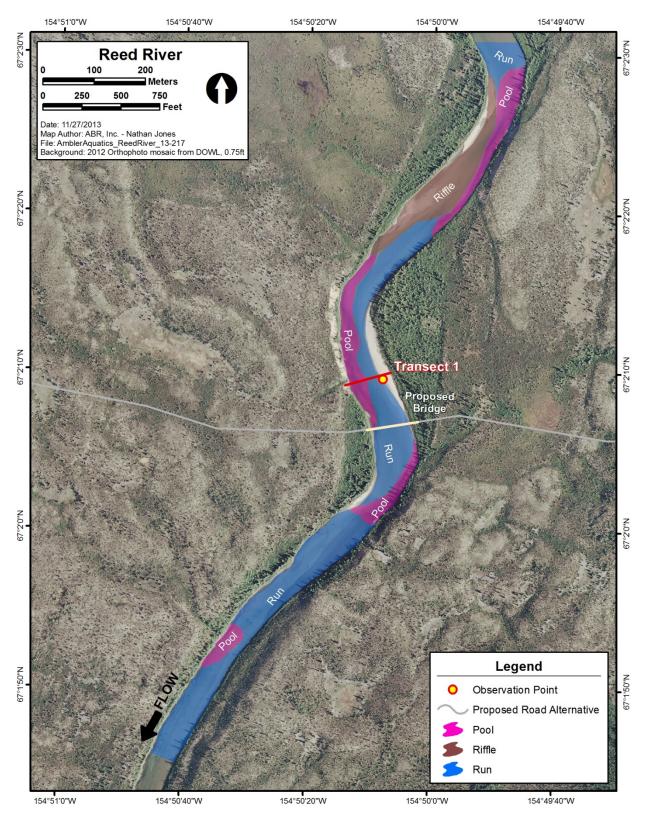


Figure 7. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Reed River, Alaska, August 2013.

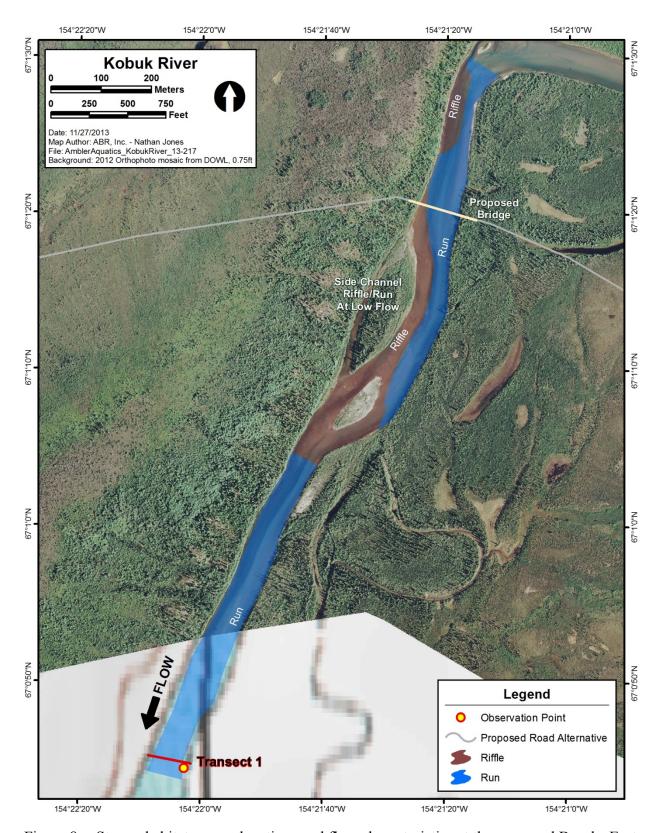


Figure 8. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Kobuk River, Alaska, August 2013.

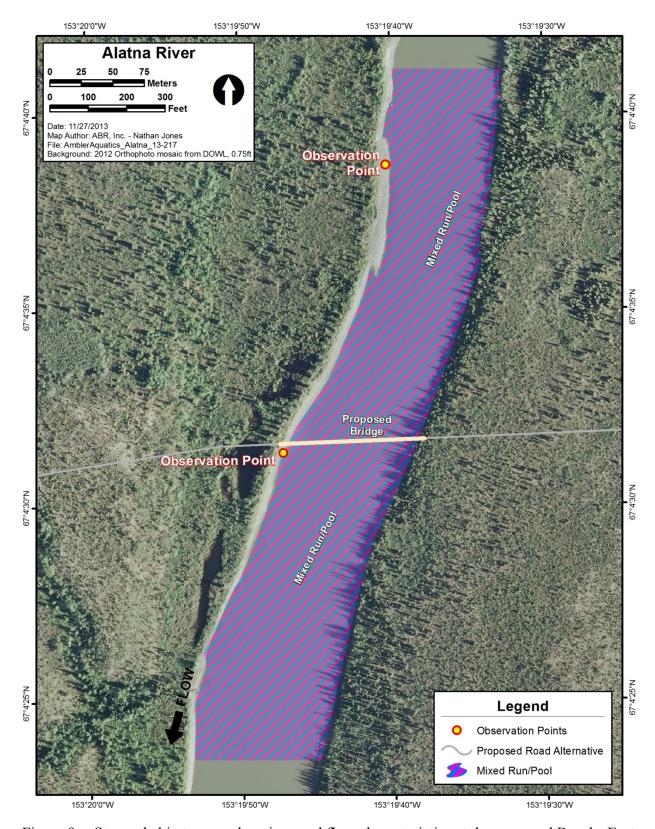


Figure 9. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Alatna River, Alaska, August 2013.

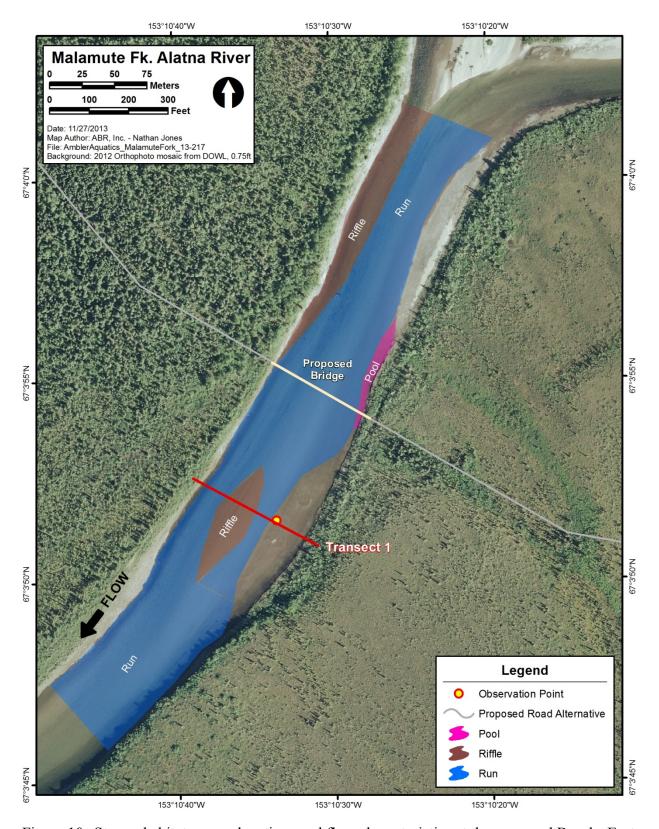


Figure 10. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Malamute Fork Alatna River, Alaska, August 2013.

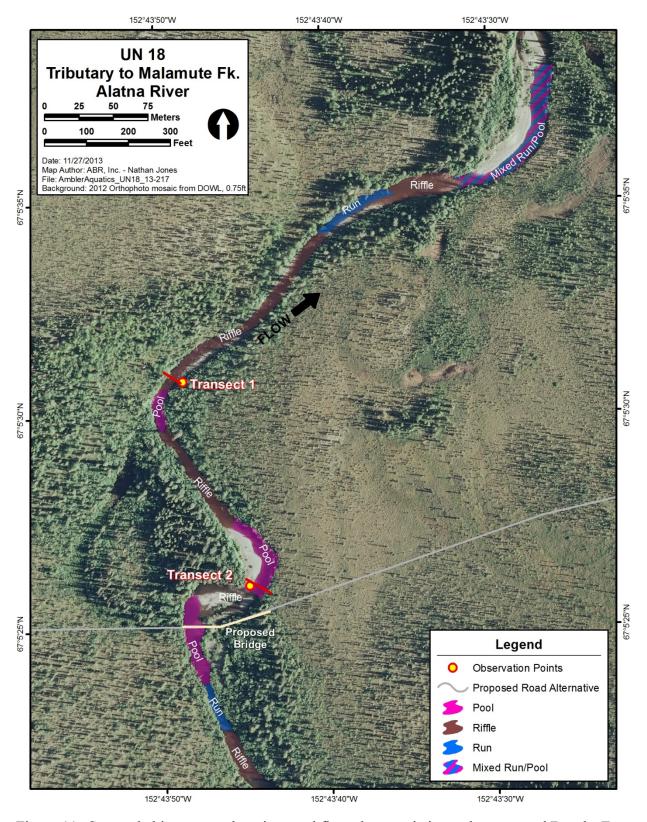


Figure 11. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of UN18, an unnamed tributary to the Malemute Fork Alatna River, Alaska, August 2013.

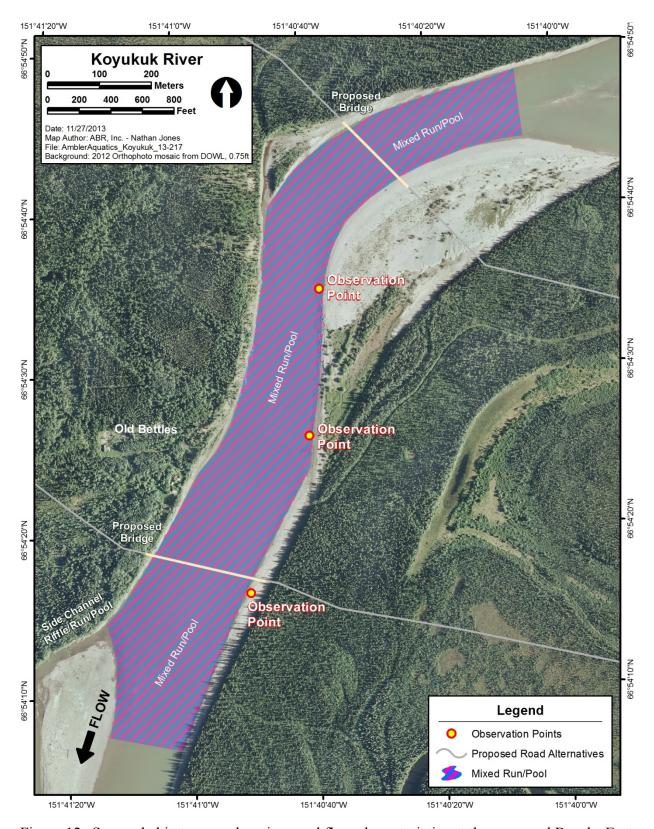


Figure 12. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Koyukuk River, Alaska, August 2013.

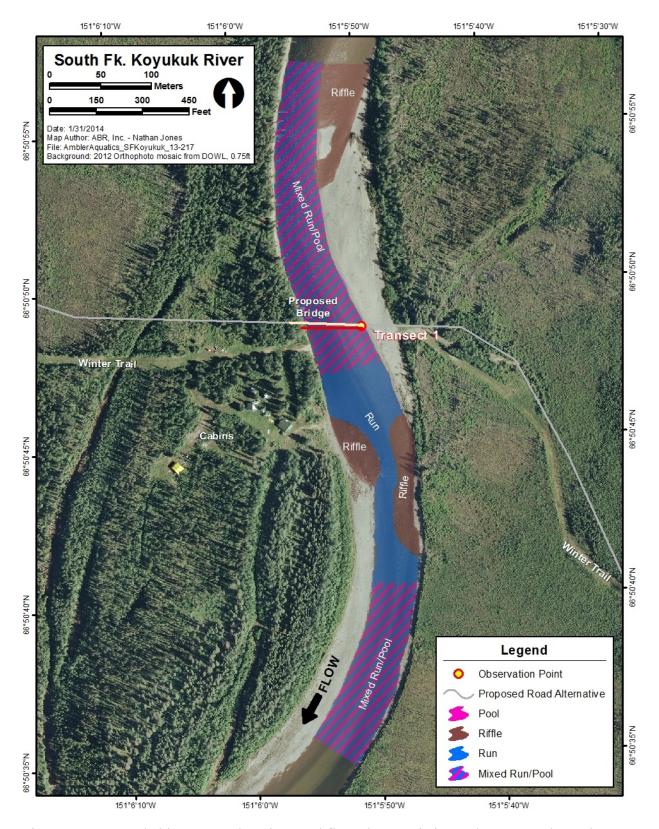


Figure 13. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the South Fork Koyukuk River, Alaska, August 2013.

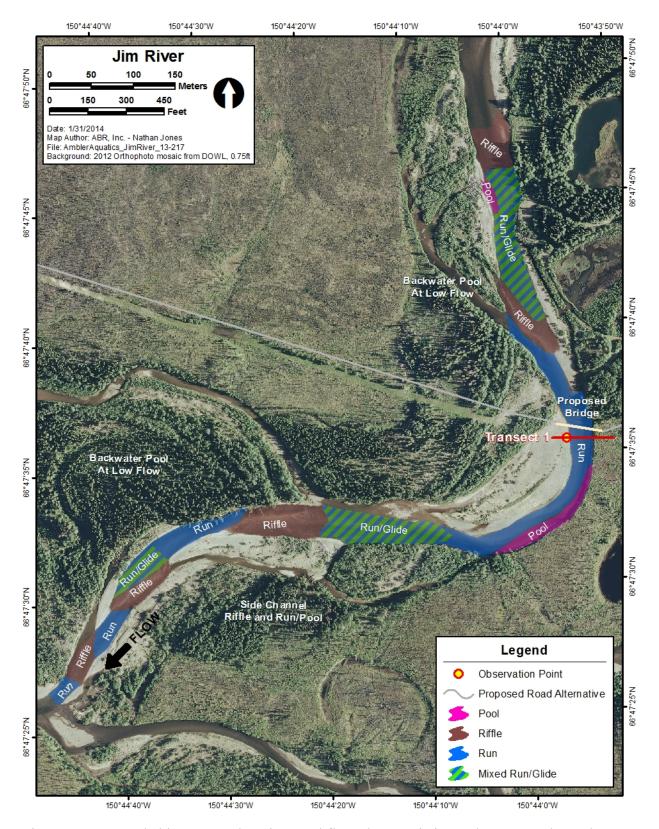


Figure 14. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the unnamed tributary to the Jim River, Alaska, August 2013.

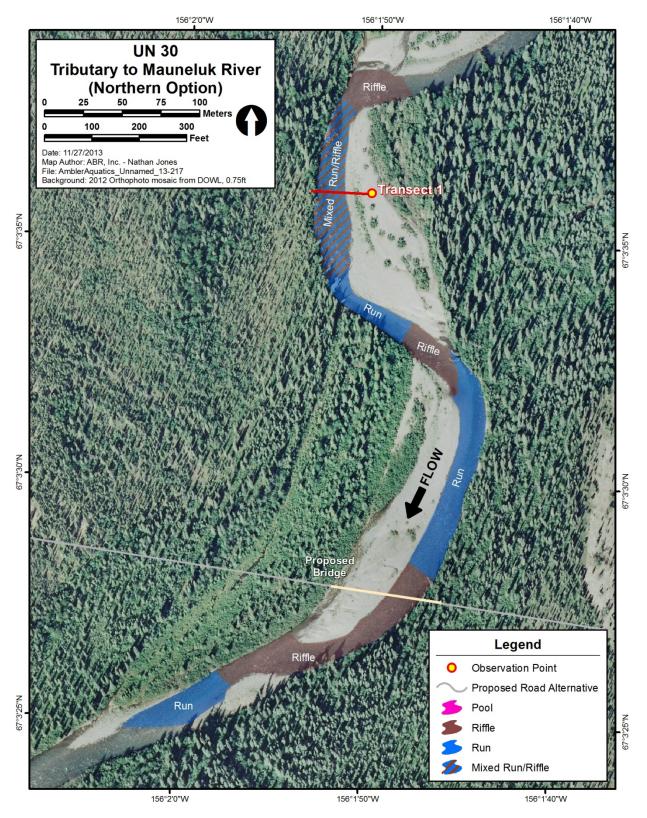


Figure 15. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of UN30, an unnamed tributary to the Mauneluk River on the northern road option, Alaska, August 2013.

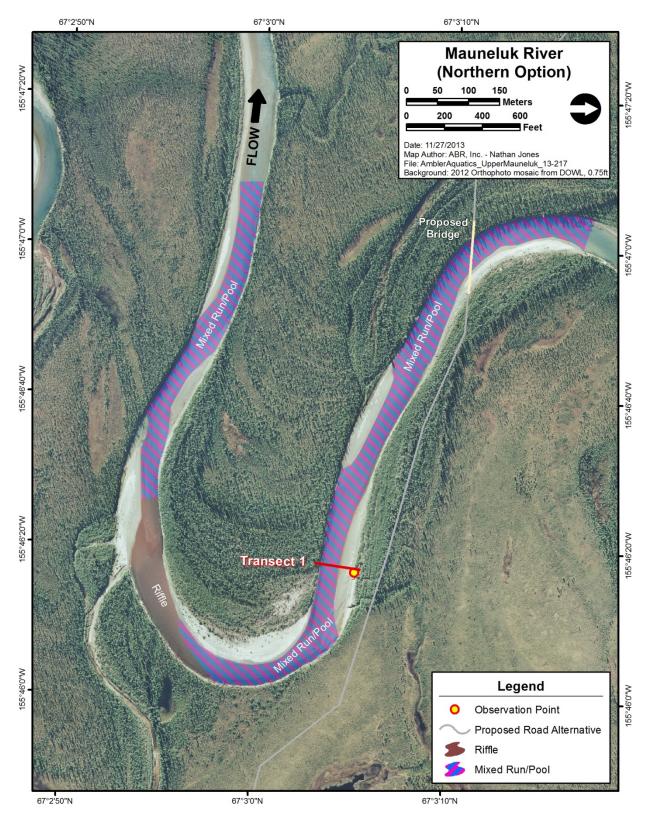


Figure 16. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Mauneluk River on the northern road option, Alaska, August 2013.

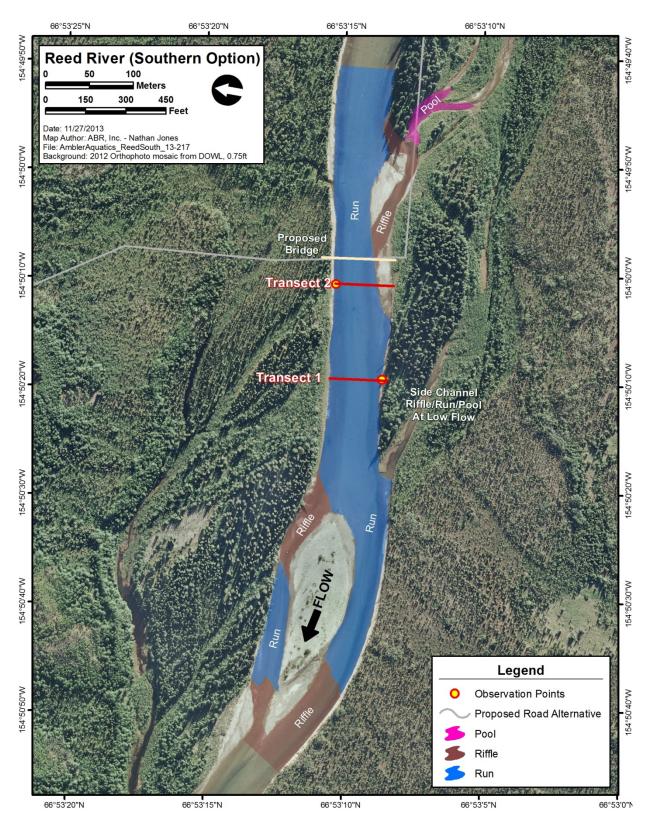


Figure 17. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Reed River on the southern road option, Alaska, August 2013.

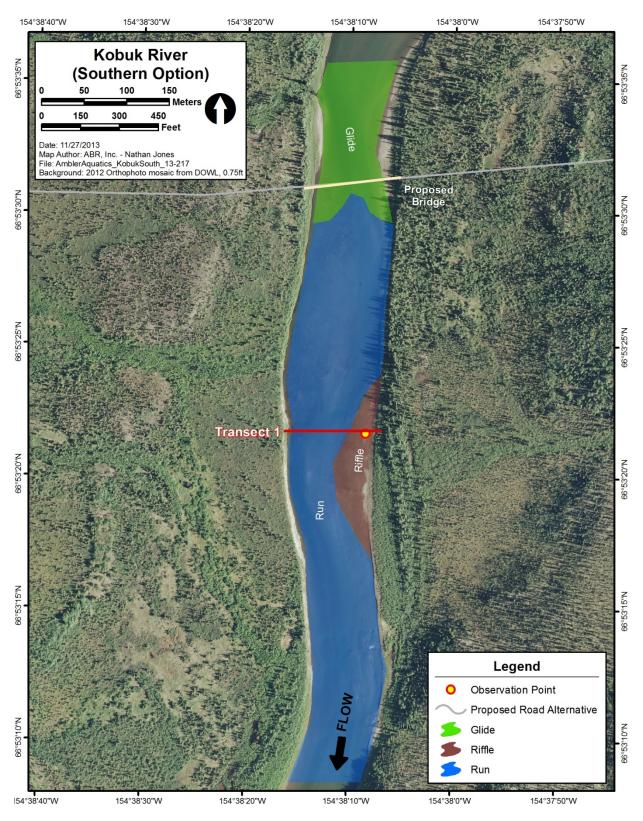


Figure 18. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of the Kobuk River on the southern road option, Alaska, August 2013.

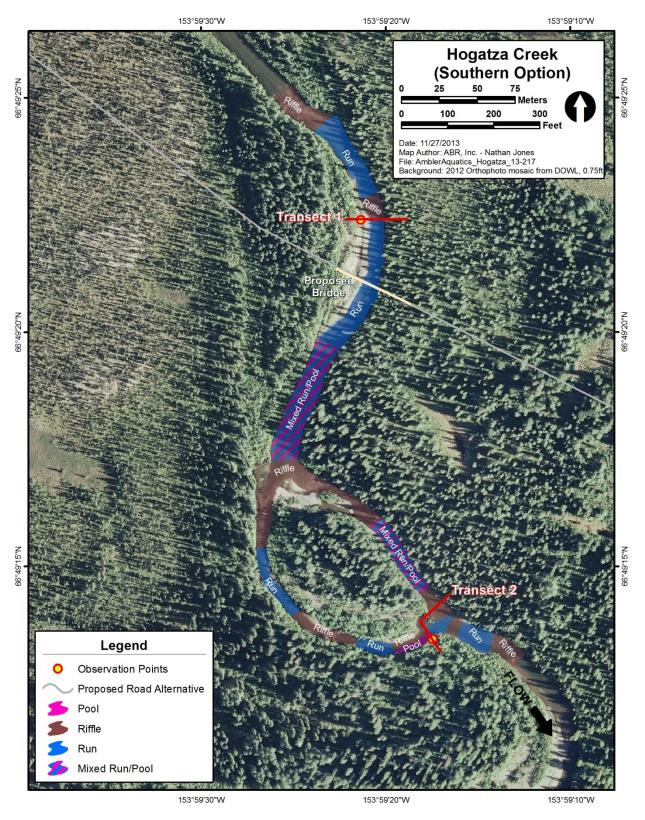


Figure 19. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of Hogatza Creek on the southern road option, Alaska, August 2013.

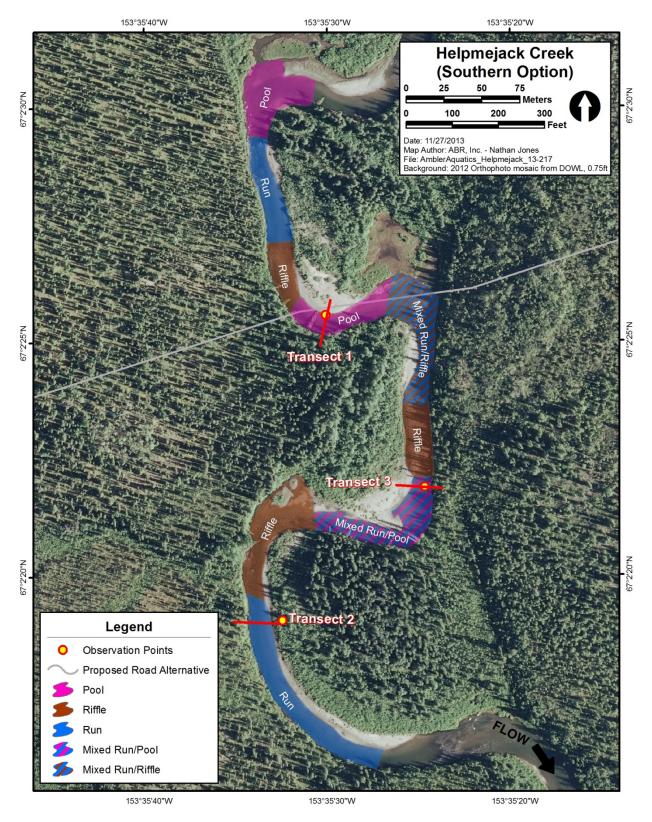
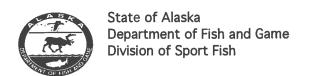


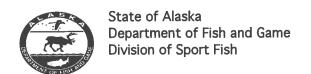
Figure 20. Stream habitat survey locations and flow characteristics at the proposed Brooks East Corridor crossing of Helpmejack Creek on the southern road option, Alaska, August 2013.

Appendix A. Anadromous Waters Catalog (AWC) nomination forms for Pacific salmon observed by ABR during 2012 fish surveys in waterbodies traversed by the Brooks East Corridor, Alaska. Forms were submitted to the Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADFG) in September 2013.



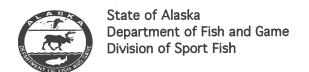
Nomination Form Anadromous Waters Catalog

Region ARCTIC		USGS Quad(s) AMBLER	RIVER	A-2
Anadromous Waters Catalog Number of \	Naterway NIA, †	ributary	to Kogoluktz	nk River (:	331-00-10
Name of Waterway CANYON	CREEK		USGS	Name	Local Name
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	For	r Office Use			
Nomination #					
		Fishe	ries Scientist	D	ate
Revision Year:					
Revision to: Atlas Catalog Both		Habitat Op	perations Manager	D	ate
		AWC P	roject Biologist		ate
Revision Code:					
		Ca	rtographer		ate
	OBSERVA ⁻	TION INFORMA	TION		
	3 2013	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous
IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting documentation and life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling oupper extent of each species, as well as other information barriers; etc.	duration and area sampled	d; copies of field not	es; etc. Attach a copy of a	map showing location of	mouth and observed
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Signature of Area Biologist:			Date:_		_ Revision

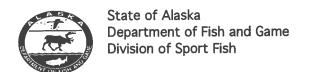


Nomination Form Anadromous Waters Catalog

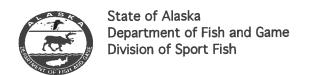
Name of Waterway HELPMEJACK CREEK Addition Deletion For Of Nomination # Revision Year: Revision to: Atlas Catalog Both COBSERVATION	J	usgs Name	Date Date Date Anadromous
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(FL=122mm). Pishers were Jer	ia Lemike a	Xd Mathe	w Apring
of ABR. See attached reportt	orsamplin	a method	sond maps.
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Agency: ABR, TMC.	A		item
Address: 1025 E. M.	ernational 17 9K 99518	nivportrol. Su	., (()
This certifies that in my best professional judgment and belief be included in or deleted from the Anadromous Waters Catalog	the above information	n is evidence that this w	aterbody should
Signature of Area Biologist:	-	Date:	Revision



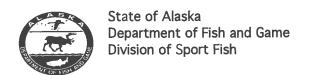
Region INTERIOR	USGS Quad	(s) HUGHE	S D-2	
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	ection Bac	ckup Information		
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photos.				
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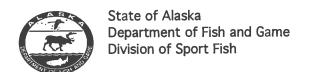
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Name of Waterway	BUK RIVER	<u> </u>	USGS	Name	Local Name
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		AWC F	roject Biologist	D	ate
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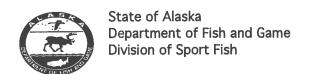
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Revision Code:		Cal	rtographer		Date	
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Species	OBSERV	ATION INFORMAT Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous	
CHUM SALMON	07/25/2012					
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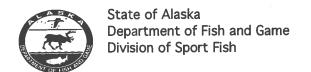
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Species Date(s) Observed	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous		
CHUM SALMON 07/21/2012			/			
IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting documentation that this water body and life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling duration and area si upper extent of each species, as well as other information such as: specific barriers; etc.	ampled; copies of field not c stream reaches observed	es; etc. Attach a copy of a as spawning or rearing ha	map showing location of bitat; locations, types, an	mouth and observed d heights of any		
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This certifies that in my best professional judgment arbe included in or deleted from the Anadromous Water	nd belief the above	9518	_			



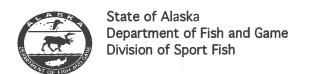
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MPORTANT: Provide all supporting documenta nd life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling per extent of each species, as well as other informatives; etc. Comments: VISUA Observation by Jena Lem Ke and Adult observed at	ng duration and area sample nation such as: specific stre	ed; copies of field notes am reaches observed a	; etc. Attach a copy of a m s spawning or rearing habi	ap showing location of n tat; locations, types, and	nouth and observed heights of any
lame of Observer (please print): Signature: Agency: Address:	SABRIN Challed ABR, I 1225 E. Anchora	elaneo	LA Lichal Airpoi 19518		11/2013
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be included in or deleted from the Ar	adromous waters C		TOTTIGETOT TO OVIGO		rbody should



Region ARCTIC	USGS Quad(s	MBLER	RIVERA	1-2	
Anadromous Waters Catalog Number of Waterway	NIA, tributam	to Kogolukt	ukriver(3	331-00-10	0490-2307
Name of Waterway RILEY CREEK	<	USGS N		Local Name	
		cup Information			
	For Office Use				
Nomination #				Maslaff	
	Fisher	ies Scientist	Da	ate	
Revision Year:					
Revision to: Atlas Catalog	Habitat Op	erations Manager	Da	ate	
Both					
Building Code	AWC Pr	oject Biologist	Da	ate	
Revision Code:	Car	tographer		ate	
Species Date(s) Observ	OBSERVATION INFORMAT ed Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous	
DOLLY VARDEN 67/13/201	13				
IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting documentation that this wat and life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling duration and upper extent of each species, as well as other information such as: sbarriers; etc.	area sampled; copies of field note pecific stream reaches observed	s; etc. Attach a copy of a m as spawning or rearing habit	ap showing location of n at; locations, types, and	nouth and observed heights of any	
Comments: Three juvenile Dolly Var In minnow traps by Jen Minnow traps were boit	den (102,108 la Lemke on	3,128 mm) X Mattheu	were con	otured 1.	
Minnow trops were boilt	ed with di	sinfected	salmon	reggs	
and left to spark overn sampling methods and	light. See at	tached re	port to		
sampling methods and	sport. Labour 1	were set	21.Fg/1/tx	5552,W151	0.70256.
Name of Observer (please print):	BRINAGARC	IA		1	
Signature:	ma fare	a	Date: 09	12/2013	
Agency: ABF Address: 1223 AMC	<, Inc. 5 E. Intervat Inbrage, AK	ional Airpor	t or suit	e 101	
This certifies that in my best professional judgme be included in or deleted from the Anadromous V		information is evider	ce that this wate	rbody should	
Signature of Area Biologist:		Date:		Revision	



Region INTER	RIOR	USGS Quad(s	SURVE'	YPASS A-	1
Anadromous Waters Cata	log Number of Waterway N	1A, closest i	s AWC 334-	40-11000-	-2125
	BUK CREEK		USGS		Local Name
Addition		rection Bacl	cup Information		
		For Office Use			
Nomination #					
		Fisher	ies Scientist	D	ate
Revision Year:					
Revision to: Atlas	Catalog	Habitat Op	erations Manager		ate
	Both				
		AWC Pr	oject Biologist		Date
Revision Code:		Car	tographer		Date
					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Species	Date(s) Observed	ERVATION INFORMAT Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous
COHOSALMON	07/16/2012				
CHINOOKSALMON	07/16/2012			/	
					. []
and life stages observed; sampling	oring documentation that this water bog methods, sampling duration and area well as other information such as: specif	sampled; copies of field note	s; etc. Attach a copy of a n	nap showing location of	mouth and observed
juvenile meas	onducted via a with ABR, lnc. v N 67.07944, W sured at 69mm, rom each specie mpling methods	s was four	na. Matthev servers 1 fis ne Coho Salr as 74 mm. nd. Hease sa	u Apling of shers. Frst non was a Only one se attache	and hing d
Name of Observer (please	print): SABR	INA GARC	1 A		11/2013
Signa	ature: <u>MOUM</u>	alponera		Date: 04	11/2013
_	ress: $\frac{ABR}{1225}$	Inc. Finternation	onal Airport	Dr. suite	101
7,00			7518		
	best professional judgment a		information is evide	nce that this wate	erbody should
Signature of Area Bi			Date:		_ Revision



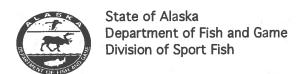
Region ARCTIC			USGS Quad	(s) AMBLER	RIVER B	5-2
Anadromous Waters Catalo	og Number of Waterway	NIA	tributar	y to Ambler	RIVER (33	31-00-1049
lame of Waterway	ANEAK CRE	EK		USGS	Name	Local Name
Addition		Correction	n Bac	kup Information		
		For	Office Use	·		
Indication #			OTHEC CSC			
lomination #			Fishe	eries Scientist		ate
evision Year:			115110	ines scientist		atto
evision to: Atlas	Catalog		Habitat O	perations Manager	D	ate
	oth				***	
			AWC F	roject Biologist	D	ate
evision Code:			<u> 10.89</u>		10 W.	121199
			Ca	rtographer		ate
		DBSERVAT	ION INFORMA	TION		
Species	Date(s) Observe		Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous
DLLY VARDEN	07/13/20	213	-	~		
	.=					
MPORTANT: Provide all support and life stages observed; sampling upper extent of each species, as we harriers; etc.	methods, sampling duration and a ell as other information such as: s	area sampled; pecific stream	; copies of field no reaches observed	es; etc. Attach a copy of a r l as spawning or rearing hab	nap showing location of a itat; locations, types, and	mouth and observed d heights of any
Comments: A ivalerile (inllu Varden	COU	ght in	minnowst	rapsby	Lena
comments: B juvenile 1 Lem ke ord 1 bouted with overnight. S	Mathew Ar	plina	OF ABF	2. Minnou	v trap?	WARR
anited wit	n disinfecta	id sal	monec	ags and le	ft to so	ak
arexiniant s	eo atta Che	of rep	port fo	rsamplin	e metho	701
M. 29am ban	opswere so	etat	N67.3	9883 W13	56.81866	0.
	ChO		A GAR			
ame of Observer (please p Signat		17/00	OCA 8 ~	e.	Date: 09	12/2013
Agen	000	Inc				
Addre	1225	DOVAQ	tema-	h <i>ana</i> Arp 99518	by+Dr.sui	te101
his certifies that in my be included in or deleted				information is evide	nce that this wate	erbody should
Signature of Area Bio	logist:			Date:		_ Revision

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Comments (cont.):

Dolly Varaen FL (mm) were:

112
109
108
109
124
87
83
98
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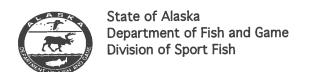
see Appendix C in attached report



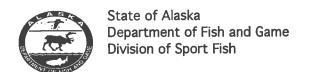
Region INTER	IOR	USGS Quad	(s) SURVEY	PASS A-	2
Anadromous Waters Cata	alog Number of Waterway N A	tributan	y to Alatna Ri	ver(334-41	0-11000-2125-3661
	INAMED TRIBUTARY		USGS		Local Name
Addition	Deletion Correction		ckup Information		
	Fo	or Office Use			
Nomination #					
Normilation #		Fish	eries Scientist	D	ate
Revision Year:					
Revision to: Atlas	Catalog	Habitat C	perations Manager	D	ate
	Both				
		AWC F	Project Biologist	D	ate
Revision Code:					
		C	artographer	D	ate
Species	OBSERVA Date(s) Observed	ATION INFORMA Spawning	ATION Rearing	Present	Anadromous
CHUM SALMON	07/23/2012	Spawriing	Kearing	Tresent	Anadromods
CHINOOK SALMON	07/23/2012			V	
and life stages observed; samplir upper extent of each species, as barriers; etc.	porting documentation that this water body is in ng methods, sampling duration and area sampl well as other information such as: specific strea	ed; copies of field no am reaches observe	tes; etc. Attach a copy of a n d as spawning or rearing hab	nap showing location of r itat; locations, types, and	nouth and observed I heights of any
Comments:	vation by Jena Lem Salmon (67.22524 non (67.22868,-15	Ve and	Matthew A	pling of	an
VISUAL OBSEV	Vation by Jetia Cett	-153 55	644) and 0	in adult	-
oault chum	Jalmor 1 (07. 0052 1	3 59321	o). Both ob	servations	s were
CUMODE 1010	aeria) surveys. The man 1 km üpstrear	e Chum S	almon spaw	ning area	2 PW S
Incated 16/17	nan 1 km ûpstrear	n of the	confluence	of the uv	nnamed ,
tributary wi	th the mainstem	Alama	Riverande	extended	(see back)
Name of Observer (please	print): SABRINA	+ GARC	IA	. 1	
Sign	ature: <u>Matthe</u>	your	<u> </u>	Date: 09	11/2013
Age	ency: ABR, In (-:	a no suite	2 In l
Ado	Iress: $\frac{1225EI}{6000000000000000000000000000000000000$		tional Airpor	IT DI. Suila	
	7 11 DI 10 10 1	30,11	11010		
1	best professional judgment and b d from the Anadromous Waters Ca		information is evide	nce that this wate	rbody should
Signature of Area B	iologist:		Date:		. Revision

omments (cont.):

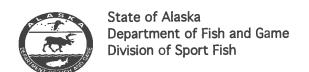
Approximately loom upstream (see Figure 4; Plates 7 and 8 of the eport). The Chinook Salmon spawning area was downmented approximately 1.8 km upstream (see Figure 6; Plates 9 and 10 of the attached report).



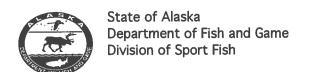
Region	ARCTI	C	USGS Quad(s) SURVEYPASS A-5					
Anadromou	us Waters Cata	log Number of Waterwa	IV NIA, TY	ibutary t	to begiver C	reek (331-0	0-10490-24	
Name of W		JNAMED TRIP			USGS		Local Name	
A	ddition	Deletion	Correction	_	cup Information			
			For	Office Use				
Nomination	n #							
TTO THIND COO				Fisher	ies Scientist	D	ate	
Revision Ye	ear:							
Revision to	: Atlas	Catalog		Habitat Op	erations Manager	D	ate	
		Both						
				AWC Pr	oject Biologist	D	ate	
Revision Co	ode:							
	·····			Car	tographer	D	ate	
				ION INFORMAT		D	l A d	
	pecies	Date(s) Obser		Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous	
PULLY	VARDEN	07/15/20	013			<u> </u>		
			· · · ·	 				
and life stage:	s observed; sampling	orting documentation that this way methods, sampling duration an well as other information such as:	d area sampled;	copies of field note	s; etc. Attach a copy of a r	nap showing location of	mouth and observed	
Commer	<u>nts:</u>	مارساله مان	uden	(25 82	144 mm)	caucht	in	
11111	e juver	nile dolly va ps by Jena + N 67.0106	1 and	رد فاردا ک	hold and	IANTIDO -	Mass	
WIUK	10m Ma	ps by sena	CEMIC	ECVICA 1	777 770	CILIONAL	opited	
mere	set a	1767.0100		α cond	517.1104	3 WEIE	L sag	
WITT	n disint	ected salm	011 + 9	95 9 V	3041000	outry light	r. see	
alta	achod.	report for n	1		-	ethuas.		
Name of O	bserver (please	print):	SRINA	+ GARC	IA)	nal	12/2013	
	Signa	ature:	31,00	prese		Date: <u>09</u>	12/2013	
	Age Addı	100	SE.Ir		anal Airpor 9518	+ Rd. Sui	te 101	
		best professional judgm I from the Anadromous			information is evide	nce that this wate	erbody should	
	re of Area Bi				Date:		_ Revision	



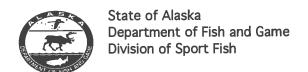
Region INTERIOR		USGS Quad	(s) HU6HE	S D-5	
Anadromous Waters Catalog Number of Water	way N/A, +	ributary	to Beaver (Treek (331-	-00-10490-2
Name of Waterway UNNAMED TRI			USGS		Local Name
Addition	Correctio	J _	kup Information		
	Foi	r Office Use			
Nomination #					
		Fishe	ries Scientist	D	ate
Revision Year:					
Revision to: Atlas Catalog	-	Habitat O	perations Manager	D	ate
Both		<u> </u>			
		AWC P	roject Biologist	D	ate
Revision Code:		Ca	rtographer		Date
	000000144				400
Species Date(s) Obs		TION INFORMA Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous
	2012		✓	$\sqrt{}$	
IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting documentation that this and life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling duration upper extent of each species, as well as other information such barriers; etc. Comments: Two juvenile Dibly Veleurofishing by Jena Documents of the Shing by Jena Documents of the Sampling of the Sampl	and area sampled as: specific stream / GYOLE V LEMICE 33 WI	copies of field not meaches observed (88 av 2 and 1855,025	es; etc. Attach a copy of a nel as spawning or rearing habe and 98 mm) A 94 me A 30. Please	nap showing location of ritat; locations, types, and	mouth and observed d heights of any
Name of Observer (please print): Signature: Agency: Address:	althe 3R, Inc 25 E.In	GARCI Conci	mal Arrporto	`	12/2013
This certifies that in my best professional judg be included in or deleted from the Anadromou	gment and be			nce that this wate	rbody should
Signature of Area Biologist:	<u>.</u>		Date:		_ Revision



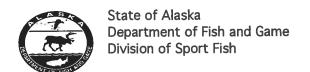
Region INTER	10R	USGS Quad	(s) BETTLE	SD-2	
Anadromous Waters Catal	og Number of Waterway N/A †	ributan	to Jim River	(334-40-11	000-2125-37
	JNAMED TRIBUTAR		USGS		Local Name
Addition	Deletion Correction	J	ckup Information		
	For	Office Use			
Nomination #		011100 000			
Normination #		Fish	eries Scientist		ate
Revision Year:					
Revision to: Atlas	Catalog	Habitat C	perations Manager	D	ate
E	Both				
		AWC I	Project Biologist	D	ate
Revision Code:					
		С	artographer	D	ate
		TION INFORMA			
Species	Date(s) Observed 07-120-120-12	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous
CHINDOK SALMON	17/00/1701				
CHIODOCSAUMOIN	0+1/20/2012		V	V	
and life stages observed; sampling	orting documentation that this water body is imp methods, sampling duration and area sampled ell as other information such as: specific stream	d; copies of field no	ites; etc. Attach a copy of a n	nap showing location of r	nouth and observed
Comments:	mon (55,62,49,55,	66.55	.52.61.55 r	nm\ano	lone
MAINE COLID 2011	non (48 mm) were senatemile and 1	must	it during +	e lectrofis	ning
01111001239111	and eight a find 1	Maltia	Aplina	fishing o	curted
50110003 59 3	39 W 150. 851 32.Pl	PAGE SE	e attacked	1 report t	n o î
1000. 7000 1000 Ning 100 N	Annal and maple	(36		1	
Jar pil ra ma	mood and maps.	C 104041	Δ	 	
Name of Observer (please p	orint): SABRINA	6 PRCI	<u>r</u>	00	12/2013
Signa	POR TIME	a consideration	a	Date: U	1212013
Ager Addre	100×61	sternot	ignal thirpor	+ Dr. Suite 1	101
Addit			39518		·
This certifies that in my h	pest professional judgment and be)		nce that this wate	rbody should
1	from the Anadromous Waters Cat		, in ormation is evider	noo that this wate	
Signature of Area Bio	ologist:		Date:		Revision



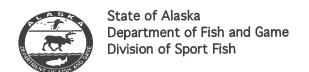
Region INTER	ZIOR	USGS Quad(s	BETTLE:	S D-2		
Anadromous Waters Cata	alog Number of Waterway	ula, tributary t	DJimRiveri	(334-40-110	00-2125-3740	108
Name of Waterway	NNAMED TRIBI	MARY	USGS 1	Name	Local Name	
Addition			up Information			
		For Office Use				
Nomination #						
		Fisheri	es Scientist	Da	ate	
Revision Year:						
Revision to: Atlas	Catalog	Habitat Ope	erations Manager	Da	ate	
	Both	AWC Pro	eject Biologist	D:	ate	
Revision Code:		AWCFIC	Ject biologist	De	ate	
		Cart	ographer	Da	ate	
	01	SSERVATION INFORMATI	ON			
Species	Date(s) Observe		Rearing	Present	Anadromous	
COHO SALMON	07/23/201	2	✓	V		
and life stages observed; samplir upper extent of each species, as barriers; etc.	porting documentation that this water ig methods, sampling duration and ar well as other information such as: specific s	ea sampled; copies of field notes ecific stream reaches observed a	; etc. Attach a copy of a m s spawning or rearing habi	nap showing location of m tat; locations, types, and	nouth and observed heights of any	
elochofishi	ng surveys k	y Jena Lem	ice and Ma	atthew my	silve.	
Fishing occu	ad it to bem.	.83560,W15	50.64531.	Please S	ee	
attached r	eport for sam	ipling metho	ods and w	10ps.		
Name of Observer (please	print): SAB	ZINA GARCI	A		14-1	
Sign	ature:	Melponco	<u> </u>	Date: 09	12/2013	
Age	ency: ABR	, Inc.	11 A CON 1 - 01	constant		
Ado		E. Internations Drage, AK 995		Suiter		
1	best professional judgmen d from the Anadromous Wa		nformation is evider	nce that this wate	rbody should	
Signature of Area B	iologist:		Date:		Revision	



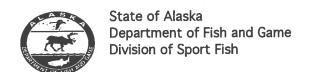
Region INTER	RIOR	USGS Quad(SURVE	Y PASS A	-3
Anadromous Waters Catal	og Number of Waterway N A	, tributar	y to Kichai	akaleac	reek
	UNAMED TRIBUT		USGS		Local Name
Addition	Deletion Correct		kup Information		
			-,		
		For Office Use			
Nomination #					
		Fishe	ries Scientist	D	ate
Revision Year:					
	Catalog	Habitat Op	perations Manager	Di	ate
	3oth	41410.0	of the last		
		AWCP	roject Biologist	D	ate
Revision Code:			1		
		Ca	rtographer	D	ate
		/ATION INFORMA		Procent	Anadromous
Species Species	Date(s) Observed 09 67 20 2	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Ariadromous
DOLLY VARDEN	0-110112012				
and life stages observed; sampling upper extent of each species, as w barriers; etc.	orting documentation that this water body is methods, sampling duration and area sam ell as other information such as: specific st	pled; copies of field not ream reaches observed	es; etc. Attach a copy of a r as spawning or rearing hab	nap showing location of nitat; locations, types, and	nouth and observed I heights of any
Comments:	Solly Varden (12 na Cemke ord M rd with disinf ght. See attach	8 cool 14	t mm) mm 5	alatin m	
a juvenile !	song varaericiz	- 101M ac -	A-15-00 NA	3n	20(
trops by se	ng temke oner "	MUTTEN	mpling. M	IT WOUTH	of 2
were boilte	d with disinf	ected so	imon egg	js and 14	7+10
cizar overni	aht. See attach	ed repo	rt tor san	pling m	ethools
and maps. T	raps were set at	N67.020	164, W 154	.01124.	
Name of Observer (please p	orint): SABRI	NA GA	RCIA	_	i i
Signa	ture: Laur	ei (orc	R.	Date: <u>09</u>	12 2013
Ager	ncy: ABR, \	<u> </u>			Latol
Addre	ess: <u>1225 E.</u> Anchov	International	199518	DY DI. SUI	76101
This certifies that in my h	pest professional judgment and	belief the above	information is evide	nce that this wate	rbody should
	from the Anadromous Waters				
Signature of Area Bio	ologist:		Date:_		_ Revision
02/08					



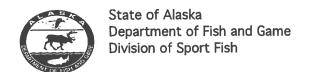
Region INTERIOR	USGS Quad(s) SURVE	Y PASS A-S
Anadromous Waters Catalog Number of Waterway	A, tributary to Kobuk R	vur (331-00-10490)
Name of Waterway UNNAMED TRIBU		
Addition Deletion Corre		
	For Office Use	
Nomination #		
	Fisheries Scientist	Date
Revision Year:		
Revision to: Atlas Catalog	Habitat Operations Manager	Date
Both		
	AWC Project Biologist	Date
Revision Code:	Cartographer	Date
		Date
OBSER Species Date(s) Observed	RVATION INFORMATION Spawning Rearing	Present Anadromous
DOWY VARDEN 09/04/12		
IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting documentation that this water body and life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling duration and area sa upper extent of each species, as well as other information such as: specific sharriers; etc.	impled; copies of field notes; etc. Attach a copy of a r	map showing location of mouth and observed
Comments:	(128 and 130 mm)	rought in minnou
traps by Jena Lemke and were baited with disir	Matthew Apling.	Minnow traps
were baited with disir	rfected salmon e	'ggs and left
Ito soak overnight. See	attorned 14011 1	tor tull sampline
methods and maps traps	Were set at 10 67.019	101, W154.44464. Y
1.01.00	NA GARCIA	Date: 09/12/2013
Signature: ABR	Inc	
Address: 1225 F	E. International Avage, AK 99518	rport or, suite 101
This certifies that in my best professional judgment an be included in or deleted from the Anadromous Waters		nce that this waterbody should
Signature of Area Biologist:	Date:	Revision



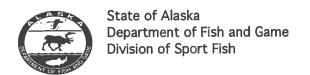
Region INTERIOR	USGS Quad(s)	SURVE	PASS A-	14
Anadromous Waters Catalog Number of Waterway	UlA, tributary-	to Kobuk K	River (331	-00-10490
Name of Waterway UNNAMED TRIE	BUTARY	USGS	Name	Local Name
Addition Deletion C	orrection Backu	p Information		
	For Office Use			
Nomination #				
	Fisherie	s Scientist	Da	ate
Revision Year:				
Revision to: Atlas Catalog	Habitat Oper	ations Manager	Da	ate
Both	AMO P	Dielesies	D.	
Revision Code:	AWC Proj	ect Biologist	Da	ate
Revision Code:	Carto	grapher	D;	ate
Ol	BSERVATION INFORMATIO			
Species Date(s) Observed		Rearing	Present	Anadromous
DOLLY VARDEN 09/04/201	2			
IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting documentation that this water and life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling duration and ar upper extent of each species, as well as other information such as: species; etc.	ea sampled; copies of field notes;	etc. Attach a copy of a n	nap showing location of π	nouth and observed
Comments: 3 juvenile ODILY Varden (traps by Jeng Lemke on were baited with disir	116,131,146mn	n) cough-	tin minu	70W
Troops by sella arrive sie	forted salr	non egas	and lef	+ +
Soak overnight See atto	iched repo	ort for h	all samp	ling
methods and maps. raf	swere set a	+ N67.001	566, W 151	t. 55439.
	RINA GARCI			
Signature:	melani	2	Date: 09	12/2013
Agency: ABR 1225 Address: 1225	, Inc. E. Internation brage, AK 99	na 1 Airpoi 1518	4 pr suit	re 101
This certifies that in my best professional judgmen be included in or deleted from the Anadromous Wa		formation is evide	nce that this wate	rbody should
Signature of Area Biologist:		Date:		Revision



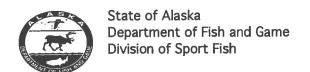
Region INTER	IOR	USGS Quad(s	WISEMA	N A-6	
Anadromous Waters Cata	alog Number of Waterway NA, †	ributary to	Malamute For	LAMatna Ri	ver (334-40-110
	UNAMED TRIBUTA		USGS N		Local Name 3661
Addition	Deletion Correcti	J	kup Information		
		or Office Use	•		
		or office osc			
Nomination #		Fisher	ries Scientist		ate
Revision Year:		risilei	les scientist		ate
	Catalog	Habitat On	erations Manager	D	ate
THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	Both				
		AWC Pr	oject Biologist	D	ate
Revision Code:					
		Car	tographer	D	ate
	ORSERVA	ATION INFORMAT	ION		
Species	Date(s) Observed	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous
COHO SALMON	07/16/2013		V		
CHUM SARMON	07116/2013		V		
and life stages observed; samplir upper extent of each species, as barriers; etc. Comments:	porting documentation that this water body is ing methods, sampling duration and area sample well as other information such as: specific street as the sample of the sampl	led; copies of field note am reaches observed	s; etc. Attach a copy of a m as spawning or rearing habi	ap showing location of r lat; locations, types, and	nouth and observed heights of any
1001,00000 ([] =	76 and UV 114	0.00 00.00	alat Dilina	dinnetz 1	
Jeng Lem Ke	and Matthew Ap	ling of	ABR. Capti	are occu	irred
at N 67.110 methods on	ond Mathew Ap 174, W152.93070.	see of the	rched repo	02107 +10	mpling
Name of Observer (please	0.0.0.0.0	A GARCIA			1
	lature: Laure	Lonce		Date: <u>09</u>	12/2013
Age	ency: ABR, Inc			بادر و م	2 1121
Add	Iress: 1225 E. 1 PMChoya		ona 1 Atrpov 19518	4 pr. suit	ę (Ot
	best professional judgment and I d from the Anadromous Waters C		information is evider	nce that this wate	rbody should
Signature of Area B	iologist:		Date:		. Revision



Region INTER	IOR	USGS Quad(s)	WISEN	1AN A-6	
Anadromous Waters Catalog	g Number of Waterway 33 \	1-40-110	00-2125	-3661-	1100
Name of Waterway Addition	TMED TRIB. TO MALAMI Deletion Correction		TIVA USGS RIVER up Information	Name	Local Name
	F	or Office Use			
Nomination #					
		Fisherie	es Scientist	D	ate
Revision Year:					
Revision to: Atlas	Catalog	Habitat Ope	rations Manager	D	ate
Во	oth				
		AWC Pro	ject Biologist	D	ate
Revision Code:					
		Cart	ographer		ate
Carrier		ATION INFORMATI		Present	Anadromous
Species COHO SALMON	Date(s) Observed 0子11612013	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Alladioillous
WHO WILLIAM	07/10/2013				
					
and life stages observed; sampling m	ing documentation that this water body is in nethods, sampling duration and area sampl I as other information such as: specific stre	ed; copies of field notes	etc. Attach a copy of a	map showing location of a	mouth and observed
Comments:		-			
Two juvenil-	e Coho Salmon	(57 and	58mm)	were ca	ptured
in minnow?	traps by Jena 1	Lemke on	od Matth	ew Apli	rg.
Minnow trax	e Coho Salmon traps by Jena 1 os were baited	witho	lisinfect	ed salm	on eags
			_		
and left to s	oak overnight	. See atta	2000 CE	2001+ for	methods
and left to s and mass T	oak overnight Yaps were set a	. See atta + 1067.10t	20/20/ (6) 36, W152	2014 for 1.74847	methods
and left to S and maps T	oak overnight Yaps were set a	. See atto t N 67.100 N A GAR	201601 (6) 36, W 152	2001+ for 1.74847	methods
and left to s	oak overnight raps were set a	. See after 1×67.10 t	201601 (6) 36, W 152	2001+ for 1.74847	methods
mod left to S ond maps T Name of Observer (please pri	oak overnight Yaps were set a int): SABRII Laura	See atto + N 67.10t NA GAR alpani	20120 (6) 136, WISZ 1CIA	2007 for 1.74847 Date: 09	methods 12/2013
Name of Observer (please pri	oak overnight Yaps were set and int): SABRII Gure: Laura ABR, In 1225 E	See atto + N 67.10t NA GAR alpani	ACHEOL CE 136, WISA 1CIA	2001+ for 1.74847	methods 12/2013
Name of Observer (please pri Signatu Agenc Addres	oak overnight Yaps were set and int): SABRII Gure: Laura ABR, In 1225 E	See after 1 N 67.10th A 6 AR algorithms. Internal algorithms algor	ACIA CIA CHIA Thiomal Ai	2007 for 1.74847 Date: 09 1.7007 DV.	methods 12 2013 suite 101



Region ARCTIC	USGS Quad(s) AMBLER	RIVER A-1	
Anadromous Waters Catalog Number of Waterway ${\color{black} }{\color{black} {mack} {\color{black} {mack} {\color{black} {mack} {\color{black} {mack} {\color{black} {mack} {\color{black} {\bf A}} {\color{black} {\bf A}} {\color{black} {\bf A}} {\color{black} {\bf A}}}$	A, tributary to Maunel	uk River (331-	00-1
Name of Waterway UNNAMED TRIBUT	ARY USGSI	Name Local	Name
Addition Deletion Corre	ection Backup Information		
	For Office Use		
Nomination #			
	Fisheries Scientist	Date	
Revision Year:			
Revision to: Atlas Catalog	Habitat Operations Manager	Date	
Both			
	AWC Project Biologist	Date	
Revision Code:	Cartographer	Date	
OPCE			
Species Date(s) Observed	RVATION INFORMATION Spawning Rearing	Present Anadı	romous
CHUM SALMONI 07/25/2012			
IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting documentation that this water body and life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling duration and area supper extent of each species, as well as other information such as: specific barriers; etc.	ampled; copies of field notes; etc. Attach a copy of a m stream reaches observed as spawning or rearing habi	nap showing location of mouth and o itat; locations, types, and heights of a	observed any
Comments: Two juvenile chum salmo electrofishing by Jena Lei were captured of N 67.02 attached report for sampling	n (52 and 55mm) car mke and Matthew 1696, W156.04826.1 g methods and maps	ught via Apling Fish Please see	$\wedge \mid$
`			
Name of Observer (please print): SABRI	NA GARCIA	20/11/0	h12
Signature:	releonera.	Date: 09/11/2	
Agency: 778K, Address: 1225 E	International Airporrage, AK 99518	tra suite 101	•
This certifies that in my best professional judgment ar be included in or deleted from the Anadromous Water		nce that this waterbody sh	nould
Signature of Area Biologist:	Date:	Revi	ision

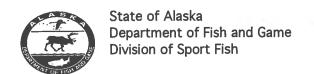


Region ARCTIC		USGS Quad(s	AMBLER	RIVER	A-1
nadromous Waters Catalo	og Number of Waterway NA	, tributary	to Mauneli	ukriver (=	331-00-104
	NAMED TRIBUT		USGS		Local Name
Addition	Deletion Correc	tion Back	up Information		
	145	For Office Use			
omination #					
		Fisheri	es Scientist	D	ate
evision Year:					
	Catalog	Habitat Ope	erations Manager		ate
В	oth	AMC Pro	oject Biologist		ate
evision Code:		AVVC FIC	Ject Biologist	L	ate
		Cart	ographer	C	ate
· ·	OBSERV	VATION INFORMATI	ON		
Species	Date(s) Observed	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous
OLLY VARDEN	07/13/2013				
nd life stages observed; sampling oper extent of each species, as we arriers; etc. Comments: DUV JUVENI MINDOW TO	rting documentation that this water body is methods, sampling duration and area samull as other information such as specific step to the description of the descripti	pled; copies of field notes ream reaches observed a (115,115,1). Ike and the standard of the s	22,139m Mathew 13206.Mi	map showing location of pitat; locations, types, and many cough and a second control of the cough and the cough an	nouth and observed of heights of any Tin Tinnow RS were
lame of Observer (please p Signat Agen Addre	ure: $\frac{1}{1225}$ ey: $\frac{1}{1225}$ e.1	NA GAR a GOVC nc Internat loge, AK	ional Airp		12/2013 ite 101
	est professional judgment and from the Anadromous Waters		nformation is evide	nce that this wate	erbody should
Signature of Area Bio	logist:		Date:		_ Revision

	ior	USGS Quad(s	SURVEY	PASS_A	-6.
Anadromous Waters Catal	log Number of Waterway NA	tributan	1 to Maure	MUKRIVER	(331-00-
	UNAMED TRIBUT		USGS N		Local Name
Addition	Deletion Correcti		up Information		
V /100/100/	i F	or Office Use			I
Nomination #		Fisher	les Scientist	D	ate
Revision Year:		- N. S. C. S.			X
Revision to: Atlas	Catalog	Habitat Op	erations Manager	D	ate
	Both				
		AWC Pro	oject Biologist		ate
Revision Code:		Con	tographer		ate
			tographer		acc
Species	OBSERV Date(s) Observed	ATION INFORMAT Spawning	ION Rearing	Present	Anadromous
DOLLY VARDEN	07/14/2013		/	$\overline{}$	
POLET VIRDER	3 111 (12-13				
and life stages observed, sampling upper extent of each species, as we barriers; etc.	porting documentation that this water body is grethods, sampling duration and area samp well as other information such as specific str	oled; copies of field note eam reaches observed	s; etc. Attach a copy of a mas spawning or rearing habi	ap showing location of tat; locations, types, an	d heights of any
20 juvenite Lemke ond	Mathew Aplina 217 WISS.84178	of ABR.	Minnow there bai	raps we	ena exeset m
しょう レガぐじつへ	Dolly Varden cou Mathew Aplina 217, WISS. 84178 1. Salmon eggs	71 01 11 1	100		1 -
しょう レカビドロへ	1 (())(())(1)(1)(2)(3)(3)(3)(3)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)	71 01 11 1	100		1 -
attached (report for full sai	mpling m	vetnods on	d maps.	See bock
Name of Observer (please	(eport for full sair	71 01 11 1	vetnods on	d maps.	See bock
Name of Observer (please Sign Age	report for full said sprint: SABRING ABRING ABRIS ABRIS Lature: ABRIS Lature: ABRIS Lature: ABRIS	mpling M SA GARC Elpanere	vetnods on	$\frac{d}{d} \frac{d}{d} \frac{d}$	See bock
Name of Observer (please Sign Age Add	report for full said sprint: SABRING ABRING ABRIS ABRIS Lature: ABRIS Lature: ABRIS Lature: ABRIS	mpling W SAGARO ELONGE INTERNAT Cage, AK belief the above	ional Airpo	Date: OC	See back 1/12/2013 te101

comments (cont.): Dolly Varden lengths were (for Klength, mm):

see Appendix C in attached report.



Region ARCTIC	USGS Quad(s) AMBLE	RRIVER	A-1
Anadromous Waters Catalog Number of Waterway N	A tributar	y to Maune	eluk River	- (331-00-104
Name of Waterway UNNAMED TRIBU		USGS 1		Local Name
		kup Information		
	For Office Use	•		
	1 of Office osc			
Nomination #	Fiche	ries Scientist	- D:	ate
Revision Year:	Tishe	ries scientist	Mo A. S	2008546
Revision to: Atlas Catalog	Habitat Or	perations Manager	D	ate
Both				
	AWC Pr	roject Biologist	D	ate
Revision Code:				
	Ca	rtographer	D	ate
OBSE	RVATION INFORMA ⁻	ΓΙΟΝ		
Species Date(s) Observed	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous
DOLLY VARDEN 07/14/2013				
IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting documentation that this water body and life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling duration and area sa upper extent of each species, as well as other information such as: specific barriers; etc.	ampled; copies of field note stream reaches observed	es; etc. Attach a copy of a mass spawning or rearing habi	nap showing location of n	nouth and observed heights of any
Comments:	waht in m	rinnow tra	ps by Je	na
Comments: 19 juvenile Dolly Varden cou Lemke and Mathew Aplin	g of ABR	Minnow t	rapilue	reset
1 1 N 62 17383 W 156.008	KI Trapsi	WELLE POIL	tea wit	h
disinfected salmon eggs	and left	to soak	overnigh	t. see
attached report for full so	amplina m	rethods on	d maps.	See book
	NAGARO			
Name of Observer (please print):	e language	2	Date: 09	12/2013
Agency: AGR,	TMC.			
Address: 1225 E	Internat	iona) Airpo 99518	ADC Suit	e 101
This certifies that in my best professional judgment ar be included in or deleted from the Anadromous Water		information is evider	nce that this wate	rbody should
Signature of Area Biologist:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date:		. Revision

Jonnents (cont.): Dolly Varden lengths were (for Klength, mm):

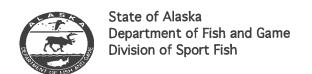
See Appendix C in attached report.

egion INTERI	OR		SURVEY		
nadromous Waters Catalo	og Number of Waterway NA	tributan	1 to Maure	Pluk River	(331-00-1
	UN AMED TRIBUT		USGS N		Local Name
Addition	Deletion Correction		ـــــ up Information		
VAddition			•		
		or Office Use			
lomination #				De	ate
		Fisheri	es Scientist	Da	ite
levision Year:					ate
levision to: Atlas _	Catalog	Habitat Ope	erations Manager		ate
E	Both		i d Biologia	D	ate
		AWC Pro	oject Biologist	De	ate
Revision Code:					ate
		Can	tographer	Di	ate
		ATION INFORMAT		Present	Anadromous
Species	Date(s) Observed 07/14/2013	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Alladionods
DOLLY VARDEN	0 111 (1 2 3				
	ording documentation that this water body is g methods, sampling duration and area samp well as other information such as specific str				
Comments: 6 juvenile	Dolly Varden cau Mathew Aplina t37, W 155.81388				ena resot
0x N67.05	(salmon eggs c	and left	to soak	overnighd d maps.	+500
0x N67.05	eport for full sai	mpling m	rethods on	overnight d mops.	+500
0x N67.05	eport for full sai	mpling m	rethods on	d mops.	t see book
of N67.050 disinfected attained (Name of Observer (please	eport for full sainting sabran	mpling m SA GARC ELORUME	rethods on	d mops.	t see book
of N 67.050 disinfected attained of Observer (please Signal Age	eport for full saintenance: SABRIN print): SABRIN ADD ADD	mpling M SA GARC ELOUVE	rethods on	d mops. Date: 09	t. see See book 12/2013
od N 67.050 disinfe (food attained (Name of Observer (please Signal Age	print): SABRIN ABRICATION: ature: ABRICATION: ITERS: 1225 E.	mpling m SA GARC ELOUVE Inc Internat	rethods on	d mops. Date: 09	t. see See book 12/2013
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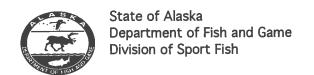
Dolly Varden for Llengths (mm) were:

95
104
114
117
118
126

See Appendix C in attached report.



Region INTERIO	R	USGS Quad(s	SURVE	Y PASS 1	4-6
Anadromous Waters Catalog Nur	nber of Waterway NA, †	ributary	to Maunela	akriver (331-00-10
Name of Waterway	AMED TRIBUT	ARY	USGS	Name	Local Name
	etion Correction		cup Information		
	For	Office Use			
Nomination #					
		Fisher	ies Scientist	D	ate
Revision Year:					A MALE
Revision to: Atlas	Catalog	Habitat Op	erations Manager		ate
Both _					
		AWC Pr	oject Biologist		ate
Revision Code:		-			2040
		Car	tographer	L	oate
Species	OBSERVAT Date(s) Observed	Spawning	ION Rearing	Present	Anadromous
^	07/26/2012		V		
		-			
IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting doc and life stages observed; sampling methods upper extent of each species, as well as oth barriers; etc. Comments: Two juvenile of thing to compene the compenents of the com	olly Varden (8 by Jena Lem Ke 167, 12433, W15	scopies of field note in reaches observed in 12 and 12 and 12 and 15 and 15 and 15 and 15 and 16 and	s; etc. Attach a copy of a mass spawning or rearing habited. 7 mm FL) 1. Please S	nap showing location of tat; locations, types, and	mouth and observed d heights of any
Name of Observer (please print): Signature: Agency: Address:	SABRING Labra ABR, Inc 1225 E. 1 MUhorag	(pares	IA L Nonal Airpo 19518		12/2013 re101
This certifies that in my best pribe included in or deleted from t			nformation is evider	nce that this wate	erbody should
Signature of Area Biologis	t:		Date:		_ Revision



egion ARCTI	C	USGS Quad(s	AMBLER	RIVER	A-1	
nadromous Waters Cata	alog Number of Waterway N A	, tributaru	to Mauneli	ukriver	(331-00-10	1490-23
	NNAMED TRIBU		USGS N		Local Name	
Addition	Deletion Correcti		up Information			
	F	or Office Use				
lomination #						
		Fisher	ies Scientist	D	ate	
evision Year:						
evision to: Atlas	Catalog	Habitat Op	erations Manager	D	ate	
	Both	AWC Pro	oject Biologist		ate	
evision Code:		AWOTI	oject biologist			
		Cartographer		Date		
	OBSERV	ATION INFORMAT	ION			
Species	Date(s) Observed	Spawning	Rearing	Present	Anadromous	
HUM SALMON	07/25/2012					
		+				
nd life stages observed; samplin pper extent of each species, as arriers; etc.	porting documentation that this water body is ig ig methods, sampling duration and area samp well as other information such as: specific stre	led; copies of field note eam reaches observed a	s; etc. Attach a copy of a m as spawning or rearing habit	ap showing location of a lat; locations, types, and	mouth and observed I heights of any	
Visual obse	ervation of old mke and Mathe	ult chui	m salmon	spawnin	ngorea	
où Jena Ler	nke and Matthei	N Apline	g. Observa	ition occ	wrred	
V . 1.7 02	UC2 11156 D34	34 111/0	LO SUE CATTO	iched rej	port	
for samplin	ng methods one	darea n	naps.			
lame of Observer (please	print): SABRIN	A GARC	1A		100	
Signature:		Lonia	-	Date: <u>09</u>	11/2013	
-	Pency: $\frac{ABR, JW}{1225E}$ Anchoro	nc Internat ge,Ak 9°	ional Airpo 9518			
=	best professional judgment and d from the Anadromous Waters C		nformation is evider	nce that this wate	erbody should	
Signature of Area B	iologist:		Date:		_ Revision	

Appendix B.	Raw stream habitat da the Brooks East Corri	nta collected at survey dor, Alaska, August 2	transects on waterbo	dies traversed by
(DD 1		D 1	~	

Site Name SH-T1-13 Event Code

 Date
 12 August 2013
 Time
 10:43

 Latitude N
 67.120893
 Longitude W
 156.985129

Observers JCS, MMA, SDG

$\Lambda \cap$	ıuatics	・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・
Au	เนลเเบร	Dala

Ambient Water 0	Quality	Channel Characteris	atics
Temperature	9.5 °C	Bankfull Width	59 m
Dissolved Oxygen	100%	Wetted Width	52 m
Dissolved Oxygen	11.32 mg/L	Thalweg Depth n	ot measured (unwadeable)
Conductivity	115.3 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low
Sp. Cond.	0.164 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	< 1 %
рН	6.58	Stream Stage	Low

Turbidity 1.92 NTU Water Color Mostly clear/Humic

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- Not measured (unwadeable) RB Angle- 115°

Substrate (inorgan	ic) =	100%

Diameter	% Composition
	0
>256mm (10in)	5
64-256mm (2.5-10in)	5
2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	5
0.06-2mm	5
0.06-2mm	40
0.004-0.06 mm	40
	>256mm (10in) 64-256mm (2.5-10in) 2-64mm (0.1-2.5in) 0.06-2mm 0.06-2mm

Flow

Crew was unable to take flow measurements because transect was unwadeable

Comments:

Flowing at 0.33 m/s at the surface, generally it is slow flowing.

Visual observation of approximately 5 inch juvenile fish

Photos:

US-0665

DS-0666

LB-0667

RB-0668

Substrate photos taken 15 August 2013-0823,0824

Site Name SH-T1-13

Date 12 August 2013

Latitude N 67.120893

Observers JCS, MMA, SDG

Event Code

Time 11:34

Longitude W 156.985129

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	1	
Macrophytes	2	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	1	
Undercut Bank	0	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent
1 = Sparse (<10%)
2=Moderate (10-40%)
3=Heavy (40-75%)
4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Stream was unwadeable due to fines. Slack to slow flow. Low water level, potential rearing fish habitat. Bacterial foam flowing at the surface.

Islands present now due to low flow-likely submerged at high water.

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)				
Left Bank	Right Bank			
Canopy (> 5 m)				
30% cover by black spruce, the only tree	No canopy 10+ m from the bank.			
greater than 5 m.				
More dense upstream, less dense downstream.				
Understory (0.5 - 5 m)				
Mixed coniferous and deciduous (higher	Dominated by willow and tall grasses.			
willow density).				
75-80% willow cover, grasses next highest				
density				
Ground (< 0.5 m)				
Low percentage of open, bare ground.	Not much barren ground, less than 5%.			
Mostly grasses. Low percentage of down wood,	Mostly grasses.			
mostly within bankfull width.				

 Site Name
 SH-T2-13

 Date
 12 August 2013

 Latitude N
 67.120226

 Observers
 JCS, SDG, MMA

Event Code
Time 12:20
Longitude W 156.979087

Aquatics Dat	ta

Ambient Water Quality		Channel Characteristics	
Temperature	9.9°C	Bankfull Width	37 m
Dissolved Oxygen	102.10%	Wetted Width	49 m
Dissolved Oxygen	11.51 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.85 m
Conductivity	115.7 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low
Sp. Cond.	0.162 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	1%
рН	7.95	Stream Stage	Low
Turbidity	1.71 NTU	Water Color	Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle - 175°

RB Angle-165°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	30
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	40
Sand	0.06-2mm	25
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

RΒ

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	1.85	36	0.25
2	5.55	58	0.85
3	9.25	83	0.79
4	12.95	65	1.07
5	16.65	27	0.98
6	20.35	47	0.65
7	24.05	29	0.47
8	27.75	20	0.31
9	31.45	17	0.19
10	35.15	13	0.09

Comments:

LB

Right bank is higher than left. Area of transect is typical of most of 2,000 ft corridor, a shallow (< 2 ft) long run composed of cobble, boulder, gravel, sand. Returned to get flow measurements on 13 Aug. Substrate photos taken 15 August 2013- 0819,0820,0821,0822

Photos: 0669 (US), 0671 (DS), 0670 (LB), 0672 (RB)

Site Name SH-T2-13 Event Code

 Date
 12 August 2013
 Time
 12:20

 Latitude N
 67.120226
 Longitude W
 156.979087

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect	
Filamentous Algae	0
Macrophytes	0
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1
Live Trees Root	0
Overhanging Vegetation	1
Undercut Bank	0
Boulders	1
Artificial Structures	0

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Mostly cobble and gravel with a few boulders on right bank, lots of sand on left bank. Figured out flowmeter had dead batteries (returned Aug 13).

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank	Right Bank	
Canopy	*	
None.	5% Black Spruce.	
Us don to a	(0.5, 5,)	
Understory		
Grasses, 5-10%	Grasses, 10%	
Willow, 10-20%	Small spruce, 10%	
	Willow, 50%	
	Berries/shrubs, 30%	
	(High/Low Cran, Blueberry, Salmonberry)	
Ground (< 0.5 m)		
Short grass, 25%	Fireweed, 5%	
Small willow, 5%	Bare ground, 20%	
Bare ground, 50% minimum	Grass, 50%	
	Willow, 25%	

Site Name SH-T3-13 Event Code

 Date
 12 August 2013
 Time
 15:19

 Latitude N
 67.117791
 Longitude W
 156.968715

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Aquatics Data

Ambient Water Qu	ality	Channel Characteristics
Temperature	10.5 °C	Bankfull Width 49 m
Dissolved Oxygen	106.90%	Wetted Width 40 m
Dissolved Oxygen	11.92 mg/L	Thalweg Depth 0.82 m
Conductivity	116.7 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipita Low
Sp. Cond.	0.161 mS/cm	Stream Gradier 0.50%
pН	7.57	Stream Stage Low
Turbidity	1.79 NTU	Water Color Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 115° RB Angle- 175°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	35
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	40
Sand	0.06-2mm	20
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

$\overline{}$	п

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	2	2	0.1
2	6	33	0.44
3	10	34	0.73
4	14	45	0.9
5	18	65	0.78
6	22	62	0.87
7	26	60	0.86
8	30	35	0.38
9	34	55	0.38
10	38	39	0.16

Comments:

LB

Flow was measured 8/13 because of dead batteries 8/12.

Photos: 0677 (US), 0678 (DS), 0680 (LB), 0681 (RB)

8 inch Arctic Grayling caught by Brett using rod and reel

Substrate photos taken 15 August 2013-0815,0816,0817

Site Name SH-T3-13

 Date
 12 August 2013

 Latitude N
 67.117791

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Event Code

Time 15:19

Longitude W 156.968715

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	2	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	1	
Overhanging Vegetation	2	
Undercut Bank	2	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%)	
2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%)	0 = Absent
3=Heavy (40-75%)	1 = Sparse (<10%)
, ,	2=Moderate (10-40%)
4=Very Heavy (>75%)	3=Heavy (40-75%)
	4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Left bank angles variable (low angles, up to 90 degrees, and undercut in some places)

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank	Right Bank	
Canopy	(> 5 m)	
Canopy dominated by black spruce-	No canopy 10 m from bank.	
10% cover.		
Understory	(0.5 - 5 m)	
Mostly willow, other woody shrubs,	5-10% mostly willow	
possibly alder (up to 50% cover).	<5% grasses	
Tall grasses (up to 25%)		
Ground (-	< 0.5 m)	
Bare, 25%	80% bare with gravel and sand	
Small saplings and grasses	10% saplings	
	10% grasses	

Site Name	KG-T1-13	Event Code	
Date	13 August 2013	Time	12:16
Latitude N	67.016932	Longitude W	156.694493

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Dissolved Oxygen 103.90% Dissolved Oxygen 11.35 mg/L

11.3 °C

Ambient Water Quality

Temperature

A	quatics Data		
		Channel Characterist	tics
		Bankfull Width	120 m
		Wetted Width	102 m
		Thalweg Depth	1.02 m
		48 hr Precipitation	Low

Conductivity195.2 uS/cm48 hr. PrecipitationLowSp. Cond.0.264 mS/cmStream Gradient<1 %</td>pH7.83Stream StageLowTurbidity0.99 NTUWater ColorClear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 175° RB Angle- 160°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition	
		Main Channel	Side Channel
Bedrock		0	0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	0	5
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	5	20
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	5	25
Sand	0.06-2mm	90	50
Silt	0.06-2mm	0	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0	0

Flow

	#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)	Channel
LB	1	5	40	0.27	Main
	2	15	81	0.53	Main
	3	25	79	0.54	Main
	4	35	63	0.45	Main
	5	45	65	0.48	Main
	6	55	86	0.39	Main
RB	7	60	43	0.3	Main
LB	8	81	20	0.03	Side
	9	85	38	0.11	Side
	10	89	63	0.25	Side
	11	93	75	0.27	Side
	12	97	112	0.24	Side
RB	13	99	101	0.07	Side

Comments: Photos: 0690 (Side channel RB), 0691(SC US), 0692(SC LB), 0693(SC DS), 0694(Main Channel RB), 0695(MC US), 0696(MC DS), 069 (MC LB). Last MC flow was taken 5 m from the sandbar. Sandbar was 14.05 m across at the transect. The thalweg was at 53.9 m from LB. Main channel 10 m from sandbar 50% SA, 50% GR and CO. Visual observation of approximately 50 cm Arctic Grayling. Substrate photos taken 15 August 2013: 0795-0799

Site Name KG-T1-13 Event Code

 Date
 13 August 2013
 Time
 12:16

 Latitude N
 67.016932
 Longitude W
 156.694493

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	0	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	0	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heawy (40-75%) 4=Very Heawy (>75%)

Comments:

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank	Right Bank	
Canopy (>	5 m)	
No canopy	50% Spruce/Alder	
Understory (0	.5 - 5 m)	
Willow, fireweed, grass all combined- 10% cover	Willow-15%	
	Alder-25%	
	Tall grass/shrubs-15%	
Ground (< 0	0.5 m)	
Willow/grass- 25% cover	Bare-10%	
Bare- 75%	Grass/shrubs-90%	

Site Name KG-T2-13 Event Code

 Date
 13 August 2013
 Time
 14:05

 Latitude N
 67.018092
 Longitude W
 156.687062

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Λ ~	ıatics	Doto
Aut	latics	Data

Ambient Water	Quality	Channel Characteris	stics
Temperature	12.3 °C	Bankfull Width	131 m
Dissolved Oxyger	106.10%	Wetted Width	124 m
Dissolved Oxyger	11.35 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.89 m
Conductivity	200.7 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low
Sp. Cond.	0.265 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1 %
рН	8.11	Stream Stage	Low
Turbidity	0.89 NTU	Water Color	Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 155° RB Angle- 160°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	0
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	30
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	30
Sand	0.06-2mm	40
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

LB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	2	59	0.47
2	14	75	0.57
3	26	26	0.54
4	38	33	0.48
5	50	34	0.73
6	62	43	0.61
7	74	49	0.53
8	86	25	0.65
9	98	20	0.62
10	110	13	0.57
11	122	8	0.15

RB

Comments

Photos: 0703 (US), 0704 (DS), 0705 (LB), 0706 (RB) More photos of substrate taken 15 August 2013-0804-0810 Site Name KG-T2-13

Date 13 August 2013

Latitude N 67.018092

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Event Code

Time 14:05

Longitude W 156.687062

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	2	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	1	
Undercut Bank	0	
Boulders	0	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank Right Bank		
Canopy (> 5 m)		
Spruce-10% cover	Spruce less than 10%	
Understory (0	.5 - 5 m)	
Alder and willow close to 100% cover	Willow/Alder- 20% cover	
	Grass- 50% cover	
Ground (<	0.5 m)	
Bare-10%	Grass-75% cover	
Grass/shrub close to 100%	Rose-5% cover	
	Alder-5% cover	

Site Name MN-T1-13 Event Code

1.14 NTU

 Date
 13 August 2013
 Time
 15:50

 Latitude N
 67.008356
 Longitude W
 156.074302

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Aq	uatics	Data

Ambient Water Q	uality	Channel Characteri	stics
Temperature	11.1 °C	Bankfull Width	97 m
Dissolved Oxygen	110.30%	Wetted Width	58 m
Dissolved Oxygen	12.07 mg/L	Thalweg Depth ne	ot measured-unwadeable
Conductivity	151.6 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low
Sp. Cond.	0.206 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1 %
рН	7.73	Stream Stage	Low

Bank Angle Sketches

Water Color

Clear

LB Angle- unmeasurable RB Angle- 175°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	0
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	35
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	50
Sand	0.06-2mm	15
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

Crew was unable to take flow measurements because transect was unwadeable

Comments:

Photos:

Turbidity

0707- US

0708-DS

0709-LB

0710-RB

0711-Substrate

Lots of fine gravel

Brett (helicopter pilot) caught numerous Arctic Grayling

Corridor section from lower end to bridge is consistent in terms of substrate

Site Name MN-T1-13

Date 13 August 2013 **Latitude N** 67.008356

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Event Code

Time 15:50

Longitude W 156.074302

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	2	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	1	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	1	
Overhanging Vegetation	1	
Undercut Bank	0	
Boulders	0	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Woody debris on left bank

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)			
Right Bank			
Canopy (> 5 m)			
No canopy			
ry (0.5 - 5 m)			
No understory			
d (< 0.5 m)			
Bare-90%			
Fireweed and small grasses-10%			

Site Name MN-T2-13

13 August 2013

Event Code

Date 13 August :

Time 17:29

Latitude N 67.016628

Longitude W 156.054698

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Aquatics Data

Ambient Water QualityChannel CharacteristicsTemperature11.9 °CBankfull WidthnmDissolved Oxygen110.40%Wetted Width70 m

Dissolved Oxygen 11.90 mg/L Thalweg Depth not measured-unwadeable

Conductivity 155.9 uS/cm 48 hr. Precipitation Low 0.208 mS/cm Sp. Cond. Stream Gradient nm Stream Stage рΗ 7.71 Low Turbidity 0.95 NTU Water Color Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- unmeasurable RB Angle- 160°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	0
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	40
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	20
Sand	0.06-2mm	40
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

RΒ

LB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	3.5	34	0.24
2	8.5	52	0.25
3	13.5	62	0.43
4	18.5	82	0.52
5	23.5	82	0.53
6	28.5	95	0.65
7	33.5	103	0.65

Comments:

Half of stream unwadeable

Visual observation of 5 salmon

JCS saw Chum Salmon

Turbidity sample taken near helicopter LZ, approximately 100 m downstream from transect

Site Name MN-T2-13

Date 13 August 2013 **Latitude N** 67.016628

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Event Code

Time 17:29

Longitude W 156.054698

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	2	
Macrophytes	1	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	1	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	2	
Undercut Bank	0	
Boulders	0	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)	
Left Bank	Right Bank
Canopy	/ (> 5 m)
Spruce, alder, and birch provide about	No canopy
80% cover	
Understory	/ (0.5 - 5 m)
Almost 100% cover by willow, alder,	Willow and alder-75% cover
and other shrubs	Grasses
Not much grasss	
Ground	(< 0.5 m)
Grass and other herbaceous	Bare-10%
vegetation up to 75% cover	Small grasses-50% cover
Very little bare ground	
	1

 Site Name
 BV-T1-13
 Event Code

 Date
 14 August 2013
 Time
 12:40

 Latitude N
 67.021206
 Longitude W
 155.150792

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

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AOI	iancs	1)212

Ambient Water Quality		Channel Characteri	Channel Characteristics	
Temperature	8.7 °C	Bankfull Width	34.2 m	
Dissolved Oxyger	ո 100.50%	Wetted Width	31.5 m	
Dissolved Oxyger	n 11.66 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.66 m	
Conductivity	126.9 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low	
Sp. Cond.	0.184 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1 %	
pН	7.86	Stream Stage	Low	
Turbidity	0.86 NTU	Water Color	Clear	

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 163° RB Angle- 160°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition	
Bedrock		0	
Boulder	>256mm (10in) 15		
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	50	
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	25	
Sand	0.06-2mm	5	
Silt	0.06-2mm	0	
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	5	

Flow

LB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	1.6	9	0.06
2	4.8	21	0.19
3	8	39	0.53
4	11.2	53	0.79
5	14.4	66	0.56
6	17.6	62	0.75
7	20.8	57	0.55
8	24	48	0.71
9	27.2	34	0.53
10	30.4	20	0.34

RΒ

Comments:

Photos: 0728-US, 0719-DS, 0730-LB, 0731-RB, 0732-Substrate at thalweg

0733- Substrate at thalweg

Thalweg at 14.4 meters from left bank

Site Name BV-T1-13

Date 14 August 2013

Latitude N 67.021206

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Event Code

Time 12:40

Longitude W 155.150792

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	4	
Macrophytes	1	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	2	
Undercut Bank	1	
Boulders	2	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyton-very heavy cover

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank	Right Bank	
Canopy	(> 5 m)	
Spruce-10% cover	Spruce-20%	
Understory		
Willow, tall grass, spruce combined is	Willow, tall grass, and herbaceous	
90% coverage	vegetation is 65% coverage	
	< 0.5 m)	
Grass, herbaceous vegetation-100% cover	Bare ground-15% Grass and herbaceous vegetation-85%	

Site Name BV-T2-13

Date

14 August 2013

Latitude N 67.023342

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Event Code

Time 14:10

Longitude W 155.158002

Λ	4!	D-4-
Aa	uancs	Data
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Ambient Water Quality		Channel Characteri	Channel Characteristics	
Temperature	9.1 °C	Bankfull Width	29.05 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	102.70%	Wetted Width	28 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	11.78 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.88 m	
Conductivity	128.6 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low	
Sp. Cond.	0.184 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1%	
рН	7.79	Stream Stage	Low	
Turbidity	0.74 NTU	Water Color	Clear	

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 73° RB Angle- 115°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	20
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	30
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	20
Sand	0.06-2mm	30
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

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#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	1.4	30	0.13
2	4.2	24	0.22
3	7	35	0.39
4	9.8	49	0.49
5	12.6	65	0.59
6	15.4	88	0.78
7	18.2	85	0.56
8	21	74	0.73
9	23.8	72	0.36
10	26.6	39	0.03

Comments:

RB

0735-Right bank substrate, 0736-RB moving towards left bank substrate, 0737- RB moving towards LB substrate with JCS foot for scale, 0739- Center channel substrate, ski pole for scale, 0740-US 0741- DS, 0742-LB, 0743-RB, 0744-LB substrate

Site Name BV-T2-13

 Date
 14 August 2013
 Time
 14:10

 Latitude N
 67.023342
 Longitude W
 155.158002

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Event Code

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	4	
Macrophytes	1	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	1	
Overhanging Vegetation	2	
Undercut Bank	1	
Boulders	2	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyon very heavy on all substrate

LB heavy sand, center heavy cobble, right bank heavy boudler

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)				
Left Bank	Right Bank			
Canopy (> 5 m)				
Spruce-10% cover	No canopy			
Understor	y (0.5 - 5 m)			
Willow, alder, berries, spruce- 30% cover	Willow, alder, herbaceous vegetation, and spruce- 30% cover			
	(< 0.5 m)			
Moss, lichen, small herb, and grass- 90% cover Bare due to game trail -10% cover	Moss, lichen, small herb, grass- almost 100% cover			

Site Name RD-T1-13 Event Code

 Date
 15 August 2013
 Time
 9:57

 Latitude N
 67.035785
 Longitude W
 154.835141

Observers SDG, MMA

		Aquatics Data
Ambient Wate	r Quality	Channel Characteristics
Temperature	8.1 °C	Bankfull Width 79 m
Dissolved Oxyg	en 103.0%	Wetted Width 56 m
Dissolved Oxyg	en 12.13 mg/L	Thalweg Depth 0.98 m
Conductivity	81.1 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation Low
Sp. Cond.	0.120 mS/cm	Stream Gradient <1 %
рН	6.72	Stream Stage Low
Turbidity	1.13 NTU	Water Color Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 169° RB Angle- 170°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%				
Туре	Diameter % Composition			
Bedrock		0		
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	10		
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	20		
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	35		
Sand	0.06-2mm	35		
Silt	0.06-2mm	0		
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0		

Flow

	_
- 1	_
- 1	_

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	2.8	37	0.48
2	8.4	45	0.62
3	14	59	0.58
4	19.6	89	0.67
5	25.2	92	0.81
6	30.8	87	0.77
7	36.4	86	0.8
8	42	67	0.65
9	47.6	81	0.61
10	53.2	61	0.64

Comments:

RΒ

Thalweg 18.5 m from left bank. RB has cut bank at bankfull (photo taken). Periphyton cover heavy from RB to center of transect. Photos: 0763- JCS in pack raft, 0764- Cut bank at bankfull, right bank 0765- Substrate at RB, 0766-US, 0767-DS, 0768-LB, 0769-RB, 0771-Substrate at LB

 Site Name
 RD-T1-13
 Event Code

 Date
 15 August 2013
 Time
 9:57

 Latitude N
 67.035785
 Longitude W
 154.835141

Observers SDG, MMA

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	2	
Macrophytes	1	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	1	
Overhanging Vegetation	1	
Undercut Bank	0	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heawy (40-75%) 4=Very Heawy (>75%)

Comments:

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)				
Left Bank Right Bank				
Canopy (> 5 m)				
No canopy	Spruce-less than 10%			
Understo	ry (0.5 - 5 m)			
No understory	Willow, small spruce, alder-60% cover			
Ground	I (< 0.5 m)			
100% sand and gravel cover	Bare (fine sediment)-30% Small grasses, saplings, berries, moss, and lichen-50%			

Site Name KB-T1-13

Date 15 August 2013

Event Code Time 13:18

Latitude N 67.012346

Longitude W 154.367417

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

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Ambient Water Qual	lity	Channel Characteristics		
Temperature	10.6 °C	Bankfull Width	90 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	106.50%	Wetted Width	89 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	11.84 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.97 m	
Conductivity	142.2 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low	
Sp. Cond.	0.196 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1 %	
рН	7.45	Stream Stage	Low	
Turbidity	0.68 NTU	Water Color	Clear	

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 95° RB Angle- 160°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Type	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	35
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	35
Sand	0.06-2mm	25
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)	#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
LB-1	2.3	42	0.64	11	46.8	36	0.52
2	6.75	47	0.67	12	51.25	50	0.73
3	11.2	41	0.66	13	55.7	50	0.63
4	15.65	32	0.62	14	60.15	72	0.65
5	20.1	25	0.42	15	64.6	97	0.82
6	24.55	12	0.13	16	69.05	92	1.02
7	29	11	0.23	17	73.5	82	0.93
8	33.45	14	0.31	18	77.95	65	0.98
9	37.9	19	0.47	19	82.4	71	0.84
10	42.35	24	0.53	RB-20	86.85	44	0.62

Comments:

Brett caught an Arctic Grayling 100 m downstream of transect

Site Name KB-T1-13

Date 15 August 2013 **Latitude N** 67.012346

Observers JCS, SDG, MMA

Event Code

Time 13:18

Longitude W 154.367417

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect			
Filamentous Algae	2		
Macrophytes	1		
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0		
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1		
Live Trees Root	1		
Overhanging Vegetation	2		
Undercut Bank	1		
Boulders	1		
Artificial Structures	0		

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heawy (40-75%) 4=Very Heawy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyton cover heavy at banks only

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)	
Left Bank	Right Bank
Canopy	(> 5 m)
Willow, alder-25%	Spruce, birch, alder-70%
Understory	(0.5 - 5 m)
Tall grass, willow, berries-50%	Spruce, alder (dominant), willow-almost 100% cover
Ground	(< 0.5 m)
Grass, willow, herb-100%	Moss, herb, grass, and willow-90% Bare-10%

Site Name AL-T2-13 Event Code

 Date
 17 August 2013
 Time
 16:25

 Latitude N
 67.077422
 Longitude W
 153.327899

Observers JCS,SDG

Aquatics Data

Ambient Water Quality		Channel Characte	Channel Characteristics	
Temperature 12.5 °C Bankfull		Bankfull Width	98.5 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	103.10%	Wetted Width	75.5 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	10.97 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	not measurable	
Conductivity	355.8 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low	
Sp. Cond.	0.467 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1%	
рН	7.83	Stream Stage	Low	
Turbidity	5.47 NTU	Water Color	Clear	

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- not measured RB Angle- 175°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Type	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	10
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	25
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	10
Sand	0.06-2mm	35
Silt	0.06-2mm	20
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

Crew was unable to take flow measurements because transect was unwadeable

Comments:

Flow was unmeasurable because river was unwadeable

Photos:

0867-US

0868-DS

0869-LB

0870-RB

0871- Substrate at RB

0872- Substrate at RB

Transect 1 doesn't have a full habitat assessment (photos taken)

Associated sonar saved as chart 1, sonar completed 8/18

 Site Name
 AL-T2-13
 Event Code

 Date
 17 August 2013
 Time
 16:25

 Latitude N
 67.077422
 Longitude W
 153.327899

 Observers
 JCS,SDG

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect	
Filamentous Algae	0
Macrophytes	0
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1
Live Trees Root	0
Overhanging Vegetation	0
Undercut Bank	0
Boulders	2
Artificial Structures	0

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Cover based on what was visible from the bank Very heavy periphyton cover mixed with silt Boulders on exposed banks

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank Right Bank		
Canopy (> 5 m)		
No canopy	No canopy	
Understory	(0.5 - 5 m)	
Alder-10% Grasses-50%	Alder-10% cover	
Ground	(< 0.5 m)	
Bare-60% Small grass-10%	Bare ground-80% Herbaceous grasses-10%	

Above bankfull on both banks heavy black spruce cover

Site Name MF-T1-13 Event Code

 Date
 17 August 2013
 Time
 14:20

 Latitude N
 67.064310
 Longitude W
 153.176053

Observers JCS,SDG

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Ambient Water Quality		Channel Characteristics
Temperature	12.6 °C	Bankfull Width 91 m
Dissolved Oxygen	108.10%	Wetted Width 53.5 m
Dissolved Oxygen	11.4 mg/L	Thalweg Depth 0.75 m
Conductivity	273.2 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation Low
Sp. Cond.	0.357 mS/cm	Stream Gradient <1%
рН	8.3	Stream Stage Low
Turbidity	0.98 NTU	Water Color Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 100° RB Angle- 115°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	25
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	35
Sand	0.06-2mm	35
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

LB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
*1	2.7	3	n/a
2	8.05	9	0.14
3	13.4	14	0.22
4	18.75	41	0.47
5	24.1	52	0.64
6	29.45	52	0.61
7	34.8	62	0.69
8	40.15	69	0.73
9	45.5	55	0.67
10	50.85	42	0.26

Comments:

RB

Wetted width taken along main channel (side channel included in bankfull width)

Visual observation of spawning chum salmon upstream of transect (at top of corridor)

Photos: 0853-Substrate at RB, 0854-Center substrate, 0855 (US), 0856 (DS), 0857 (RB), 0858 (LB)

^{*} too shallow to measure flow. Thalweg was between flow measurements 7 and 8. Increment for flow was 5.35 m. Malamute Fork previously named UN15. Transect cut across gravel/cobble island and side channel. Side channel not flowing-mostly isolated pools.

 Site Name
 MF-T1-13
 Event Code

 Date
 17 August 2013
 Time
 14:20

 Latitude N
 67.064310
 Longitude W
 153.176053

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect	
Filamentous Algae	1
Macrophytes	0
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1
Live Trees Root	0
Overhanging Vegetation	1
Undercut Bank	1
Boulders	1
Artificial Structures	0

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Filamentous Algae on left and right bank Heavy periphyton cover Small woody debris on right bank Transect is indicative of corridor reach

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank	Right Bank	
Canopy	(> 5 m)	
Alder-25% cover	No canopy	
Spruce behind the 10 meter mark		
Lla de catala	(0.5 . 5)	
Understory		
Willow, alder, tall grasses along bank-75%	Willow, alder, and grasses-70%	
cover		
Ground (< 0.5 m)	
Bare ground-20%	Bare ground-25%	
Small grass, herbaceous vegetation-80%	Small grasses and saplings-75%	

Site Name UN18-T1-13 Event Code

 Date
 16 August 2013
 Time
 16:37

 Latitude N
 67.091882
 Longitude W
 152.730167

Observers JCS,SDG, MMA

Aquatics Data

Ambient Water Quality			Channel Characteristics	
	Temperature	12.2 °C	Bankfull Width	15.5 m
	Dissolved Oxygen	102.30%	Wetted Width	9.6 m
	Dissolved Oxygen	10.96 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.39 m
	Conductivity	116.5 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low
	Sp. Cond.	0.154 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	1%
	рН	7.33	Stream Stage	Low
	Turbidity	1.63 NTU	Water Color	Mostly Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 145° RB Angle- 170°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	50
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	30
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	15
Sand	0.06-2mm	5
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

RΒ

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.48	2	0
*2	1.44	10	0.02
3	2.4	23	0.6
4	3.36	21	0.21
5	4.32	23	0.53
*6	5.28	30	0.07
7	6.24	20	0.46
8	7.2	22	0.07
9	8.16	24	0.35
10	9.12	34	0.3

Comments:

LB

JCS took approximately 20 minute long video upstream of transect 1 on GoPro

Photos: 0838-Right bank substrate, 0839-Center substrate, 0840-Left bank substrate, 0841 (US), 0842 (DS), 0843 (LB), 0844 (RB). Corridor map needs to be drawn from GPS (too sinuous).

Visual observation of Northern Pike

^{*} Flow measurements number 2 and 6 were behind a boulder

Site Name UN18-T1-13

Date 16 August 2013 **Latitude N** 67.091882

Observers JCS,SDG, MMA

Event Code

Time 16:37

Longitude W 152.730167

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	2	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	1	
Overhanging Vegetation	2	
Undercut Bank	1	
Boulders	3	

0 = Absent
1 = Sparse (<10%)
2=Moderate (10-40%)
3=Heavy (40-75%)
4=Very Heawy (>75%)

Comments:

Small woody debris along left bank

Filamentous algae is zero, measurement of 2 accounts for periphyton cover

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)				
Left Bank	Right Bank			
Canopy (> 5 m)				
Alder, spruce, birch - 75% cover	Spruce, alder, willow-10%			
Understory	y (0.5 - 5 m)			
Almost 100% cover	Willow and alder-50% cover			
Mainly alder, some spruce, some willow				
Ground (< 0.5 m)				
Bare-15%	Herb, grass, moss-50%			
Grass and moss-85%	Bare ground (cobble, gravel, boulder)-50%			

Site Name UN18-T2-13 Event Code

 Date
 16 August 2013
 Time
 17:30

 Latitude N
 67.090632
 Longitude W
 152.728927

Observers JCS,SDG, MMA

		Aqua	atics Data		
Ambient Water 0	Quality			Channel Charact	eristics
Temperature	12.5 °C			Bankfull Width	19.5 m
Dissolved Oxygen	100.60%			Wetted Width	7.3 m
Dissolved Oxygen	10.76 mg/L			Thalweg Depth	1.08 m
Conductivity	117.1 uS/cm			48 hr. Precipitation	n Low
Sp. Cond.	0.154 mS/cm			Stream Gradient	1%
рН	7.47			Stream Stage	Low
Turbidity	1.92 NTU			Water Color	Mostly Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 165° RB Angle- 150°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	25
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	25
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	25
Sand	0.06-2mm	25
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

LB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.36	6	0.01
2	1.10	35	0.05
3	1.83	52	0.1
4	2.56	61	0.13
5	3.29	72	0.12
6	4.02	78	0.06
7	4.75	96	0.08
8	5.48	94	0.05
9	6.21	50	0.03

RB

Comments:

Photos:

0845-Right bank substrate, 0846- Center substrate, 0847- Left bank substrate, 0848 (US), 0849 (DS), 0850 (LB), 0851 (RB), 0852 (US)

Not mapped, needs to be mapped with GPS due to sinuousity

UN18-T2-13 Site Name

Event Code

Date 16 August 2013 **Time** 17:30

67.090632 Latitude N

Longitude W 152.728927

JCS, SDG, MMA Observers

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	3	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	2	
Live Trees Root	1	
Overhanging Vegetation	2	
Undercut Bank	2	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Lots of dead tree roots on right bank

Heavy periphyton cover all along transect

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)			
Left Bank	Right Bank		
Canopy (> 5 m)			
No canopy	Spruce-10% cover		
Understory ((0.5 - 5 m)		
Dominated by willow-15% cover	Dominated by willow, some alder, some spruce-35% cover		
Ground (<	c 0.5 m)		
85% bare ground (cobble, gravel)	Herbaceous vegetation, berries, labrador tea-almost total cover No bare ground		

 Site Name
 SF-T1-13
 Event Code

 Date
 22 August 2013
 Time
 15:33

 Latitude N
 66.846855
 Longitude W
 151.097338

Observers SDG,LIM

Aquatics Data				
Ambient Water Q	uality	Channel Characteristics		
Temperature	10.5 °C	Bankfull Width 85 m		
Dissolved Oxygen	102.70%	Wetted Width 56 m		
Dissolved Oxygen	11.42 mg/L	Thalweg Depth 1.04 m		
Conductivity	180.8 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation Low		
Sp. Cond.	0.250 mS/cm	Stream Gradient <1%		
рН	7.89	Stream Stage Low		
Turbidity	1.14 NTU	Water Color Clear		

Bank Angle Sketches LB Angle- 178° RB Angle- 173° Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

	`	
Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	15
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	40
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	30
Sand	0.06-2mm	15
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clav	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

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#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	2.8	9	0.06
2	8.4	23	0.34
3	14	44	0.33
4	19.6	51	0.34
5	25.2	63	0.54
6	30.8	72	0.78
7	36.4	93	0.51
8	42	87	0.5
9	47.6	55	0.41
10	53.2	19	0.1

Comments:

RΒ

Sluffed bank above right bank angle measurement. Increment=5.6 m. We ended 1.55 meters from right bank instead of 2.8 m (used range finder for wetted width). Wetted width and bankfull measured with rangefinder. A meter from WW left bank angle decreases to 169°. Visual observation of dead burbot (LIM touched it). Thalweg was 2.3 meters towards right bank from flow measurement 7. Photos: 0066 (Winter trail at RB), 0067 (US), 0068 (DS), 0069 (LB), 0070 (LB), 0071 (RB), 0072 (Center substrate), 0073 (LB substrate), 0074 (LB substrate)

Site Name SF-T1-13 Event Code

 Date
 22 August 2013
 Time
 15:33

 Latitude N
 66.846855
 Longitude W
 151.097338

Observers SDG,LIM

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	0	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	0	
Undercut Bank	0	
Artificial Structures	2	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyton cover is moderate to heavy

Beyond our 10 meter zone there is overhanging vegetation due to sluffed bank

Artificial structure was the winter trail which took up almost half of our 10 meter buffer downstream of transect. Cabin and mailbox were within sight of transect.

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank	Right Bank	
Canopy	(> 5 m)	
No canopy	Mainly birch, willow, and spruce-10%	
	Lack of more canopy may be due to	
	presence of winter trail	
Understory	(0.5 - 5 m)	
Willow, rose, fireweed-15%	Poplar, fireweed, rose, tall grasses, and	
	willow-70%	
Ground	(< 0.5 m)	
Bare ground-90% (cobble, gravel, and sand)	Bare ground-25%	
Herbaceous vegeation, fireweed, and small	(Less than 10% of bare ground is natural,	
willow-10%	most of the 25% can be attributed to the	
	winter trail)	
	Herbaceous vegetation, moss, poplar	
	saplings-75%	

Site Name JM-T1-13

Event Code Date 22 August 2013 **Time** 12:50 Latitude N 66.793188 **Longitude W** 150.732181

Observers SDG,LIM

Aquatics Data

Ambient Water Quality		Channel Characte	Channel Characteristics	
Temperature	6.4 °C	Bankfull Width	65.0 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	105.50%	Wetted Width	23.5 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	13.00 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.71 m	
Conductivity	53.6 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low	
Sp. Cond.	0.083 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1%	
рН	7.04	Stream Stage	Low	
Turbidity	1.35 NTU	Water Color	Mostly Clear	

Bank Angle Sketches

RB Angle- 175° LB Angle- 158°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	35
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	45
Sand	0.06-2mm	15
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

RB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	1.17	6	0.03
2	3.52	23	0.13
3	5.87	47	0.29
4	8.22	65	0.37
5	10.57	68	0.43
6	12.92	71	0.44
7	15.27	60	0.52
8	17.62	67	0.44
9	19.98	64	0.43
10	22.33	64	0.41

Comments:

LB

Thalweg is 51 cm towards right bank from flow measurement 5. Increment=2.35 m Crew was going to do a second transect downstream of first transect but didn't because of visual observation of grizzly bear sow and two cubs in proximity to the transect site. Photos: 0051 (Vegetation above bankfull width onLB), 0052 (RB from LB BFW), 0053 (US), 0054 (DS), 0055 (RB), 0056 (LB), 0057 (Substrate), 0058 (Substrate), 0059 (Substrate)

Site Name JM-T1-13

Date 22 August 2013 **Latitude N** 66.793188

Observers SDG,LIM

Event Code

Time 12:50

Longitude W 150.732181

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	1	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	1	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	0	
Undercut Bank	0	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyton cover is heavy along transect

No undercut at wetted width, moderate undercut at bankfull due to sluffing Sluffed bank with live vegetation 2 meters from wetted width

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank Right Bank		
Canopy	(> 5 m)	
No canopy	No canopy	
Understory	(0.5 - 5 m)	
Willow, alder, birch (predominately birch),	Willow and fireweed-15%	
some fireweed- 60%		
Ground (< 0.5 m)	
Bare ground-50%	Bare ground-90%	
Moss, herbaceous vegetation, fireweed,	Small fireweed and willow-10%	
and small birch-50%		

 Site Name
 UN30-T1-13n
 Event Code

 Date
 21 August 2013
 Time 12:48

 Latitude N
 67.060008
 Longitude W 156.030637

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

		Aquatics Data		
Ambient Water Q	uality	Channe	el Characteristics	
Temperature	5.8 °C	Bankfull	Width 46 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	103.20%	Wetted V	Width 19.5 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	12.79 mg/L	Thalweg	Depth 0.97 m	
Conductivity	140.0 uS/cm	48 hr. Pı	recipitation Low	
Sp. Cond.	0.221 mS/cm	Stream	Gradient 1%	
рН	7.95	Stream	Stage Low	
Turbidity	0.72 NTU	Water C	Color Clear	

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 170° (estimated) RB Angle- 165°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%			
Туре	Diameter	% Composition	
Bedrock		0	
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	50	
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	30	
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	15	
Sand	0.06-2mm	5	
Silt	0.06-2mm	0	
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0	

Flow

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.97	10	0.04
2	2.92	16	0.29
3	4.87	38	0.35
4	6.82	15	0.63
5	8.77	59	0.79
6	10.72	71	0.76
7	12.67	80	0.49
8	14.62	54	0.36
9	16.57	44	0.14
10	18.52	24	0.18

Comments:

RB

Thalweg is 50 cm towards left bank from flow measurement 7. More sand on exposed banks and on bends with slower flow (as compared to our transect). Above where right bank angle was measured, bank angle increases towards 90 degrees. Increment=1.95 m. Photos: 0005 (US), 0006 (DS), 0007 (LB), 0008 (RB), 0009 (Substrate), 0010 (Substrate)

Site Name UN30-T1-13n Event Code

 Date
 21 August 2013
 Time
 12:48

 Latitude N
 67.060008
 Longitude W
 156.030637

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	1	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	2	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	1	
Undercut Bank	0	
Boulders	3	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heawy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyton cover from center to right bank was moderate If water was higher, overhanging vegetation would be moderate

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank	Right Bank	
Canop	y (> 5 m)	
No canopy	Paper birch, willow, spruce, alder-30%	
Understory (0.5 - 5 m)		
Willow-30%	Herbaceous vegetation, willow, alder, and	
	spruce-50%	
Ground	(< 0.5 m)	
Bare ground-50%	Bare ground-20%	
Small willow, grasses, and fireweed-50%	Moss, lichen, small grasses,	
	cranberry, blueberry, and woody shrubs-80%	

Site Name MN-T1-13n Event Code

 Date
 21 August 2013
 Time
 16:16

 Latitude N
 67.051217
 Longitude W
 155.765139

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

		Aquatics Data		
Ambient Water Qu	uality		Channel Character	istics
Temperature	8.3 °C		Bankfull Width	60 m
Dissolved Oxygen	106.40%		Wetted Width	33.7 m
Dissolved Oxygen	12.47 mg/L		Thalweg Depth	0.99 m
Conductivity	171.3 uS/cm		48 hr. Precipitation	Low
Sp. Cond.	0.251 mS/cm		Stream Gradient	<1%
рН	7.67		Stream Stage	Low
Turbidity	0.63 NTU		Water Color	Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 170° (estimated) RB Angle- 115°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%				
Туре	Diameter	% Composition		
Bedrock		0		
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5		
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	15		
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	65		
Sand	0.06-2mm	15		
Silt	0.06-2mm	0		
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0		

Flow

$\mathbf{-}$

			possessessessessessessessessessessessesse
#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	1.69	6	0.12
2	5.06	20	0.37
3	8.43	36	0.5
4	11.8	54	0.58
5	15.17	68	0.7
6	18.54	81	0.7
7	21.91	91	0.89
8	25.28	99	0.92
9	28.65	95	0.9
10	32.02	62	0.64

Comments:

RB

Flow measurement 8 marks the thalweg. Increment=3.37 m Photos: 0015(US), 0016 (DS), 0017 (LB), 0018 (RB), 0019 (Substrate), 0020 (Substrate), 0021 (LB from LB)

Site Name MN-T1-13n

Date 21 August 2013 **Latitude N** 67.051217

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Event Code

Time 16:16

Longitude W 155.765139

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	2	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	1	
Undercut Bank	1	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heawy (>75%)

Comments:

Filamentous algae is low-moderate Periphyton is moderately high

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank	Right Bank	
Canopy	(> 5 m)	
No canopy	No canopy	
Understory	(0.5 - 5 m)	
No understory	Willow and tall grass-40%	
Ground (<	< 0.5 m)	
Bare ground is > 95% composed of	Fireweed, herbaceous vegetation, and	
cobble, gravel, sand	willow-50%	
	Bare ground-50% (sand and silt)	
Remainder is horsetail		
Also some standing water at outskirts of		
10 meter buffer, shows signs of redox		

Site Name RD-T1-13s Event Code

Date 19 August 2013 **Time** 13:35

Latitude N 66.886494 **Longitude W** 154.837675

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Aquatics Data			
Ambient Water Qu	ality	Channel Characteristics	
Temperature	9.1 °C	Bankfull Width 65.5 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	106.70%	Wetted Width 57 m	
Dissolved Oxygen	12.24 mg/L	Thalweg Depth 0.93 m	
Conductivity	94.1 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation Low	
Sp. Cond.	0.135 mS/cm	Stream Gradient <1%	
рН	7.56	Stream Stage Low	
Turbidity	3.11 NTU	Water Color Mostly Clear	

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 170° RB Angle- 165°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	10
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	40
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	20
Sand	0.06-2mm	30
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

LB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	2.85	36	0.29
2	8.55	81	0.45
3	14.25	92	0.58
4	19.95	72	0.67
5	25.65	73	0.66
6	31.35	84	0.73
7	37.05	86	0.71
8	42.75	61	0.63
9	48.45	40	0.54
10	54.15	18	0.19

RΒ

Comments:

Increment= 5.7 m. Thalweg was 93cm deep and very close to flow measurement #3. Photos: 0941 (US), 0942 (DS), 0943 (LB), 0944 (RB), 0945-Right bank substrate, 0946-Righ bank substrate, 0947-Center substrate, 0948-Center substrate, 0949-Left bank substrate.

Site Name RD-T1-13s

Date 19 August 2013

Latitude N 66.886494

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Event Code

Time 13:35

Longitude W 154.837075

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	1	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	0	
Undercut Bank	0	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heawy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyton cover is heavy

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)			
Left Bank	Right Bank		
Canopy (> 5 m)			
Birch and spruce-40%	No canopy		
Understory (0.5 - 5 m)			
Alder, grasses, willow, herbaceous vegetation- 40% cover	Willow, alder, grasses-70%		
Ground (< 0.5 m)			
Bare ground-50% Grasses, willow, fireweed, herbaceous vegetation. Woody shrubs, moss-50% cover	Bare ground-20% Herbaceous-80%		

Site Name RD-T2-13s

Date 19 August 2013 **Latitude N** 66.887137

7.55

2.27 NTU

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Event Code

Stream Stage

Water Color

Time 12:16

Longitude W 154.834857

Low

Clear

		Aquatics Data			
Ambient Water Quality		Channel Character	Channel Characteristics		
Temperature	8.7 °C	Bankfull Width	80 m		
Dissolved Oxygen	102.80%	Wetted Width	46.5 m		
Dissolved Oxygen	11.93 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.81 m		
Conductivity	91.4 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low		
Sp. Cond.	0.133 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1%		

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 82° RB Angle- 175°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

	` ,		
Туре	Diameter	% Composition	
		Main Channel	Side Channel
Bedrock		0	0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5	0
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	35	10
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	30	30
Sand	0.06-2mm	30	60
Silt	0.06-2mm	0	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0	0

Flow

Main Channel

LB

рΗ

Turbidity

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	2.33	12	0.33
2	6.98	58	0.54
3	11.63	72	0.7
4	16.28	57	0.76
5	20.93	65	0.8
6	25.58	81	0.85
7	30.23	77	0.99
8	34.88	71	0.85
9	39.53	57	0.84
10	44.18	36	0.57

RΒ

Side Channel

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.64	19	0.08
2	1.92	44	0.13
3	3.2	58	0.18
4	4.48	58	0.19
5	5.76	70	0.25
6	7.04	76	0.35
7	8.32	92	0.34
*8	9.6	88	0.05
9	10.88	66	0.26
10	12.16	52	0.38

Comments:

LB

Wetted width of main channel is 46.5 m. Island is 15 m across. Wetted width of side channel is 12.8 m Main channel thalweg is 25.5 m from left bank.

Side channel thalweg is 0.76 m before flow measurement #7, depth is 1.03 m.

Main channel increment= 4.65 m, Side channel increment= 1.28 m

Main Channel Photos-

0929-US 0933-Center substrate

0930-DS 0934/0935- Right bank substrate

0931-LB 0932-RB

Side Channel Photos-

0936-US 0939-LB

0937-DS 0940-Substrate

0938-RB

Page 2 of 2

^{*} flow measurement taken behind mound of sand

Site Name RD-T2-13s Event Code

 Date
 19 August 2013
 Time
 12:16

 Latitude N
 66.887137
 Longitude W
 154.834857

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	1	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	0	
Overhanging Vegetation	1	
Undercut Bank	1	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heawy (40-75%) 4=Very Heawy (>75%)

Comments:

Undercut bank is on left bank by side channel Periphyton is heavy (mostly on banks)

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)				
Left Bank	Right Bank			
Canopy (> 5 m)				
No canopy	Mainly spruce-30%			
Understory (0.5 - 5 m)			
Dominated by willow, some grasses-65% cover	Alder, spruce saplings, willow, grasses, berries, roses-80%			
Ground (< 0.5 m)				
Bare ground-30%	Bare ground-40%			
Small grasses, herbaceous vegetation-70%	Small grasses, moss, berries-60%			

Site Name KB-T1-13s Event Code

 Date
 19 August 2013
 Time
 15:45

 Latitude N
 66.889348
 Longitude W
 154.635693

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Aquatics Data		
Ambient Water Q	uality	Channel Characteristics
Temperature	12.4 °C	Bankfull Width 113 m
Dissolved Oxygen	109.40%	Wetted Width 77 m
Dissolved Oxygen	11.67 mg/L	Thalweg Depth 1.03 m
Conductivity	140.1 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitatio Low
Sp. Cond.	0.184 mS/cm	Stream Gradient < 1% (estimated)

pH 8.31 Stream Stage Low Turbidity 1.21 NTU Water Color Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 177° RB Angle- 172°

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	35
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	50
Sand	0.06-2mm	10
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

LB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	3.85	17	0.12
2	11.55	57	0.72
3	19.25	86	0.77
4	26.95	93	0.83
5	34.65	96	0.63
6	42.35	77	0.57
7	50.05	38	0.55
8	57.75	40	0.65
9	65.45	24	0.79
10	73.15	18	0.6
11	80.85	14	0.63

Comments:

RB

Wetted width measured with range finder, may be a few meters off from actual wetted width (as shown by flow measurements). Increment= 7.7 m. Thalweg was 41 meters from left bank. Photos: 0950 (US), 0951 (DS), 0952 (LB), 0953 (RB), 0955 (Substrate between LB and center), 0956 (LB substrate), 0958 (Center sand substrate)

Site Name KB-T1-13s

Date 19 August 2013 **Latitude N** 66.889348

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Event Code

Time 15:35

Longitude W 154.635693

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect	
Filamentous Algae	2
Macrophytes	0
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1
Live Trees Root	0
Overhanging Vegetation	0
Undercut Bank	0
Boulders	1
Artificial Structures	0

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Beaver activity on right bank

Outisde of transect overhanging vegetation is moderate on right bank only

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)		
Left Bank Right Bank		
Canopy (> 5 m)		
No canopy	One black spruce on high bank- 5%	
Understory ((0.5 - 5 m)	
No understory	Willow, spruce, fireweed, blueberry-50%	
Ground (<	: 0.5 m)	
Bare ground-95% Woody saplings, moss, and small grasses-5%	Bare ground-60% Woody and herbaceous vegetation, blueberry, fireweed-40%	

Site Name HG-T1-13s Event Code

 Date
 20 August 2013
 Time
 12:31

 Latitude N
 66.822889
 Longitude W
 153.989294

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

0.82 NTU

Clay

Aquatics Data			
Ambient Water C	Quality	Channel Characteristi	cs
Temperature	6.8 °C	Bankfull Width	27.5 m
Dissolved Oxygen	98.70%	Wetted Width	9.2 m
Dissolved Oxygen	12.0 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.42 m
Conductivity	71.3 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low
Sp. Cond.	0.109 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	0%
pН	6.69	Stream Stage	Low

Bank Angle Sketches

Water Color

0

Clear

LB Angle- 80° RB Angle- 174°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%		
Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	10
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	40
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	35
Sand	0.06-2mm	15
Silt	0.06-2mm	0

Flow

0.004-0.06 mm

RΒ

Turbidity

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.46	3	0
2	1.38	4	0.01
3	2.3	9	0.15
4	3.22	16	0.32
5	4.14	27	0.36
6	5.06	34	0.25
7	5.98	30	0.43
8	6.9	30	0.47
9	7.82	32	0.37
10	8.74	14	0.31

LB

Comments:

Thalweg about 3 meters from left bank. Visual observation of Arctic Grayling 25 meters downstream of transect. Depth variable due to substrate. Increment-0.92 m

Photos: 0963 (US), 0964 (DS), 0965 (LB), 0966 (RB), 0967 (Center substrate), 0968 (Center substrate), 0969 (Center substrate)

 Site Name
 HG-T1-13s
 Event Code

 Date
 20 August 2013
 Time
 12:31

 Latitude N
 66.822889
 Longitude W
 153.989294

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	2	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	1	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	2	
Live Trees Root	1	
Overhanging Vegetation	2	
Undercut Bank	1	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Heavy periphyton cover all along transect

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)				
Left Bank Right Bank				
Canopy (> 5 m)				
Spruce-20%	No canopy			
Outside 10 meter zone spruce density is				
heavier				
Understory	(0.5 - 5 m)			
Willow, alder, berries, tall grass-80% cover Willow-15%				
Ground (-	< 0.5 m)			
Bare ground-10%	Bare ground-90%			
Moss, small grass, saplings, berries-90%	Small grass, willow, and fireweed-10%			
	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3			

Site Name HG-T2-13MCs

Date 20 August 2013 **Latitude N** 66.820099

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Event Code

Time 13:39

Longitude W 153.990330

Aa	uatics	Data

Ambient Water C	uality	Channel Characterist	ics
Temperature	7.3 °C	Bankfull Width	12.5 m
Dissolved Oxygen	100.60%	Wetted Width	5.6 m
Dissolved Oxygen	12.13 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.84 m
Conductivity	72.2 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low
Sp. Cond.	0.109 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	< 1%
pН	6.87	Stream Stage	Low
Turbidity	1.42 NTU	Water Color	Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 160° RB Angle- 155°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	40
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	40
Sand	0.06-2mm	15
Silt	0.06-2mm	0
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

LB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.28	14	0.01
2	0.84	31	0.12
3	1.4	44	0.18
4	1.96	60	0.2
5	2.52	72	0.22
6	3.08	72	0.29
7	3.64	77	0.3
8	4.2	62	0.24
9	4.76	42	0.12
10	5.32	22	0.06

Comments:

RB

Transect is side channel-island-side channel. 16 Arctic Grayling on right bank of first side channel (GoPro video). Thalweg is 2.65 meters from left bank. Side channel 2-see separate data sheet. Photos: 0970 (US), 0971 (DS), 0972 (LB), 0973 (RB), 0974 (Center substrate), 0975 (RB substrate) 0976 (LB substrate). Increment=0.56 m

Site Name HG-T2-13MCs

Date 20 August 2013

Latitude N 66.820099

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Event Code

Time 13:39

Longitude W 153.990330

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect		
Filamentous Algae	1	
Macrophytes	0	
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0	
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1	
Live Trees Root	1	
Overhanging Vegetation	2	
Undercut Bank	1	
Boulders	1	
Artificial Structures	0	

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyton cover is moderate to heavy

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)				
Left Bank Right Bank				
Canopy (> 5 m)				
No canopy	Willow-40%			
	y (0.5 - 5 m)			
Willow, tall grasses-50%	Tall grasses and willow-50%			
Ground	(< 0.5 m)			
Bare ground-30%	Bare ground-10%			
Small grasses, willow, fireweed, moss-70%	Herbaceous vegetation, small grasses-90%			

Site Name HG-T2-13SCs Event Code

Date 20 August 2013 Time 14:27

Latitude N 66.820099 Longitude W 153.990330

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

		Aquatics Data	
Ambient Water Q	uality	Channel Charact	eristics
Temperature	7.6 °C	Bankfull Width	11.2 m
Dissolved Oxygen	95.30%	Wetted Width	9.4 m
Dissolved Oxygen	11.29 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.53 m
Conductivity	72.7 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	ı Low
Sp. Cond.	0.109 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1%
рН	6.53	Stream Stage	Low
Turbidity	1.45 NTU	Water Color	Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 120° RB Angle- 70°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%			
Diameter	% Composition		
	0		
>256mm (10in)	5		
64-256mm (2.5-10in)	20		
2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	50		
0.06-2mm	25		
0.06-2mm	0		
0.004-0.06 mm	0		
	>256mm (10in) 64-256mm (2.5-10in) 2-64mm (0.1-2.5in) 0.06-2mm 0.06-2mm		

Flow

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.47	4	0
2	1.41	6	0
3	2.35	6	0
4	3.29	26	0.05
5	4.23	22	0.07
6	5.17	29	0.07
7	6.11	30	0.05
8	7.05	27	0.07
9	7.99	33	0.06
10	8.93	48	0.05

RB

Comments:

Flow measurement 3 was on top of gravel mound. Flow measurement 5 was on top of rock. Thalweg is 41 cm from right bank. Photos: 0977 (US), 0978 (DS), 0979 (LB), 0980 (RB), 0981 (Left substrate), 0982 (Left substrate)

Site Name HG-T2-13SCs

Date 20 August 2013

Latitude N 66.820099

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Event Code

Time 14:27

Longitude W 153.990330

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect				
Filamentous Algae	2			
Macrophytes	0			
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0			
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	2			
Live Trees Root	1			
Overhanging Vegetation	2			
Undercut Bank	2			
Boulders	1			
Artificial Structures	0			

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyton moderate cover

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)			
Left Bank	Left Bank Right Bank		
Canopy (> 5 m)			
Spruce, alder-60%	Spruce, alder-50%		
	y (0.5 - 5 m)		
Alder, willow, tall grasses-30%	Willow, tall grasses, alder-50%		
Ground	(< 0.5 m)		
Bare ground-25%	Bare ground-20%		
Moss, herbaceous vegetation, woody shrubs	Moss, small grasses, herbaceous vegetation,		
(small alder and willow)- 75%	woody shrubs (willow and rose)- 80%		

Site Name HJ-T1-13s Event Code

 Date
 18 August 2013
 Time
 15:05

 Latitude N
 67.040438
 Longitude W
 153.591748

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Aquatics Data

Ambient Water Quality Channel Characteristics			
Temperature	9.2 °C	Bankfull Width	39.2 m
Dissolved Oxygen	103.30%	Wetted Width	11.15 m
Dissolved Oxygen	11.74 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.92 m
Conductivity	156.5 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low
Sp. Cond.	0.224 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	<1%
pН	7.67	Stream Stage	Low

Turbidity 5.6 NTU Water Color Clear/Glacial Low Turbidity

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 177° RB Angle- 80°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	5
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	30
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	0
Sand	0.06-2mm	40
Silt	0.06-2mm	25
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0

Flow

LB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.55	10	0
2	1.65	17	0.02
3	2.75	32	0.03
4	3.85	52	0.13
5	4.95	72	0.26
6	6.05	82	0.36
7	7.15	88	0.27
*8	8.25	88	0.27
9	9.35	88	0.24
10	10.45	68	0.5

RB

Comments:

Sinusodal river. Thalweg is 7.7 meters from right bank.

Photos: 0910 (US), 0911 (DS), 0912 (LB), 0913 (RB), 0914 (Left bank substrate)

Site Name HJ-T1-13s Event Code

 Date
 18 August 2013
 Time
 15:05

 Latitude N
 67.040438
 Longitude W
 153.591748

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect				
Filamentous Algae	1			
Macrophytes	0			
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	1			
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	2			
Live Trees Root	0			
Overhanging Vegetation	1			
Undercut Bank	1			
Boulders	1			
Artificial Structures	0			

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heawy (40-75%) 4=Very Heawy (>75%)

Comments:

Periphyton mixed with silt = Heavy (greater than 40%)

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)				
Left Bank	Right Bank			
Canopy (> 5 m)				
No canopy	Spruce and alder-20% (more alder than			
	spruce)			
Understory	(0.5 - 5 m)			
Willow-25%	Alder,some willow, tall grass-75%			
Ground (<	< 0.5 m)			
Small willow-20%	Bare ground-10%			
Bare gravel and cobble-80%	Herbaceous vegetation, small grasses,			
	moss, blueberries, and roses-90%			

 Site Name
 HJ-T2-13s
 Event Code

 Date
 18 August 2013
 Time
 16:18

 Latitude N
 67.038627
 Longitude W
 153.592427

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Aquatics Data				
Ambient Water	Quality	Channel Characteristics		
Temperature	10.3 °C	Bankfull Width 19.3 m		
Dissolved Oxyger	n 106.10%	Wetted Width 10.5 m		
Dissolved Oxyger	n 11.74 mg/L	Thalweg Depth 0.81 m		
Conductivity	161.7 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation Low		
Sp. Cond.	0.224 mS/cm	Stream Gradient <1%		
рН	7.84	Stream Stage Low		
Turbidity	4.55 NTU	Water Color Mostly Clear		

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 175° RB Angle- 105°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%				
Туре	Diameter	% Composition		
Bedrock		0		
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	30		
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	40		
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	20		
Sand	0.06-2mm	5		
Silt	0.06-2mm	5		
Clay	0.004-0.06 mm	0		

Flow

LB			

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.52	8	0.16
2	1.57	26	0.4
3	2.62	39	0.46
4	3.67	59	0.29
5	4.72	63	0.38
6	5.77	78	0.36
7	6.82	68	0.44
*8	7.87	30	0.56
9	8.92	20	0.35
10	9.97	32	0.07

Comments:

RB

Thalweg is 5.57 meters from left bank, shortly before flow measurement number 6. Increment= 1.05 m * Measurement taken on top of boulder. Photos: 0915 (US), 0916 (DS), 0917 (LB), 0918 (RB), 0919 (Substrate at LB with JCS boot), 0920 (Substrate in center-boulders), 0921 (Substrate in center)

Site Name HJ-T2-13s

Date 18 August 2013 **Latitude N** 67.038627

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Event Code

Time 16:18

Longitude W 153.592427

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect			
Filamentous Algae	1		
Macrophytes	0		
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0		
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1		
Live Trees Root	0		
Overhanging Vegetation	1		
Undercut Bank	1		
Boulders	2		
Artificial Structures	0		

0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

Comments:

Boulders highly moderate

Heavy periphyton mixed with silt cover

Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)						
Left Bank	Right Bank					
Canopy (> 5 m)					
No canopy	All spruce-35% cover					
Understory (0.5 - 5 m)					
Mostly willow and some spruce-20% cover	Dense with willow, herbaceous vegetation, spruce saplings, blueberry, and rose-almost total cover					
Ground (<	0.5 m)					
Bare ground (gravel and cobble)-65% Small grass-35%	Bare ground-5% Moss, small grass, berries, and rose-95%					

Site Name HJ-T3-13s

Date 18 August 2013

Latitude N 67.039417

Observers JCS,SDG,LIM

Event Code

Time 17:05

Longitude W 153.590255

Aquatics Data

Ambient Water Quality		Channel Characteris	tics
Temperature	11.0 °C	Bankfull Width	24.2 m
Dissolved Oxygen	106.40%	Wetted Width	10.9 m
Dissolved Oxygen	11.64 mg/L	Thalweg Depth	0.69 m
Conductivity	164.6 uS/cm	48 hr. Precipitation	Low
Sp. Cond.	0.225 mS/cm	Stream Gradient	1%
рН	7.75	Stream Stage	Low
Turbidity	3.71 NTU	Water Color	Clear

Bank Angle Sketches

LB Angle- 175° RB Angle- 90°

Substrate (inorganic) = 100%

Туре	Diameter	% Composition
Bedrock		0
Boulder	>256mm (10in)	10
Cobble	64-256mm (2.5-10in)	50
Gravel	2-64mm (0.1-2.5in)	20
Sand	0.06-2mm	0
Silt	0.06-2mm	20
Clay	0.004-0.06mm	0

Flow

RB

#	Width (m)	Depth (cm)	Flow (m/s)
1	0.55	3	0
2	1.64	19	0.01
3	2.73	31	-0.01
4	3.82	52	-0.01
5	4.91	52	0.11
6	6	60	0.36
7	7.09	68	0.61
8	8.18	68	0.83
9	9.27	68	1.03
10	10.36	58	0.2

Comments:

LB

Increment=1.09 m. Thalweg was 3.22 meters from left bank

Photos: 0922 (US), 0923 (DS), 0924 (LB), 0925 (RB)

Site Name HJ-T3-13s

18 August 2013

Event Code

Date Latitude N

10 / tagast 2010

Time 17:05

Latitude N 67.039417 **Observers** JCS,SDG,LIM **Longitude W** 153.590255

Channel Cover in Stream Transect

Cover in Transect						
Filamentous Algae	0					
Macrophytes	0					
Woody Debris (Big) >0.3m	0					
Brush/Woody Debris (Small) <0.3m	1					
Live Trees Root	0					
Overhanging Vegetation	1					
Undercut Bank	0					
Boulders	1					
Artificial Structures	0					

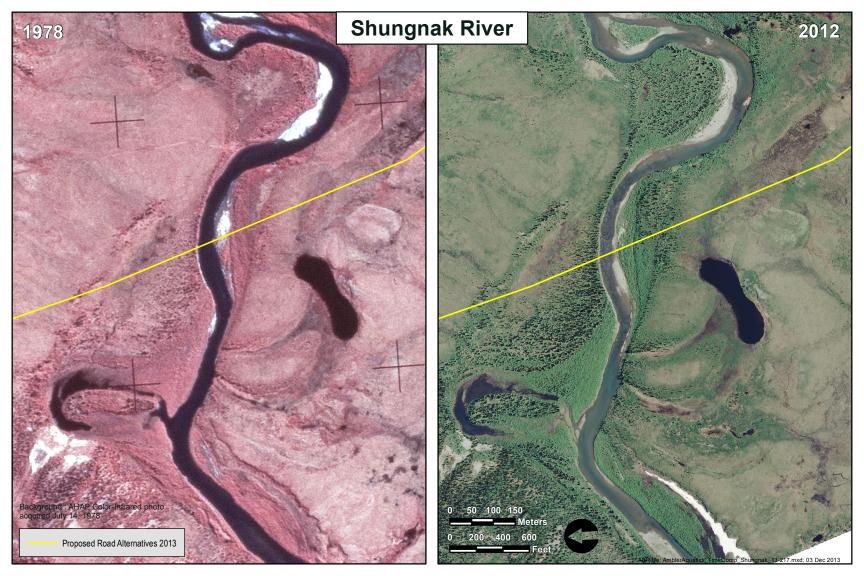
0 = Absent 1 = Sparse (<10%) 2=Moderate (10-40%) 3=Heavy (40-75%) 4=Very Heavy (>75%)

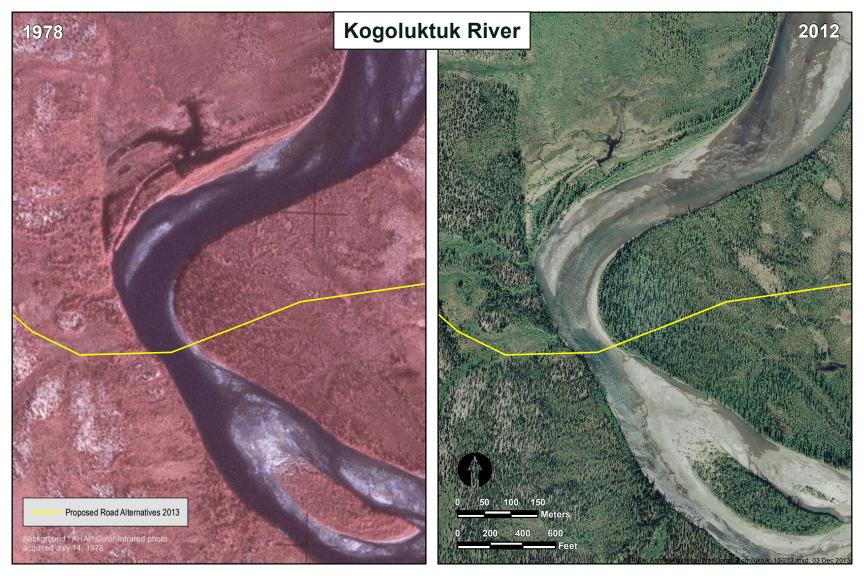
Comments:

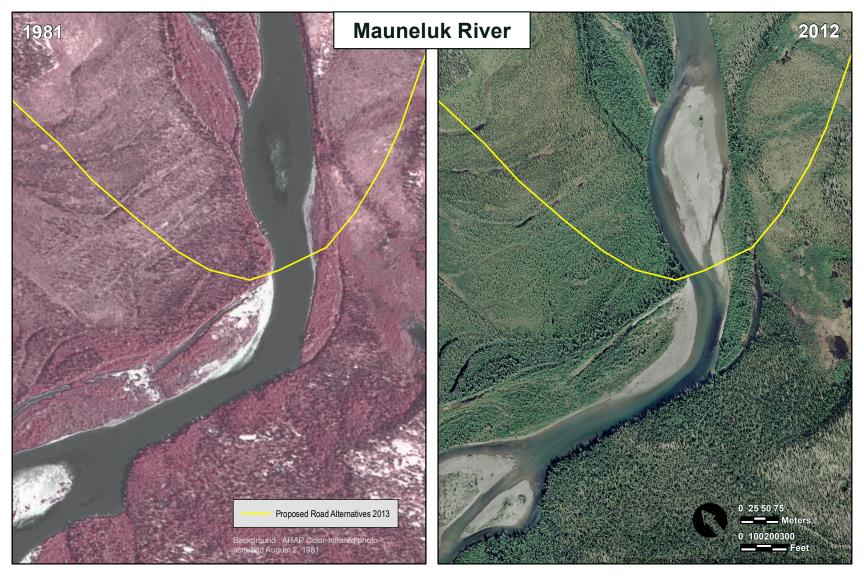
Periphyton = heavy (mixed with silt)

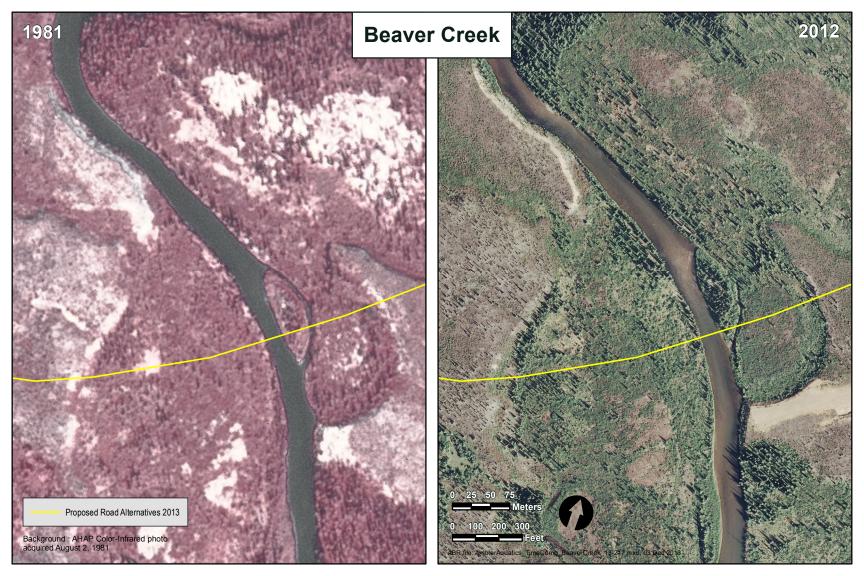
Riparian Vegetation (percentage and type 10 meters from bank)							
Left Bank	Right Bank						
Canopy (> 5 m)						
Spruce-40%	No canopy						
Understory (
Willow, alder, blueberry, and spruce-70%	Willow and tall grass-10%						
Ground (<	0.5 m)						
Bare ground-0% Grasses, herbs, and willow-100%	Bare ground-95% Small grasses-5%						

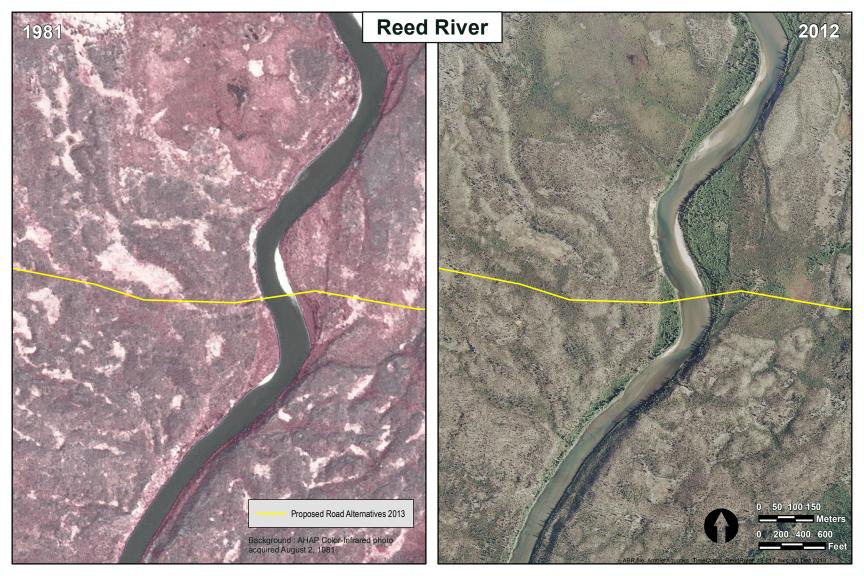
Appendix C.	A comparison of stream corrido from 2012 of waterbodies traver	or aerial imagery from 197	78–1982 versus imagery
	nom 2012 of wateroodies trave.	ised by the brooks East C	omuoi, Aiaska.
ARR Inc		C-1	Stream Habitat Surveys

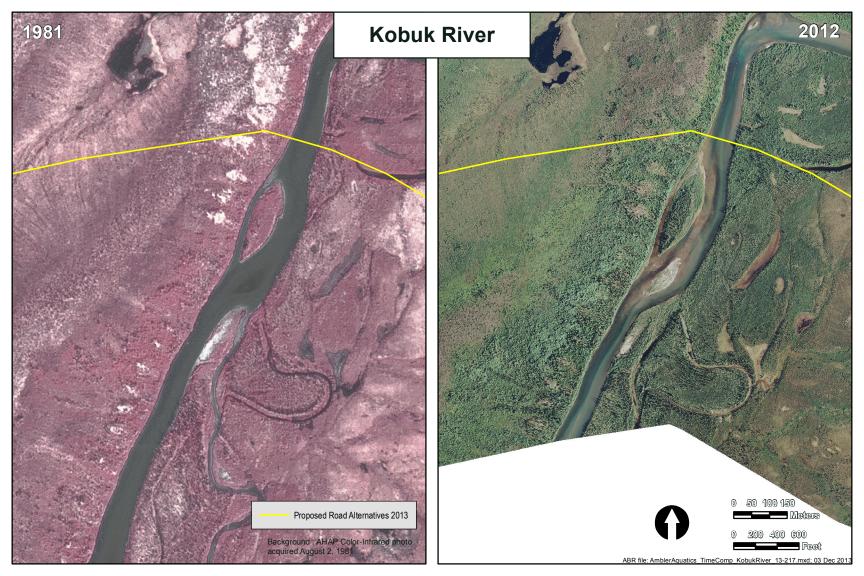


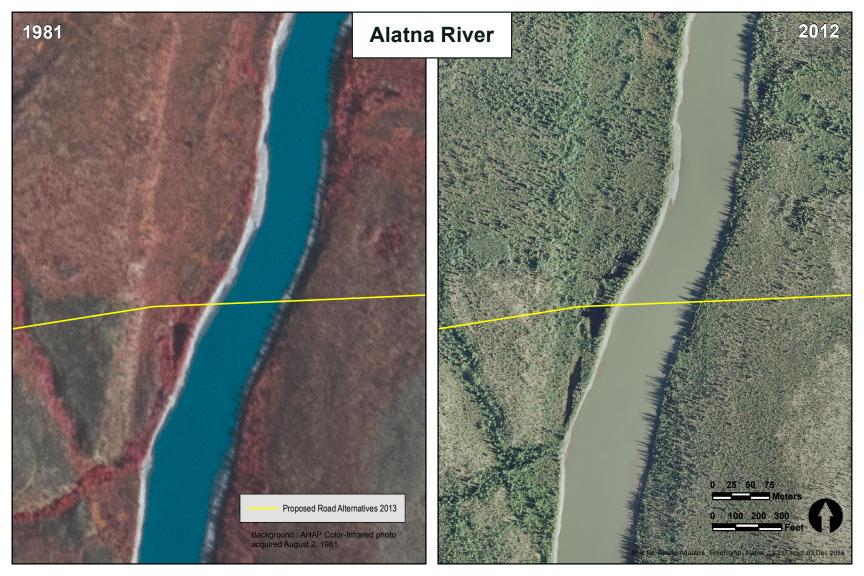


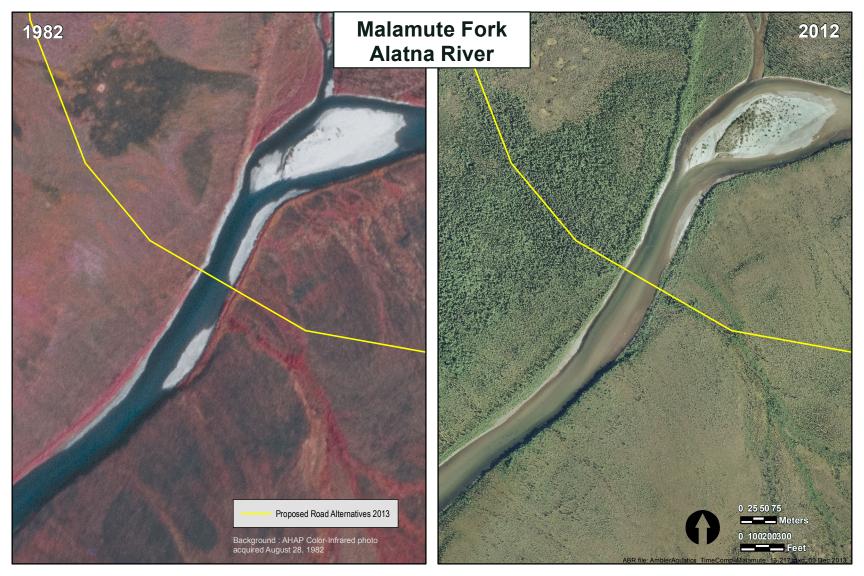


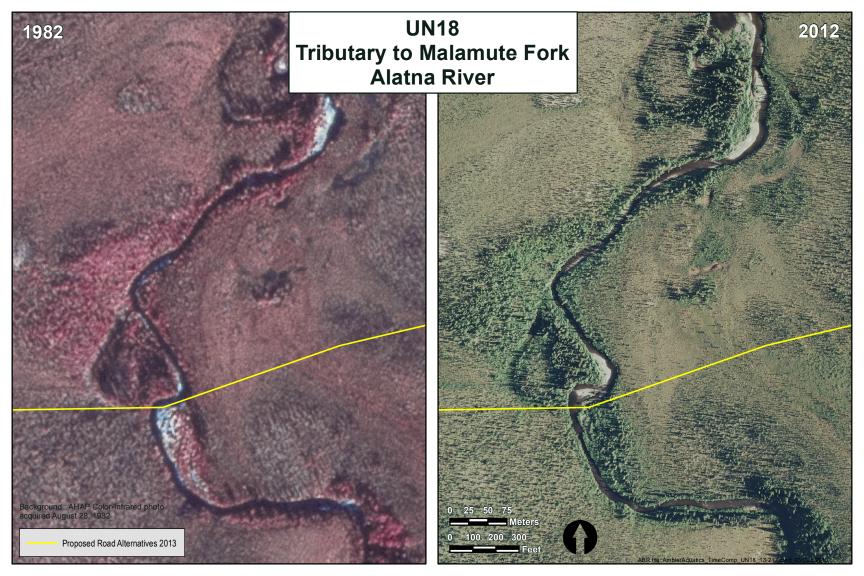


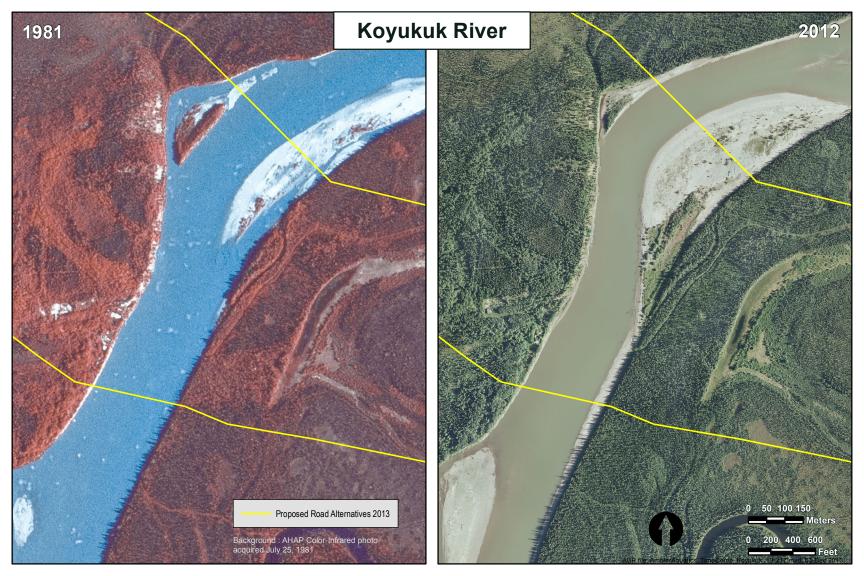


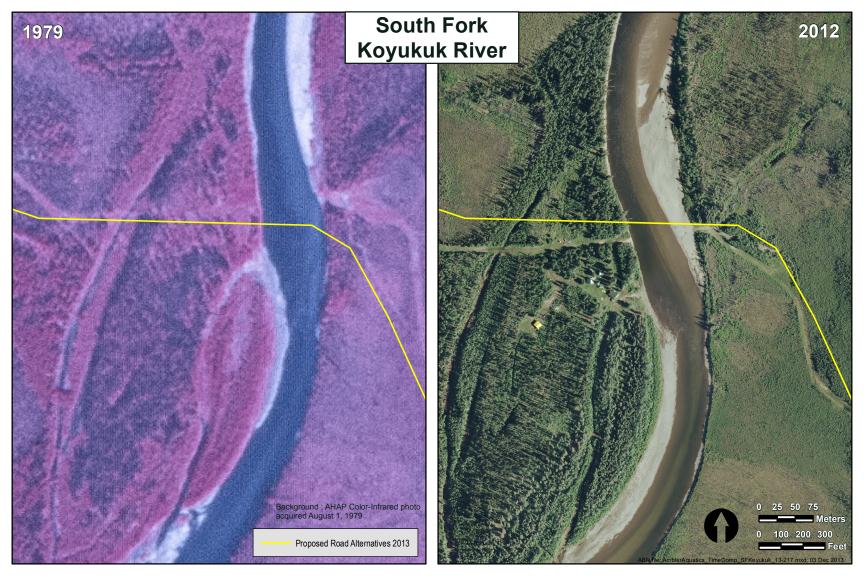


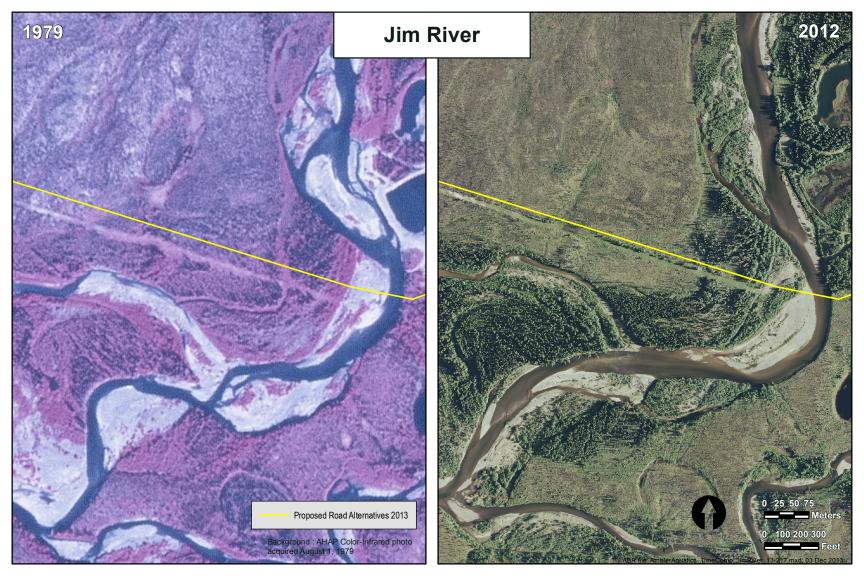


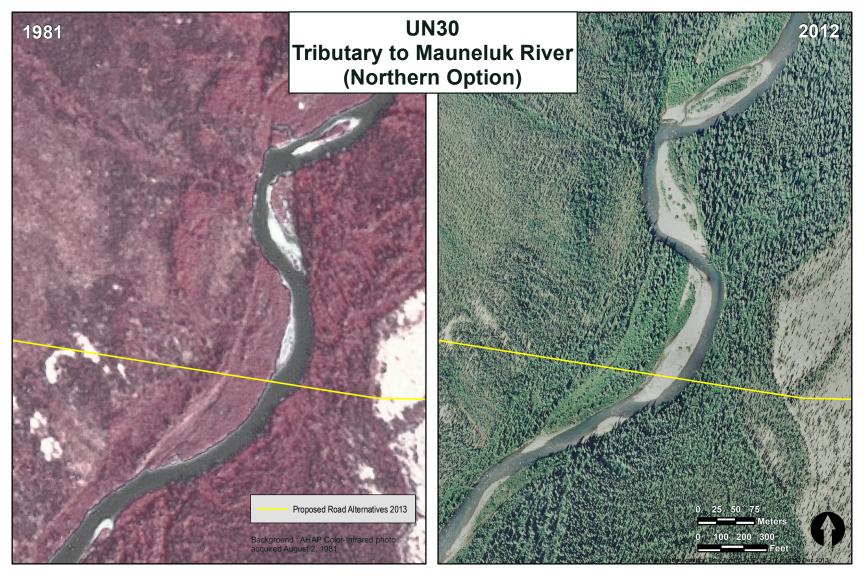




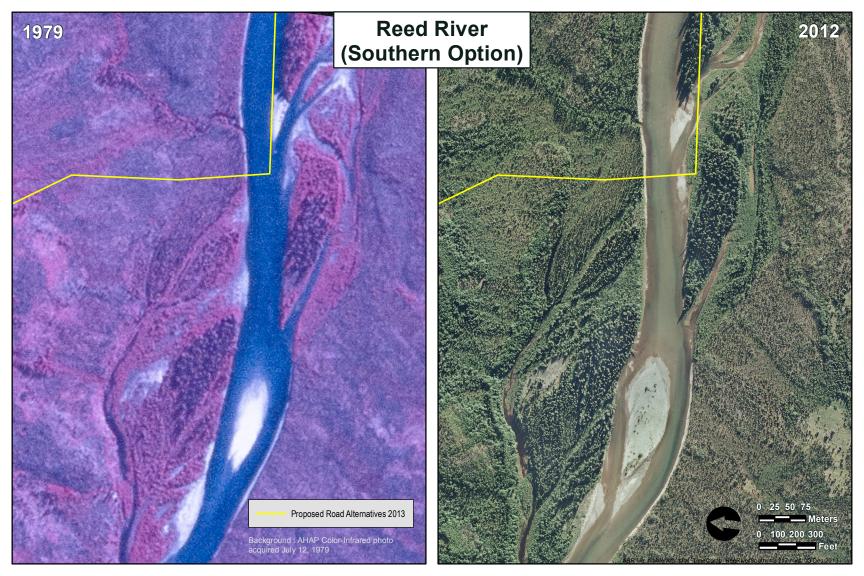


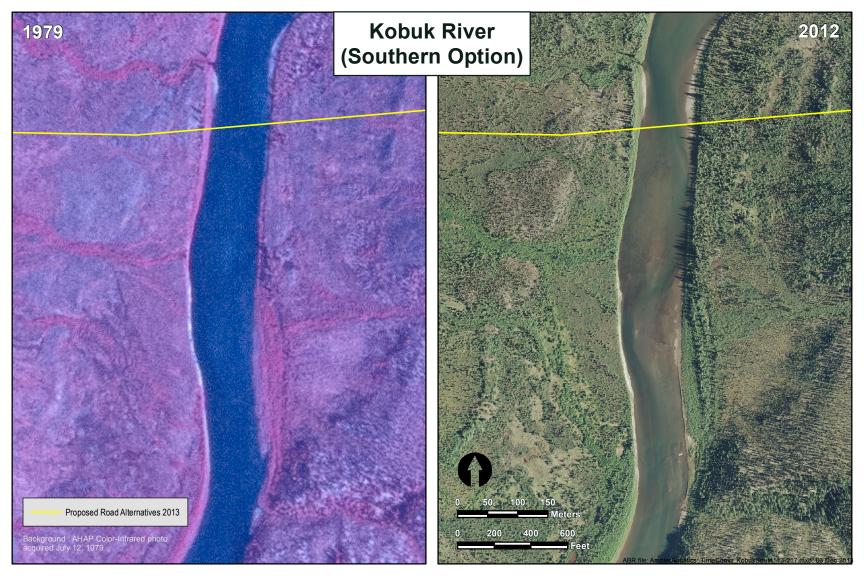


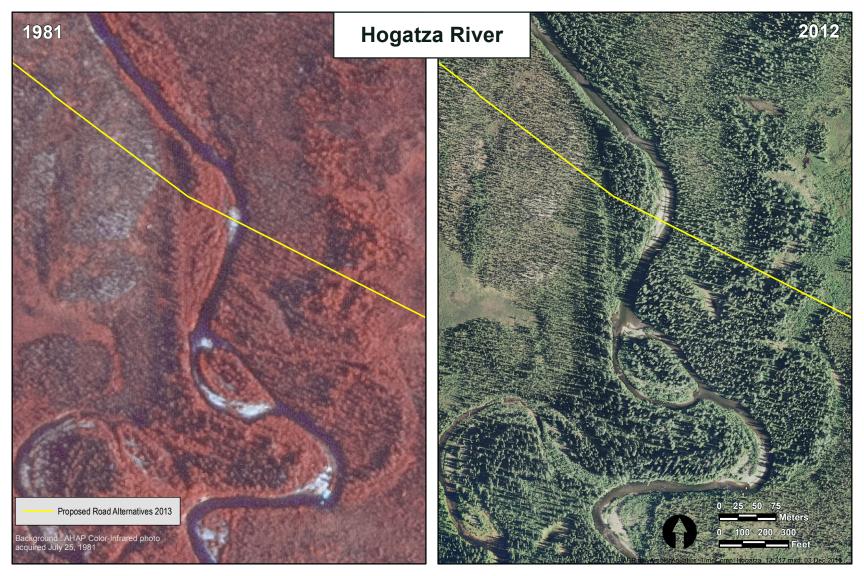


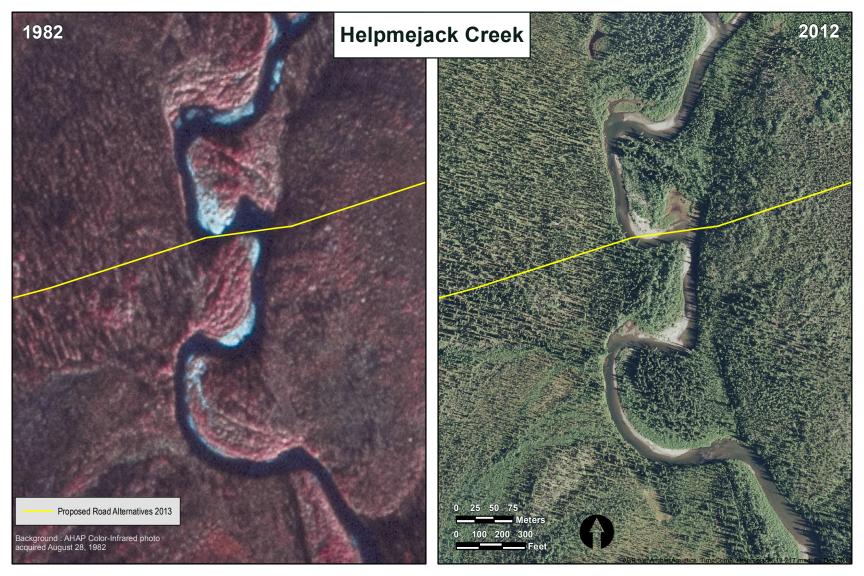












Appendix D. Ambient water chemistry collected at habitat survey transects located on waterbodies traversed by the Brooks East Corridor, Alaska, August 2013.

Transect	Waterbody	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°W)	Date	Temperature (°C)	DO (%)	DO (mg/L)	Conductivity (μS/cm)	Specific Conductance (mS/cm)	рН	Turbidity (NTU)
SH-T1-13	Shungnak River	67.120893	-156.98513	8/12/2013	9.5	100	11.32	115.3	0.164	6.58	1.92
SH-T2-13	Shungnak River	67.120226	-156.97909	8/12/2013	9.9	102.1	11.51	115.7	0.162	7.95	1.71
SH-T3-13	Shungnak River	67.117791	-156.96872	8/12/2013	10.5	106.9	11.92	116.7	0.161	7.57	1.79
KG-T1-13	Kogoluktuk River	67.016932	-156.69449	8/13/2013	11.3	103.9	11.35	195.2	0.264	7.83	0.99
KG-T2-13	Kogoluktuk River	67.018092	-156.68706	8/13/2013	12.3	106.1	11.35	200.7	0.265	8.11	0.89
MN-T1-13	Mauneluk River	67.008356	-156.0743	8/13/2013	11.1	110.3	12.07	151.6	0.206	7.73	1.14
MN-T2-13	Mauneluk River	67.016628	-156.0547	8/13/2013	11.9	110.4	11.9	155.9	0.208	7.71	0.95
BV-T1-13	Beaver Creek	67.021206	-155.15079	8/14/2013	8.7	100.5	11.66	126.9	0.184	7.86	0.86
BV-T2-13	Beaver Creek	67.023342	-155.158	8/14/2013	9.1	102.7	11.78	128.6	0.184	7.79	0.74
RD-T1-13	Reed River	67.035785	-154.83514	8/15/2013	8.1	103	12.13	81.1	0.12	6.72	1.13
KB-T1-13	Kobuk River	67.012346	-154.36742	8/15/2013	10.6	106.5	11.84	142.2	0.196	7.45	0.68
AL-T2-13	Alatna River	67.077422	-153.3279	8/17/2013	12.5	103.1	10.97	355.8	0.467	7.83	5.47
MF-T1-13	Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.06431	-153.17605	8/17/2013	12.6	108.1	11.4	273.2	0.357	8.3	0.98
UN18-T1-13	Unnamed tributary to Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.091882	-152.73017	8/16/2013	12.2	102.3	10.96	116.5	0.154	7.33	1.63
UN18-T2-13	Unnamed tributary to Malamute Fork Alatna River	67.090632	-152.72893	8/16/2013	12.5	100.6	10.76	117.1	0.154	7.47	1.92
SF-T1-13	South Fork Koyukuk River	66.846855	-151.09734	8/22/2013	10.5	102.7	11.42	180.8	0.25	7.89	1.14
JM-T1-13	Jim River	66.793188	-150.73218	8/22/2013	6.4	105.5	13	53.6	0.083	7.04	1.35
UN30-T1-13n	Unnamed tributary to Mauneluk River	67.060008	-156.03064	8/21/2013	5.8	103.2	12.79	140	0.221	7.95	0.72
MN-T1-13n	Mauneluk River	67.051217	-155.76514	8/21/2013	8.3	106.4	12.47	171.3	0.251	7.67	0.63
RD-T1-13s	Reed River	66.886494	-154.83768	8/19/2013	9.1	106.7	12.24	94.1	0.135	7.56	3.11
RD-T2-13s	Reed River	66.887137	-154.83486	8/19/2013	8.7	102.8	11.93	91.4	0.133	7.55	2.27
KB-T1-13s	Kobuk River	66.889348	-154.63569	8/19/2013	12.4	109.4	11.67	140.1	0.184	8.31	1.21
HG-T1-13s	Hogatza River	66.822889	-153.98929	8/20/2013	6.8	98.7	12	71.3	0.109	6.69	0.82

Transect	Waterbody	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°W)	Date	Temperature (°C)	DO (%)	DO (mg/L)	Conductivity (µS/cm)	Specific Conductance (mS/cm)	рН	Turbidity (NTU)
HG-T2-13MC	s Hogatza River	66.820099	-153.99033	8/20/2013	7.3	100.6	12.13	72.2	0.109	6.87	1.42
HG-T2-13SCs	Hogatza River	66.820099	-153.99033	8/20/2013	7.6	95.3	11.29	72.7	0.109	6.53	1.45
HJ-T1-13s	Helpmejack Creek	67.040438	3-153.59175	8/18/2013	9.2	103.3	11.74	156.5	0.224	7.67	5.6
HJ-T2-13s	Helpmejack Creek	67.038627	7-153.59243	8/18/2013	10.3	106.1	11.74	161.7	0.224	7.84	4.55
HJ-T3-13s	Helpmejack Creek	67.039417	7-153.59026	8/18/2013	11	106.4	11.64	164.6	0.225	7.75	3.71